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REPORT ON THE CONSERVATION STATUS OF  
Howellia aquatilis, A CANDIDATE THREATENED SPECIES

Taxon name: Howellia aquatilis A. Gray  
Common name: Water Howellia  
Family: Campanulaceae  
States where taxon occurs: U.S.A., Idaho, Montana, Washington;  
historical in California, Oregon  
Current federal status: USFWS Notice of Review,  
Category 2  
Recommended federal status: USFWS Notice of Review,  
Category 1  
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Original date of report: 28 November 1988  
Date of most recent revision: N/A  
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## I. SPECIES INFORMATION

### 1. Classification and nomenclature.

#### A. Species.

##### 1. Scientific name.

- a. Binomial: Howellia aquatilis A. Gray.
- b. Full bibliographic citation: Gray, A. 1879. Proc. Am. Acad. 15: 43-44.

c. Type specimen: Oregon, Multnomah County, Sauvie's Island, 1879, Thomas & Joseph Howell 137, GH.

2. Pertinent synonyms: None.

3. Common name: Water Howellia.

4. Taxon codes: PDCAM0A010 (The Nature Conservancy); 4886, HOWAQU (U.S. Forest Service, Region 1); NT.L72 (Washington Natural Heritage Program; California Nongame-Heritage Program); HOAQ (Garrison *et al.* 1976; Soil Conservation Service 1982).

5. Size of genus: Monotypic genus.

#### B. Family classification.

1. Family name: Campanulaceae.

2. Pertinent family synonyms: None.

3. Common names for family: Harebell Family, Bellflower Family.

#### C. Major plant group: Dicotyledoneae.

D. History of knowledge of taxon: Howellia aquatilis was first collected in May, 1879, by two early Oregon botanists, Thomas and Joseph Howell. The initial discovery was made in a slough on Sauvie's Island, along the Columbia River near Portland. The initially collected material included only submergent, cleistogamous flowers. They returned to a nearby area in August of that year, and collected material bearing well-developed, emergent, chasmogamous flowers. The specimens were determined to represent a new genus and species by Asa Gray, and it was described in the same year (Gray 1879).

Subsequent collections were made in Mendocino County, California in 1928 (Smith and Berg 1988); Clackamas (1892), Marion (1926, 1928), and Multnomah (1879, 1881, 1885, 1886) counties, Oregon (Oregon Natural Heritage Data Base); Clark (1980), Mason (1937),

and Spokane (1983, 1986, 1987) counties, Washington (Washington Natural Heritage Program); and Kootenai (1892) and Latah (1988) counties, Idaho. The first collection in Montana was made in 1978 by Bruce McCune (McCune 1982), when it was found in the Swan Valley in Missoula County. Further surveys (1983-1986) in the Swan Valley, primarily by John Pierce and Peter Lesica, revealed the presence of 15 additional populations, from three sites within the drainage.

In 1987, the Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) was contracted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (the Service), with funds appropriated under Section 6 of the Endangered Species Act, to conduct a status survey of Howellia aquatilis in Montana (Project Agreement SE-4-P-1). In June-July 1987, field surveys were conducted by the first author, with assistance from Lisa Campbell, Anne Morley, and Peter Lesica; further surveys were also conducted in July 1988. Surveys were completed in the Swan and Clearwater River drainages, Lake and Missoula Counties, Montana. Surveys in Idaho were conducted in 1988 by the second author, also under Section 6 sponsorship.

Of the 16 Montana populations of Howellia aquatilis which were initially recorded by the MTNHP prior to the start of the surveys, ten of these were monitored during the 1987 surveys; six others were not revisited. Thirty-six new populations were located; collections were made at 18 of these, and the remaining 18 were recorded as sight records. In 1988, three additional populations were found, and collections were made from them. In Idaho, one recently observed population was verified, but no new populations were located. All data and photos are from 1987 and 1988, except where noted.

- E. **Comments on current alternative taxonomic treatments:** There are no known current alternative taxonomic treatments.
- 2. **Present legal or other formal status.**
  - A. **International:** None.
  - B. **National.**
    - 1. **United States.**
      - a. **Present designated or proposed legal protection or regulation:** U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service: Currently, the species is included in Category 2 of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Notice of Review (U.S. Department of Interior 1985), under consideration for federal listing as a threatened species. Category 2 taxa are those "...for which information now in possession of the Service indicates that proposing to list them as endangered or threatened species is possibly appropriate, but for which substantial data on biological vulnerability and threat(s) are not

currently known or on file to support the immediate preparation of rules."

- b. Other current formal status recommendations: The species is currently listed as "endangered throughout range" (global rank = G2) by The Nature Conservancy.
- c. Review of past status: The species was originally placed in Category 2 in 1980 (U.S. Department of Interior 1980).

C. State.

1. California.

- a. Present designated or proposed legal protection or regulation: Howellia aquatilis is included on List 1A (plants presumed extinct in California) in the California Native Plant Society inventory of rare and endangered vascular plants; all of the plants in this category are eligible for state listing (Smith and Berg 1988). However, the species currently has no state listing status (California Department of Fish and Game 1988).
- b. Other current formal status recommendations: As described above.
- c. Review of past status: Placed on List 1A in the California Native Plant Society inventory, as defined above (Smith and York 1984).

2. Idaho.

- a. Present designated or proposed legal protection or regulation: None.
- b. Other current formal status recommendations: The species is listed as "endangered" (in danger of becoming extinct or extirpated in the state within the foreseeable future, if identifiable factors contributing to its decline continue to operate) by the Idaho Natural Heritage Program.
- c. Review of past status: Although the Idaho population was unknown to him at the time, Brunsfeld (1983) recommended that Howellia aquatilis be placed on the "Federal Watch List."

3. Montana.

- a. Present designated or proposed legal protection or regulation: None.

b. Other current formal status recommendations: The species is currently listed as "endangered in Montana" (state rank = S2) by the MTNHP (Shelly 1988).

c. Review of past status: Previously listed as "recommended endangered" by the Montana Rare Plant Project (Lesica *et al.* 1984).

4. Oregon.

a. Present designated or proposed legal protection or regulation: Howellia aquatilis is a candidate for potential state listing under the 1987 Oregon Endangered Species Act (R. Meinke, Oregon Department of Agriculture, pers. comm.).

b. Other current formal status recommendations: The species is currently included on List 1 (taxa endangered throughout range), and is considered possibly extirpated from the state (Oregon Natural Heritage Data Base 1987).

c. Review of past status: Formerly listed in Group IIb (known from only a few widely disjunct populations), and considered rare and endangered in Oregon (Siddall *et al.* 1979).

5. Washington.

a. Present designated or proposed legal protection or regulation: None.

b. Other current formal status recommendations: The species is currently included on the list of endangered plant taxa (in danger of becoming extinct or extirpated in the state within the near future if factors contributing to its decline continue; Washington Natural Heritage Program 1987).

c. Review of past status: None known.

3. Description.

A. General nontechnical description: Howellia aquatilis is a strictly aquatic species, which grows as a mostly submerged plant rooted in the bottom sediments of the ponds and sloughs to which it is adapted. Later in the season, it can sometimes be found persisting in the muck on the edges of these areas as they dry out. It is an annual, completing its entire life cycle in one growing season, and becoming inconspicuous upon desiccation of its habitat at the end of the summer. The stems are branched several inches from the base, and each branch then extends to the surface of the water. The numerous leaves are an inch or two long and very narrow.

Howellia aquatilis produces two types of flowers. Along the stem beneath the water surface, small flowers form which do not develop a conspicuous corolla (floral tube). However, as the branches reach the surface, more conspicuous flowers develop above the water. These emergent flowers are white, have five lobes on one side of the corolla, and are about  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch across. Both types of flowers give rise to thin-walled fruits which are an inch or more long, and which contain one to five or so large, shiny brown seeds which can be about  $\frac{1}{8}$  inch long.

In Idaho and Washington, emergent flowers are evident in May. In Montana, the emergent flowers are in bloom from late June to August. The actual duration of the plants and flowers may be longer in certain cases, depending on the rate of drying of the habitat.

- B. **Technical description:** Flaccid annual, aquatic herb, mostly submergent, often with emergent branches; plants naked below, branched above; whole plant glabrous, green, about 10-60 cm. (4-24 in.) tall, occasionally taller; leaves numerous, alternate, or some of them subopposite or whorled in threes, linear or linear-filiform, entire or nearly so, 1-5 cm. (0.4-2 in.) long, up to 1.5 mm. (0.06 in.) wide; flowers white, mostly 3-10, axillary, often scattered, pedicellate or subsessile, both petaliferous (when emergent) or much reduced and inconspicuous (when submerged), the fully-developed corollas about 2-2.7 mm (0.08-0.11 in.) long, irregular, with the tubes deeply cleft dorsally, and five-lobed; filaments and anthers connate, two of the anthers shorter than the others; calyx lobes 1.5-7 mm. (0.06-0.28 in.) long; stout pedicels 1-4 (8) mm. (0.04-0.16 (0.3) in.) long, merging gradually with the base of the capsule; ovary unilocular, with parietal placentation; stigma 2-lobed; fruit 5-13 mm. (0.2-0.5 in.) long, 1-2 mm. (0.04-0.08 in.) thick, irregularly dehiscent by the rupture of the very thin lateral walls; seeds large, 2-4 mm. (0.08-0.16 in.) long, 5 or fewer, shiny brown (adapted from Hitchcock *et al.* 1959; Dorn 1984).

- C. **Local field characters:** Howellia aquatilis is the only member of the Campanulaceae in Montana which is strictly aquatic. Downingia laeta can occur in wet places in meadows or on the edges of ponds, but is distinguishable by its light blue or purplish flowers marked with white or yellow; it was not observed in the Swan Valley during field surveys. Heterocodon rariflorum, a species of moist areas in Lake and Ravalli counties, has regular, blue flowers. The annual habit, distinctive habitat, and irregular white flowers of H. aquatilis thus serve to distinguish it from all other members of the family in northwestern Montana.

An unrelated species which is vegetatively similar to H. aquatilis, and which is frequently found growing with it, is Callitricha heterophylla (Callitrichaceae). However, the submergent linear leaves of this species are most often opposite (only rarely whorled), and the floating leaves are broadly

obovate. In addition, the flowers of C. heterophylla are axillary, very inconspicuous, and do not have a corolla.

- D. Identifying characteristics of material which is in interstate or international commerce or trade: No interstate or international commerce or trade known.
- E. Photographs and line drawings: Figure 1 provides a copy of the illustration of this species, adapted from Meinke (1982). The color slides (p. 8) are duplicates of those taken at the sites indicated. Additional slides from other locations in Montana are housed at the MTNHP office in Helena.

#### 4. Significance.

- A. Natural: As a monotypic genus, H. aquatilis is taxonomically unique. The only genus which seems closely related to Howellia is Legenere. The latter is also monotypic, consisting only of the species L. limosa, and occurs in dried beds of vernal pools in the Central Valley of California (Munz 1959). Recent electrophoretic studies (Lesica *et al.* 1988) indicate that there is no genetic variation either within or among populations of H. aquatilis; this is also unique, especially considering its wide geographic distribution pattern. However, lack of genetic variation is often correlated with the narrow ecological amplitude possessed by species such as H. aquatilis (Waller *et al.* 1987). Howellia aquatilis has thus provided a valuable subject for conservation biology studies. Otherwise, the species is not known to have any peculiar adaptations or structures, or roles in stabilizing landforms. Obligate relationships with other species are unknown.
- B. Human: As discussed, H. aquatilis would be of scientific significance in studies addressing its systematic relationships and isolation, and has been an important subject in conservation biology research. Otherwise, the species has no known agricultural, economic, horticultural, or other human uses or significance at this time.

#### 5. Geographical distribution.

- A. Geographical range: Howellia aquatilis is currently known from a total of 13 sites: one in Idaho (Latah County); three in Washington (Clark and Spokane counties; J. Gamon, pers. comm.); and nine in Montana (Lake and Missoula counties). It is historically known from one collection in California (Mendocino County; Smith and Berg 1988), four locations in northwestern Oregon (Clackamas, Marion and Multnomah counties; S. Vrilakas, pers. comm.), one location in Washington (Mason County; J. Gamon, pers. comm.), and one collection from northern Idaho (Kootenai County). The range is indicated in Figure 2, p. 9.

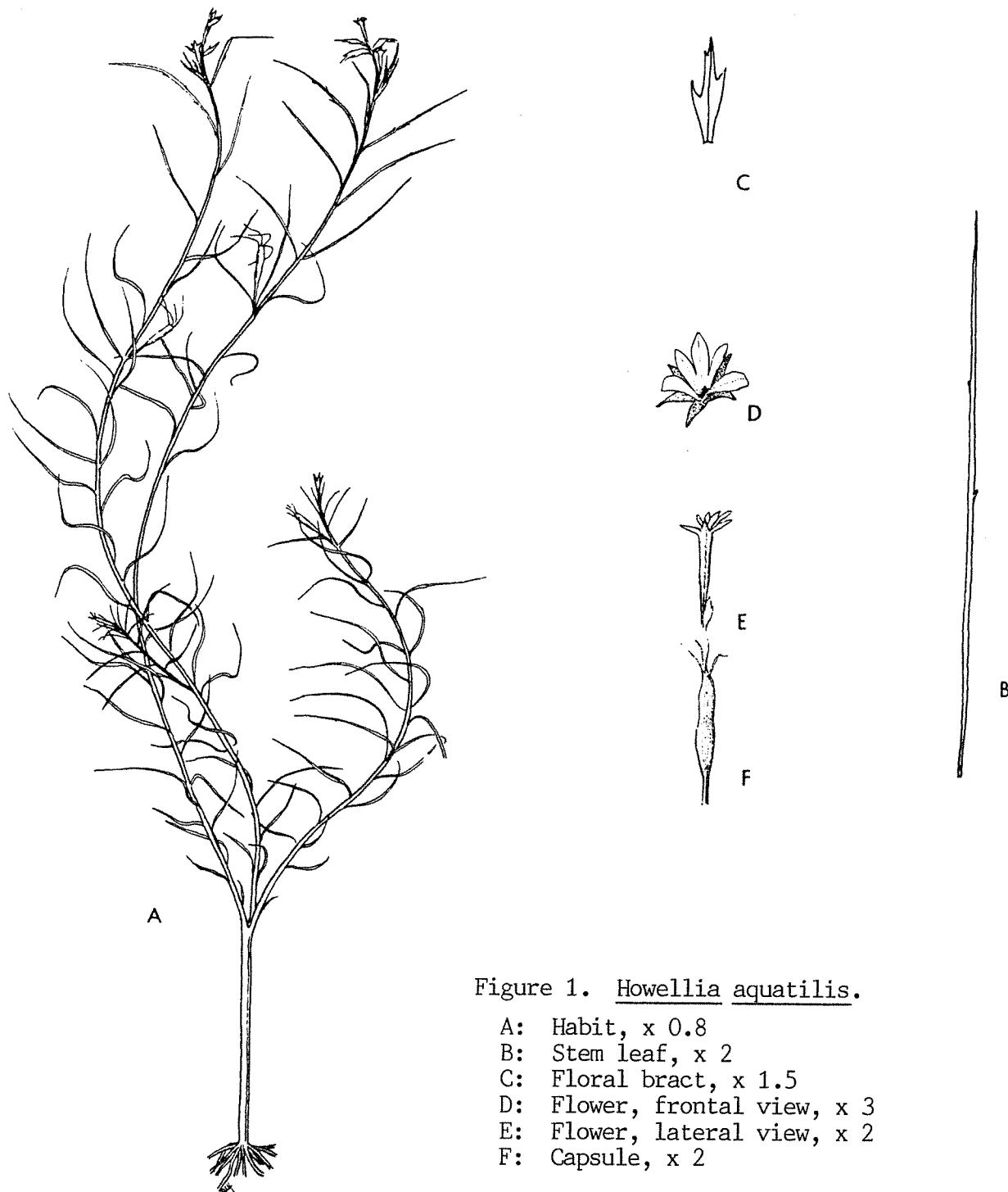


Figure 1. Howellia aquatilis.

- A: Habit, x 0.8
- B: Stem leaf, x 2
- C: Floral bract, x 1.5
- D: Flower, frontal view, x 3
- E: Flower, lateral view, x 2
- F: Capsule, x 2

From Meinke (1982).

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

7/1/87



SWAN RIVER WEST  
(#Φ7)

STEVE SHELLY

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

7/1/87



SWAN RIVER WEST  
(#Φ7)

STEVE SHELLY

HOWEI  
MON.

8



LINDBERGH LAKE  
(#44)

TILIS  
STEVE SHELLY

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

7/1/87



STEVE SHELLY

SWAN RIVER WEST  
(#Φ7)

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

7/8/87



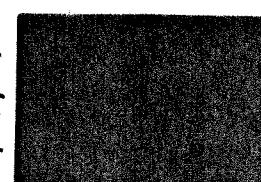
STEVE SHELLY

LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK  
(#Φ8)

ANDY KRATZ

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

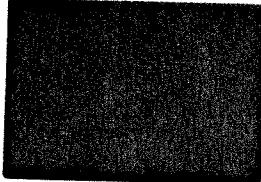
9/19/87



LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK  
(#Φ8)- DRIED HABITAT

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

7/30/87



STEVE SHELLY

LINDBERGH LAKE  
(#Φ1)

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

7/12/87



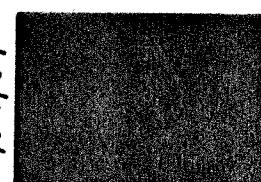
STEVE SHELLY

CONDON CREEK  
(#27)

STEVE SHELLY

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
MONTANA

7/29/87



LINDBERGH LAKE  
(#44)

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
IDAHO

6/14/88



BOB MOSELEY

HARVARD POND  
(#Φ1)

HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
IDAHO

6/14/88



BOB MOSELEY

HARVARD POND  
(#Φ1)

BOB MOSELEY

NEAR POTLATCH,  
IDAHO

6/88



CLEARED BOTTOMLAND  
ALONG PALOUSE RIVER

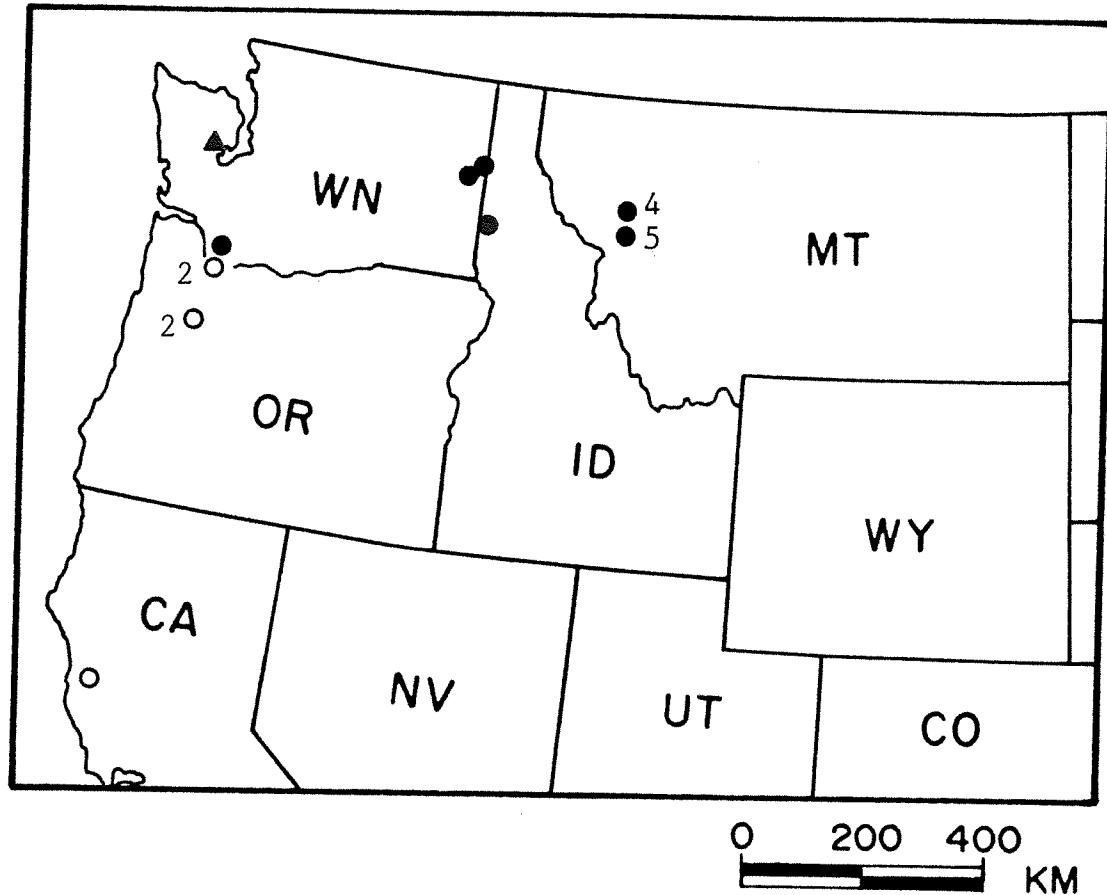


Figure 2. Distribution of *Howellia aquatilis* in the western United States (numbers indicate total sites where greater than one); adapted from Lesica *et al.* (1988).

- = extant sites (13)
- = extirpated sites (5)
- ▲ = site where current status unknown

B. Precise occurrences.

1. **Populations currently or recently known extant:** Table 1, pp. 11-27, lists currently known populations by state and county. Exact locations for the Montana and Idaho populations are provided in the maps on pp. 138-148.
2. **Populations known or assumed extirpated:**
  - a. Sauvie Island.
    1. U.S.A., Oregon, Multnomah County.
    2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: 454105N, 1224855W; 75'.
    3. Legal description: T2N, R1W, Section 4.
    4. USGS quad: Sauvie Island, 7.5'.
    5. Year of initial discovery: 1879.
    6. Year of most recent observation: 1886.
    7. Location: Sauvie Island, Willamette Slough (type locality).
    8. Alternative site name: Sauvies Island.
  - b. Lake Oswego.
    1. U.S.A., Oregon, Clackamas County.
    2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: 452447N, 1224130W; 125'.
    3. Legal description: T2S, R1E, Section 9.
    4. USGS quad: Lake Oswego, 7.5'.
    5. Year of initial discovery: 1892.
    6. Year of most recent observation: 1892.
    7. Location: Lake Oswego, west of Portland about 4 miles (Howell s.n., WS).
    8. Alternative site name: none known.
  - c. Painter's Woods.
    1. U.S.A., Oregon, Marion County.
    2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: 445647N, 1230055W; 125'.
    3. Legal description: T7S, R3W, Section 23.
    4. USGS quad: Salem West, 7.5'.
    5. Year of initial discovery: 1926.
    6. Year of most recent observation: 1935.
    7. Location: Area near Painter's Woods, near Salem (Thompson (4927, 4967), ORE; J.C. Nelson (5075), GH; M.E. Peck (15935), WILLU).
    8. Alternative site name: none known.

TABLE 1. Populations currently known extant, listed by state, county, and occurrence number.

IDAHO

Occurrence number: 001 Site name: HARVARD  
County: LATAH  
Latitude: 465503 Longitude: 1164428 Elevation: 2560  
Township & Range: 041N003W Section: 08 Subsection: center of NE4  
USGS Quad: DEARY  
Size: 15 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: ca. 1968 Date of most recent observation: 1988-06-14  
Directions: NEAR JUNCTION OF ST. HWYS. 6 AND 9, 50 YDS. SOUTH OF INTERSECTION ON WEST SIDE OF HWY. 9; JUST INSIDE PROPERTY FENCELINE.

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 005 Site name: SWAN RIVER OXBOW  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 475327 Longitude: 1135117 Elevation: 3100  
Township & Range: 025N018W Section: 35 Subsection/additional sections: NW4;34,NE4NE4;26,SW4  
USGS Quad: SWAN LAKE  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1985 Date of most recent observation: 1987-06-25  
Directions: CA. 3 MILES SOUTH OF THE VILLAGE OF SWAN LAKE ON ST. HWY.  
83, 0.9 MILES WEST ON PORCUPINE CREEK ROAD; 0.2-0.7 AIR MI.  
N. OF PORCUPINE CREEK ROAD.

Occurrence number: 007 Site name: SWAN RIVER WEST  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 474958 Longitude: 1135131 Elevation: 3190  
Township & Range: 024N018W Section: 14 Subsection: SW4SE4SE4  
USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-01  
Directions: WEST SIDE OF SWAN VALLEY, 1.4 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY. 83;  
0.57 AIR MILE WEST OF SWAN RIVER; CA. 6.5 AIR MILES SOUTH OF  
SWAN LAKE (TOWN).

Occurrence number: 008 Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 475148 Longitude: 1134933 Elevation: 3190  
Township & Range: 024N017W Section: 06 Subsection: NW4SW4SE4  
USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-21  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, CA. 4.5 AIR MILES SSE. OF SWAN LAKE (TOWN);  
0.3 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY. 83; 0.68 AIR MILES SSW. OF  
CONFLUENCE OF NORTH AND SOUTH FORKS LOST CREEK

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 009 Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 475137 Longitude: 1134907 Elevation: 3250  
Township & Range: 024N017W Section: 07 Subsection: NE4NE4NE4  
USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-21  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.6 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY. 83, 0.6 AIR  
MILES SOUTH OF SOUTH FORK LOST CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE  
OF SWAN LAKE (TOWN).

Occurrence number: 010 Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 475150 Longitude: 1134857 Elevation: 3230  
Township & Range: 024N017W Section: 05 Subsection: NW4SW4SW4  
USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-01  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.75 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.3 AIR  
MILES SOUTH OF SOUTH FORK LOST CREEK, CA. 4.7 AIR MILES SSE  
OF SWAN LAKE (TOWN).

Occurrence number: 011 Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 475120 Longitude: 1134826 Elevation: 3290  
Township & Range: 024N017W Section: 08 Subsection: E2SE4NW4, NW4SW4NE4  
USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-07  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 1.05-1.2 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.25 AIR  
MILES NNE OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN LAKE  
(TOWN).

Occurrence number: 012 Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 475125 Longitude: 1134848 Elevation: 3235  
Township & Range: 024N017W Section: 08 Subsection: NE4SW4NW4, SE4NW4NW4  
USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-07  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.83 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.37 AIR  
MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
LAKE (TOWN).

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 013                          Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Latitude: 475124    Longitude: 1134852    Elevation: 3240  
 Township & Range: 024N017W    Section: 08    Subsection: N2SW4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-21  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.79 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.36 AIR  
 MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
 LAKE (TOWN).

Occurrence number: 014                          Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Latitude: 475124    Longitude: 1134857    Elevation: 3245  
 Township & Range: 024N017W    Section: 08    Subsection: NW4SW4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-07  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.72 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.4 AIR  
 MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
 LAKE (TOWN).

Occurrence number: 015                          Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Latitude: 475121    Longitude: 1134856    Elevation: 3245  
 Township & Range: 024N017W    Section: 08    Subsection: NW4SW4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-07  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.73 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.32 AIR  
 MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
 LAKE (TOWN).

Occurrence number: 016                          Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Latitude: 475111    Longitude: 1134857    Elevation: 3240  
 Township & Range: 024N017W    Section: 08    Subsection: NW4NW4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-07  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.71 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.17 AIR  
 MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
 LAKE (TOWN).

TABLE 1. (cont.).

**MONTANA**

Occurrence number: 017 Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 475110 Longitude: 1134845 Elevation: 3230  
Township & Range: 024N017W Section: 08 Subsection: NE4NW4SW4  
USGS Quad: CILLY CREEK  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-07  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.85 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.1 AIR  
MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
LAKE (TOWN).  
  
Occurrence number: 018 Site name: DOG CREEK  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 473618 Longitude: 1134412 Elevation: 3660  
Township & Range: 021N017W Section: 02 Subsection: SE4NW4SE4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-14  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, EAST SIDE OF FLATHEAD N.F. RD. #899 NEAR JUNC-  
TION WITH RD. #124, 0.35 AIR MILES NORTH OF LAKE-MISSOULA  
COUNTY LINE, CA. 5.5 AIR MILES NNW OF CONDON.  
  
Occurrence number: 019 Site name: DOG CREEK  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 473618 Longitude: 1134441 Elevation: 3580  
Township & Range: 021N017W Section: 02 Subsection: S2NE4SW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-14  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.33 AIR MILES WEST OF JUNCTION OF FLATHEAD NF  
RDS. 899 AND 124, 0.33 AIR MILES NORTH OF LAKE-MISSOULA CO.  
LINE, CA. 5.5 AIR MILES NNW OF CONDON.  
  
Occurrence number: 053 Site name: SALMON PRAIRIE  
County: LAKE  
Latitude: 473900 Longitude: 1134822 Elevation: 3450  
Township & Range: 022N017W Section: 20 Subsection: NE4SW4,NW4SE4  
USGS Quad: SALMON PRAIRIE  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1988 Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-15  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.5 AIR MILES WEST OF SWAN RIVER, CA. 1.6 AIR  
MILES NW OF SALMON PRAIRIE (TOWN SITE).

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 001                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472521    Longitude: 1134231    Elevation: 4230  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 12    Subsection: NE4SE4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1984                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-30  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.68 AIR MILES NNE. FROM THE FIRST FORK ON  
 LINDBERGH LAKE ROAD, CA. 2.5 MILES WEST FROM ST. HWY. 83.

Occurrence number: 002                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472556    Longitude: 1134232    Elevation: 4175  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 01    Subsection: E2NE4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1984                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 1.32 AIR MILES NORTH OF THE FIRST FORK ON  
 LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA. 2.5 MI. WEST OF ST. HWY. 83.

Occurrence number: 003                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472516    Longitude: 1134128    Elevation: 4150  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection: E2SW4NW4, W2SE4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1983                          Date of most recent observation: 1983-07-24  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.1 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 1.5 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY. 83.

Occurrence number: 004                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472515    Longitude: 1134041    Elevation: 4070  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection: SE4NE4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1978                          Date of most recent observation: 1983-07-31  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, CA. 50 FT. SOUTHWEST OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD.,  
 CA. 1 MILE WEST OF ST. HWY. 83.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 006 Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473442 Longitude: 1134217 Elevation: 3740  
Township & Range: 021N016W Section: 18 Subsection: NE4NW4SW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1986 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, WEST BASE OF SWAN RANGE UPLIFT, 3.5 AIR MILES  
NORTH OF CONDON, 2.1 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY. 83, 0.1 AIR  
MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 020 Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473433 Longitude: 1134212 Elevation: 3740  
Township & Range: 021N016W Section: 18 Subsection: SW4NE4SW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-22  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.3 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.13 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.25 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 021 Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473432 Longitude: 1134216 Elevation: 3740  
Township & Range: 021N016W Section: 18 Subsection: SW4NE4SW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.3 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.08 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.28 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK

Occurrence number: 022 Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473431 Longitude: 1134207 Elevation: 3750  
Township & Range: 021N016W Section: 18 Subsection: SW4NE4SW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.28 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.18 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.27 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 023                              Site name: CONDON CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 473427    Longitude: 1134214    Elevation: 3740  
 Township & Range: 021N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: NW4SE4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CONDON  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                      Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.2 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.10 AIR MILES  
 EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.35 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 024                              Site name: CONDON CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 473422    Longitude: 1134212    Elevation: 3740  
 Township & Range: 021N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: SW4SE4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CONDON  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                      Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.09 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.10 AIR MILES  
 EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.47 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 025                              Site name: CONDON CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 473421    Longitude: 1134206    Elevation: 3750  
 Township & Range: 021N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: S2SE4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CONDON  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                      Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.08 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.18 AIR MILES  
 EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.45 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 026                              Site name: CONDON CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 473432    Longitude: 1134225    Elevation: 3710  
 Township & Range: 021N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: SE4NW4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CONDON  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                      Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.29 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.97 AIR MILES  
 EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.28 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 027                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473426    Longitude: 1134233    Elevation: 3690  
Township & Range: 021N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: NW4SW4SW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-22  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.18 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.84 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.40 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 028                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473422    Longitude: 1134240    Elevation: 3685  
Township & Range: 021N017W    Section: 13    Subsection: SE4SE4SE4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.09 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.75 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.48 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 029                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473415    Longitude: 1134228    Elevation: 3690  
Township & Range: 021N016W    Section: 19    Subsection: NW4NW4NW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 2.97 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.88 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.59 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 030                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 473416    Longitude: 1134204    Elevation: 3740  
Township & Range: 021N016W    Section: 19    Subsection: NE4NE4NW4  
USGS Quad: CONDON  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-02  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 2.99 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.19 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.55 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 031                              Site name: CONDON CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 473436    Longitude: 1134315    Elevation: 3620  
 Township & Range: 021N017W    Section: 13    Subsection: E2NE4SW4, W2NW4SE4  
 USGS Quad: CONDON  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                      Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-15  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 3.36 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.33 AIR MILES  
 EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.32 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

Occurrence number: 032                              Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472511    Longitude: 1134134    Elevation: 4165  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection: SE4SW4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1983                      Date of most recent observation: 1983-07-24  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.16 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 1.75 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 033                              Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472520    Longitude: 1134119    Elevation: 4130  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection: N2SE4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1983                      Date of most recent observation: 1983-07-04  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.05 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 1.5 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 034                              Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472507    Longitude: 1134116    Elevation: 4145  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection: NE4NE4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1983                      Date of most recent observation: 1983-07-24  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.3 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 1.5 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 035                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472502    Longitude: 1134114    Elevation: 4150  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection: E2NE4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1983                          Date of most recent observation: 1983-07-24  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.38 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 1.5 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 036                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472514    Longitude: 1134148    Elevation: 4190  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection/additional section: SW4SW4NW4; T19NR17W,  
 12SE4SE4SE4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: ALSO 12SE4SE4NE4; SWAN VALLEY, SOUTH SIDE OF LINDBERGH LAKE  
 RD., CA. 1.87 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 037                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472551    Longitude: 1134203    Elevation: 4170  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 01    Subsection: SW4NE4SE4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.93 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 1.69 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 038                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472608    Longitude: 1134215    Elevation: 4130  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 01    Subsection: E2SW4NE4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 1.33 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 1.62 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 039                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472550    Longitude: 1134244    Elevation: 4190  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 01    Subsection: SW4NE4SW4, SE4NW4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1984                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 1.25 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 2.21 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 040                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472539    Longitude: 1134244    Elevation: 4225  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 01    Subsection: SW4SE4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1984                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 1.03 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
 2.32 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 041                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472541    Longitude: 1134028    Elevation: 4015  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 05    Subsection: W2SW4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.6 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., 0.53  
 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 042                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472544    Longitude: 1134024    Elevation: 3995  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 05    Subsection: N2SW4SW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.7 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., 0.43  
 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 043                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 472526    Longitude: 1134303    Elevation: 4280  
Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 12    Subsection: SW4NW4NW4  
USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-30  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.76 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD.,  
2.68 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 044                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 472508    Longitude: 1134156    Elevation: 4215  
Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 12    Subsection: S2SE4NE4, N2NE4SE4  
USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-29  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, SOUTHEAST OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., 2.0 AIR MILES  
WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 045                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 472354    Longitude: 1134058    Elevation: 4250  
Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: SE4SW4SE4  
USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-10  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 1.83 AIR MILES ESE OF NORTH END OF LINDBERGH  
LAKE, 1.08 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, CA. 2.0 AIR MILES  
WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 046                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Latitude: 472434    Longitude: 1134141    Elevation: 4230  
Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: SW4NW4NW4  
USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
Size: 7.5 minute series  
Year of initial discovery: 1987                          Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-10  
Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.58 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 2.13 AIR  
MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 047                                  Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472433    Longitude: 1134127    Elevation: 4215  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: SW4NE4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                                  Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-10  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.5 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 1.95 AIR  
 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 048                                  Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472432    Longitude: 1134122    Elevation: 4215  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 18    Subsection: SW4NE4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                                  Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-10  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.5 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 1.89 AIR  
 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 049                                  Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472444    Longitude: 1134107    Elevation: 4150  
 Township & Range: 019N016W    Section: 07    Subsection: SW4SW4SE4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                                  Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-10  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.16 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 1.60 AIR  
 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 050                                  Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472437    Longitude: 1134232    Elevation: 4295  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 13    Subsection: NE4NE4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                                  Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-10  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.25 AIR MILES ENE OF SWAN RIVER OUTLET FROM  
 CYGNET LAKE, 0.1 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, CA. 2.8 AIR  
 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 051                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472335    Longitude: 1134229    Elevation: 4425  
 Township & Range: 019N017W    Section: 24    Subsection: NE4SE4NW4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                 Date of most recent observation: 1987-07-16  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.91 AIR MILES EAST OF EAST SHORE OF LINDBERGH  
 LAKE, 0.8 AIR MILES SSE OF SOUTH SHORE OF CYGNET LAKE, CA.  
 3.3 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 052                          Site name: KRAFT CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 472829    Longitude: 1134432    Elevation: 4010  
 Township & Range: 020N017W    Section: 22    Subsection: SE4  
 USGS Quad: CYGNET LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1987                 Date of most recent observation: 1987-08-21  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, CA. 0.5 AIR MILES WNW OF NORTH END OF STONER  
 LAKE, 0.35 AIR MILES EAST OF GLACIER CREEK, 3.15 AIR MILES  
 WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

Occurrence number: 054                          Site name: ELK CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 473048    Longitude: 1134553    Elevation: 3810  
 Township & Range: 020N017W    Section: 04    Subsection/additional sections: SE4SE4; 9,NE4NE4  
 USGS Quad: PECK LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1988                 Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-26  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.25 AIR MILE WEST OF ELK CREEK, CA. 2.75 AIR  
 MILES WSW OF CONDON.

Occurrence number: 055                          Site name: ELK CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Latitude: 473058    Longitude: 1134603    Elevation: 3820  
 Township & Range: 020N017W    Section: 04    Subsection: NE4SW4SE4  
 USGS Quad: PECK LAKE  
 Size: 7.5 minute series  
 Year of initial discovery: 1988                 Date of most recent observation: 1988-07-27  
 Directions: SWAN VALLEY, 0.49 AIR MILES WEST OF ELK CREEK, CA. 2.75 AIR  
 MILES WSW OF CONDON.

TABLE 1. (cont.).

WASHINGTON

Occurrence number: 002

COUNTY: CLARK

Latitude: 455033N Longitude: 1224554W

Township &amp; Range: 04N 01W Section: 11

USGS Quad: ST HELENS, 7.5'

Year of initial discovery: 1980

Elevation:

Subsection:

Date of most recent observation: 1980-05

Occurrence number: 001

COUNTY: SPOKANE

Latitude: 473805N Longitude: 1171738W

Township &amp; Range: 25N 44E Section: 19

USGS Quad: SPOKANE NE, 7.5'

Year of initial discovery: 1983

Elevation:

Subsection:

Date of most recent observation: 1983-07

Occurrence number: 003

COUNTY: SPOKANE

Latitude: 472830N Longitude: 1173238W

Township &amp; Range: 23N 42E Section: 19

USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5'

Year of initial discovery: 1986

Elevation: 2300

Subsection: NE4

Date of most recent observation: 1986-05-14

Occurrence number: 004

COUNTY: SPOKANE

Latitude: 472855N Longitude: 1173004W

Township &amp; Range: 23N 42E Section: 16

USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5'

Year of initial discovery: 1986

Elevation: 2320

Subsection: SE4

Date of most recent observation: 1986-05-20

Occurrence number: 005

COUNTY: SPOKANE

Latitude: 473026N Longitude: 1173202W

Township &amp; Range: 23N 42E Section: 08

USGS Quad: FOUR LAKES, 7.5'

Year of initial discovery: 1986

Elevation: 2280

Subsection: NW4NW4

Date of most recent observation: 1986-05-20

Occurrence number: 006

COUNTY: SPOKANE

Latitude: 472755N Longitude: 1172705W

Township &amp; Range: 23N 42E Section: 22

USGS Quad: SPANGLE WEST, 7.5'

Year of initial discovery: 1987

Elevation:

Subsection: SW4SE4

Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-04

TABLE 1. (cont.).

WASHINGTON

Occurrence number: 007 COUNTY: SPOKANE Latitude: 472606N Longitude: 1172903W Township & Range: 23N 42E Section: 34 USGS Quad: SPANGLE WEST, 7.5' Year of initial discovery: 1987	Elevation: 2320 Subsection: SW4SE4  Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-14
Occurrence number: 008 COUNTY: SPOKANE Latitude: 472950N Longitude: 1173237W Township & Range: 23N 42E Section: 07 USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5' Year of initial discovery: 1987	Elevation: Subsection: SE4  Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-04
Occurrence number: 009 COUNTY: SPOKANE Latitude: 472944N Longitude: 1173245W Township & Range: 23N 42E Section: 07 USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5' Year of initial discovery: 1987	Elevation: Subsection: SE4  Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-04
Occurrence number: 010 COUNTY: SPOKANE Latitude: 472935N Longitude: 1173233W Township & Range: 23N 42E Section: 07 USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5' Year of initial discovery: 1987	Elevation: Subsection: SE4SE4  Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-04
Occurrence number: 011 COUNTY: SPOKANE Latitude: 472712N Longitude: 1173355W Township & Range: 23N 41E Section: 25 USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5' Year of initial discovery: 1987	Elevation: Subsection: SE4SE4  Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-13
Occurrence number: 012 COUNTY: SPOKANE Latitude: 472644N Longitude: 1173058W Township & Range: 23N 42E Section: 33 USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5' Year of initial discovery: 1987	Elevation: 2320 Subsection: SW4NW4  Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-14

TABLE 1. (cont.).

WASHINGTON

Occurrence number: 013	Elevation: 2320
COUNTY: SPOKANE	Subsection: NE4NW4
Latitude: 472555N Longitude: 1173708W	
Township & Range: 22N 41E Section: 03	
USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5'	
Year of initial discovery: 1987	Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-14
Occurrence number: 014	Elevation: 2290
COUNTY: SPOKANE	Subsection: NW4
Latitude: 472545N Longitude: 1173613W	
Township & Range: 22N 41E Section: 02	
USGS Quad: CHENEY, 7.5'	
Year of initial discovery: 1987	Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-18
Occurrence number: 015	Elevation: 2300
COUNTY: SPOKANE	Subsection: NW4NE4
Latitude: 473018N Longitude: 1173137W	
Township & Range: 23N 42E Section: 08	
USGS Quad: FOUR LAKES, 7.5'	
Year of initial discovery: 1987	Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-05
Occurrence number: 016	Elevation:
COUNTY: SPOKANE	Subsection: NE4
Latitude: 473010N Longitude: 1173247W	
Township & Range: 23N 42E Section: 07	
USGS Quad: FOUR LAKES, 7.5'	
Year of initial discovery: 1987	Date of most recent observation: 1987-05-05

d. Mission Bottom.

1. U.S.A., Oregon, Marion County.
2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: 450205N, 1230340W; 125'.
3. Legal description: T6S, R3W, Section 65.
4. USGS quad: Mission Bottom, 7.5'.
5. Year of initial discovery: 1977.
6. Year of most recent observation: 1977.
7. Location: Mission Bottom, near Salem (W. Bluhm, sight record).
8. Alternative site name: none known.

e. Howard Lake.

1. U.S.A., California, Mendocino County.
2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: unknown.
3. Legal description: unknown.
4. USGS quad: Buck Rock, 7.5'.
5. Year of initial discovery: 1928.
6. Year of most recent observation: 1928.
7. Location: Pond near Howard Lake, Mendocino County Forest Reserve (A. Eastwood 13267a, CAS).
8. Alternative site name: none known.

The populations in Oregon have been searched for to no avail (J. Kagan, pers. comm.); the Marion and Clackamas county sites are in areas which have largely been developed, and intensive relocation efforts at the Multnomah County site (type locality) have remained unsuccessful. Likewise, the California collection locality has not been relocated, despite searches for it in 1979 (Griggs and Dibble 1979), and again in 1980 (R. Bittman, pers. comm.).

3. Historically known populations where current status not known:

a. Shelton.

1. U.S.A., Washington, Mason County.
2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: unknown.
3. Legal description: unknown.
4. USGS quad: unknown.
5. Year of initial discovery: 1937.
6. Year of most recent observation: 1937.
7. Location: In a small lake about 20 mi. n. of Shelton (W.J. Eyerdam 1211, UC).
8. Alternative site name: none known.

4. Locations not yet investigated believed likely to support additional natural populations: In western Montana, an extensive assemblage of glacial pothole ponds and wetlands is located in the Flathead Valley in Lake County. However, this region of the state has been extensively altered by

agricultural and residential development; also, upland areas are dominated by grassland vegetation, and habitat consisting of ponds surrounded by coniferous and deciduous trees is absent. There may be some appropriate habitat on the Lolo National Forest in west-central Montana (J. Diebert, pers. comm.), especially in the Clearwater River drainage in Missoula County.

An extensive search in northern Idaho, during June 1988, was unsuccessful in locating new Howellia aquatilis populations. It is possible that other populations may exist in Idaho north of the Clearwater River drainage. As in the other states, however, past and ongoing alteration and conversion of native low elevation bottomlands makes the prospect unlikely.

In Washington, areas near the historical record north of Shelton contain numerous wetlands, so the potential exists for relocating H. aquatilis in this region. Also, the forested portions of the channeled scablands in eastern Washington (Spokane County) probably harbor additional populations. There is some potential along the forested northern periphery of the Columbia Basin, as well (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

In Oregon, the type locality on Sauvies Island in the Columbia River has been adequately searched; however, there may still be some potential habitat in the Willamette River valley (J. Kagan, pers. comm.).

In California, there may be habitat in temporary ponds or vernal pools on the Mendocino National Forest near where the historical collection was made. These areas should be searched in May to June or July (Griggs and Dibble 1979).

5. Reports having ambiguous or incomplete locality information:

a. Spirit Lake.

1. U.S.A., Idaho, Kootenai County.
2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: unknown.
3. Legal description: unknown.
4. USGS quad: unknown.
5. Year of initial discovery: 1892.
6. Year of most recent observation: 1892.
7. Location: "Valley of Lake Tesemini, Kootenai Co." (J.H. Sandberg 699, US).
8. Alternative site name: Lake Tesemini.

On 22 July 1892, J.H. Sandberg collected Howellia aquatilis near Lake Tesemini (now known as Spirit Lake) in Kootenai County, Idaho. Holzinger (1895) described Sandberg's exploration of this area as follows: "Camp 10 was situated

a short distance to the north of Rathdrum, Kootenai Co. The time occupied in the vicinity of this camp was from July 20 to July 25. The plants collected were numbered 670 to 740. The region explored was the vicinity of Rathdrum, Lake Tesemini, and Mud Lake."

Habitat information on the Sandberg label states "floating in subalpine lakes." After reviewing topographic maps for the Spirit Lake area, it was determined that no subalpine lakes exist in the Spirit Lake watershed. Subalpine elevations are reached on the eastern slopes of Mt. Spokane, Washington, at the head of Brickel Creek, but no lakes occur there. Sandberg, it appears, had a bad reputation among his contemporaries and was careless in his note-taking. Leiberg reported in a letter to C.V. Piper (cited in Mack 1988) that Sandberg's report of 1892 (Holzinger 1895) erred by as much as 240 km in the location of some specimens.

A search was conducted in the vicinity of Spirit Lake during June 1988, and while suitable habitat exists in the area, no *H. aquatilis* populations were found (Appendix A, p. 152).

#### 6. Locations known or suspected to be erroneous reports:

- a. Columbia River Gorge (two sightings, considered to be misidentifications by the Oregon Natural Heritage Data Base (S. Vrilakas, pers. comm.).

1. U.S.A., Oregon, Wasco County.
2. Latitude, longitude, altitude: unknown.
3. Legal description: unknown.
4. USGS quad: unknown.
5. Year of observation: unknown.
6. Location: unknown.

- c. Biogeographical and phylogenetic history: Details unknown, and not yet investigated. It has been speculated that the widely scattered distribution of *H. aquatilis* may be due to the wanderings of migratory waterfowl (Meinke 1982). The distributional pattern of *H. aquatilis* in Montana is undoubtedly related in part to the glacial history of the Swan Valley. The valley floor was glaciated approximately 10,000 years ago, and many of the pothole ponds and wetlands were formed upon retreat of the glacier. Thus, it is possible that the present distribution pattern of the species in Montana was recently established. In Washington, all but one of the known extant sites occur in the channeled scablands, which were formed by the Bretz floods (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

#### 6. General environment and habitat description.

- A. Concise statement of general environment and habitat: *Howellia aquatilis* is an aquatic plant occurring in small pothole ponds or the quiet water of retired river oxbows. These wetlands

usually have bottom surfaces of firm, consolidated clay and organic sediments. They are virtually always partially surrounded by broadleaf deciduous trees, such as Populus trichocarpa (Black Cottonwood) and/or P. tremuloides (Quaking Aspen) in Montana, and Fraxinus latifolia (Ash) or Quercus garryana (Garry Oak) in Washington. Characteristic associated aquatic species include Carex vesicaria (Inflated Sedge), Sium suave (Hemlock Water-parsnip), and/or Equisetum fluviatile (Water Horsetail) in Montana. In Idaho, H. aquatilis occurs in a small pond in a cutoff river channel, in a broad valley bottom surrounded by low, forested hills. Rangewide, the ponds are generally filled by spring rains or snowmelt run-off, and many are usually dry by the end of the growing season. Howellia aquatilis occurs at elevations from 3 m (10 feet) in Washington to 1350 m (4420 feet) in Montana.

## B. Physical characteristics.

### 1. Climate.

- a. Koppen climate classification (extant sites): Types Csa and Csb (warm, maritime or semimaritime types with dry summers), and Dfb (cool temperate climate, with numerous summer thunderstorms) (Visher 1954).
- b. Regional macroclimate: The climates in which H. aquatilis has been found range from semi-arid Mediterranean (California; R. Bittman, pers. comm.) to moist temperate (northwestern Montana).

Near the distributional area of H. aquatilis in the Swan Valley, Montana, the closest climatological stations are located in Bigfork (3010 ft. (918 m) elevation) and Seeley Lake (4100 ft. (1250 m) elevation). Data for the period 1951-1980 are provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce (1982). At Bigfork, the mean annual precipitation was 56.08 cm (22.08 in.); the mean annual temperature was 7.5° C (45.5° F), and the mean July maximum temperature was 27.6° C (81.7° F). At Seeley Lake, the mean annual precipitation was 56.16 cm (22.11 in.); the mean annual temperature was 5.2° C (41.3° F), and the mean July maximum temperature was 27.8° C (82.0° F).

The climate of northern Idaho is influenced primarily by Pacific maritime air. However, Idaho is 500 to 650 km inland from the Pacific Ocean, and the Cascade Mountains separate Idaho from the coast. The distance and the mountain barrier result in a climate with many continental characteristics. Because prevailing westerly winds blow inland from the Pacific Ocean, winters are warmer and milder than might be expected. These mild, moist winds result in winters that are humid and cloudy. Snowfall is heavy in the mountains.

Periodically, the westerly flow of air is interrupted by outbreaks of clear, cold continental air from Canada. During the summer months, the westerly winds weaken, and continental climatic conditions prevail. Rain fall, cloud cover, and relative humidity are at their minimum in summer. The Soil Conservation Service (1981) estimates that, in Latah County, the average annual precipitation is 63.5 cm (25 in.), the average annual air temperature is about 6.7° C (44° F), and the average frost-free season is about 110 days.

The climate in western Washington is undoubtedly warmer and moister than in Idaho or Montana.

- c. **Local microclimate:** No detailed quantitative information available. The aquatic habitats occupied by H. aquatilis are probably less subject to diurnal temperature fluctuations than the atmosphere. In Montana, the species often occurs along the margins of small ponds surrounded by heavy forest cover, and thus would be shaded for much of the day. In Idaho, the small pond containing Howellia aquatilis is partially shaded throughout the summer by tall shrubs that immediately border it. Cold air pooling can be intense during the fall, winter and spring, but is moderate during most of the growing season due to the relatively low elevation.

- 2. **Air and water quality requirements:** In Montana, water samples from nine ponds supporting H. aquatilis, and three ponds not supporting the species, were analyzed to determine pH and conductivity. In addition, five samples (three from H. aquatilis ponds, two from others) were analyzed to determine alkalinity. The results of these analyses are presented in Table 2.

None of the factors analyzed appear to distinguish among ponds containing or not containing H. aquatilis. The pH values for ponds with or without the species are all in the neutral range (6.75-7.92). It is possible that other factors which were not analyzed are more important in determining the suitability of a particular site for supporting H. aquatilis (i.e., dissolved oxygen, temperature).

Air quality requirements are unknown.

- 3. **Physiographic provinces:** Known from the Northern Rocky Mountain, Columbia Plateaus, and Pacific Border provinces mapped by Fenneman (1931); the Rocky Mountains, Columbia-Snake River Plateau, and Pacific Border provinces mapped by Hunt (1974); and the Columbia Basin Province mapped by Franklin and Dyrness (1973).

TABLE 2. Water chemistry analyses, Swan Valley, Lake and Missoula counties, Montana.\*

A. Ponds containing Howellia aquatilis:

<u>Sample</u> (occurrence number)	<u>pH</u>	<u>Conductivity</u> (umho/cm @ 25°C)	<u>Alkalinity</u> (mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )
A-2 (007)	7.20	73	32
C-1 (020)	7.28	87	44
C-3 (027)	7.66	266	130
D-1 (008)	7.57	322	-
D-3 (014)	7.00	162	-
E-1 (049)	7.29	73	-
F-1 (018)	6.78	68	-
G-1 (031)	7.13	54	-
H-1 (051)	6.85	33	-
$\bar{x}$	7.20	126	69

B. Ponds not containing Howellia aquatilis:

B-1 (near 007)	7.61	210	103
C-2 (near 021)	6.75	30	10
D-2 (near 008)	7.92	216	-
$\bar{x}$	7.43	152	56

\* - Analyses conducted by the Chemistry Laboratory Bureau, Montana Department of Health and Environmental Sciences, July 1987.

4. **Physiographic and topographic characteristics:** In the Montana portion of the range, the topography of the Swan Valley is of glacial origin. Generally, the floor of the valley is level to gently sloping, with drumlins in numerous areas. The pothole ponds in which H. aquatilis most often occurs were formed upon the retreat of a continental glacier about 10,000 years ago. These ponds could represent depressions left when masses of ice buried in outwash gravels melted; they could also be formed when areas of ice melted out between areas of outwash sediments which accumulated upon the glacier surface (Alt and Hyndman 1986).

In Montana, the species is currently known to occur only in the Swan River drainage, within Hydrologic Unit No. 17010211 as mapped by the United States Geological Survey (1980).

The Idaho population occurs in a mature river bottom, characterized by a wide floodplain and a meandering river. The deep, alluvial soils are derived from the erosion of loess and volcanic ash that were deposited on the surrounding mountains during the Pleistocene.

In Washington, the ponds in the Spokane region are in an area of basalt flows, and several of them are immediately rimmed by basalt outcrops. The area is characterized by low topographic relief (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

The sites for H. aquatilis in Montana range from 945 m (3100 ft.) near the south end of Swan Lake, to 1348 m (4420 ft.) near the east side of Lindbergh Lake. The elevations in Washington range from 3 m (10 ft.) near the Columbia River, to 707 m (2320 ft.) in the Spokane area. The Idaho site occurs at 780 m (2560 ft.).

5. **Edaphic factors:** Howellia aquatilis is found almost exclusively in ponds with bottom surfaces which consist of firm, consolidated clay and organic sediments. Only in two cases were plants found in ponds with deeper, largely unconsolidated bottom sediments; in these situations, most H. aquatilis plants were then found in shallower areas near the shore, in more consolidated portions of the ponds. The texture and depth of these bottom sediments may be very important in relation to seed germination requirements and early growth of H. aquatilis. Loose, silty soil sediments may lead to burial of seeds too deeply to physically allow efficient germination and establishment.

In Montana, the soil units which comprise the Swan Valley floor consist of Cryochrepts, Eutroboralfs, and Eutrochrepts. The parent materials for these soils consist of clayey alluvium and clayey colluvium; the resultant soils are deep (Montagne *et al.* 1982).

The Swan River Oxbow (005) site is unusual in that the H. aquatilis populations occupy areas in and near an old, retired oxbow of the previous river channel. The site is physiographically very different from the glacial pothole depressions which the species inhabits elsewhere in the Swan Valley. However, the bottom sediments of the sloughs are of a similar consolidated texture, and many of the common associated species are present, especially Carex vesicaria and Equisetum fluviatile.

Most sites in Spokane County, Washington, are mapped as Cocalalla silty clay loam, a poorly drained soil formed in volcanic ash mixed with silty alluvium, under sedges, rushes and grasses. At least one site is mapped as Semiahoo muck, a very poorly drained organic soil (Donaldson and Giese 1968).

The Idaho population falls within a mapping unit containing soils of the Hampson series, which are coarse-silty, mixed, frigid Fluventic Haploxerolls. They are very deep, moderately well drained soils on valley floors. The soils are formed in alluvium derived from various sources. Slope is 0-3% (Soil Conservation Service 1981). These soils actually occur in adjacent bottomland meadows and are generally not submerged.

6. Dependence on natural disturbance: Howellia aquatilis is restricted to aquatic habitats which typically contain water for most of the growing season, but which dry out in many areas by late summer or early fall. The pothole ponds are stable landforms which would be influenced mainly by vegetational changes. However, in the case of the Swan River Oxbow (005) site in Montana, it occurs in a flood plain area which is completely inundated during spring runoff. Howellia aquatilis appears to be tolerant of this situation, as the populations return each season (with variation in size) from the seed bank. The extent, if any, to which the species depends on the drying of its habitat each year, i.e., to promote seed germination, is unknown. However, H. aquatilis may behave as a true "vernal pool" species. It is suspected that any disturbance which alters the local surface or subsurface hydrology around the habitats may influence the populations.

7. Other unusual physical features: None known or observed.

#### C. Biological characteristics.

1. Vegetation physiognomy and community structure: Howellia aquatilis occurs in wetland communities dominated by emergent vegetation. In Montana and Idaho, the ponds and wetlands are typically surrounded by temperate coniferous forests dominated by trees with more or less conical crowns. The immediate margins of these wetlands often have

a shrub zone which overhangs the shoreline. In addition, large deciduous tree species are almost always found along the margins.

2. **Regional vegetation types:** In Montana, within the Cedar-Hemlock-Douglas-fir Forest Section; in eastern Washington and Idaho, near the border between the Palouse Grassland Province and the Douglas-fir Forest Section; and in western Washington, within the Willamette-Puget Forest Province, all as mapped by Bailey (1976). In Montana, within the Subalpine Fir, Douglas-fir, and Grand Fir Climax Forest zone mapped by Ross and Hunter (1976). The Idaho population occurs in a riparian zone at the interface of two Kuchler types: Grand Fir-Douglas Fir Forests and Wheatgrass-Bluegrass (Kuchler 1964). Surrounding forest types fall into three Society of American Foresters (SAF) cover types: Interior Douglas-fir (210), Western Larch (212), Grand Fir (213), and Western White Pine (215) (Eyre 1980). Habitat types fall into the grand fir, western redcedar, and Douglas-fir series (Cooper *et al.* 1987).
3. **Frequently associated species:** In Montana, Howellia aquatilis is most often found in small pothole ponds of glacial origin, at lower elevations in the Swan River drainage. The zonal vegetation in these areas consists of diverse coniferous forests which contain varying amounts of the following tree species:

Abies grandis (Grand Fir)  
Abies lasiocarpa (Subalpine Fir)  
Larix occidentalis (Western Larch)  
Picea engelmannii (Engelmann Spruce)  
Pinus contorta (Lodgepole Pine)  
Pinus monticola (Western White Pine)  
Pinus ponderosa (Ponderosa Pine)  
Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas Fir)

Immediately surrounding the ponds in which H. aquatilis has been found, the following deciduous broadleaf tree species are virtually always present: Populus tremuloides (Quaking Aspen) and/or Populus trichocarpa (Black Cottonwood). In the northern Swan Valley, Betula papyrifera (Paper Birch) is also associated with some sites.

Shrub species bordering H. aquatilis sites include:

Alnus incana (Thinleaf Alder)  
Cornus stolonifera (Red Osier Dogwood)  
Juniperus communis (Common Juniper)  
Rhamnus alnifolia (Alder Buckthorn)  
Salix spp. (Willows)

The following aquatic herbaceous species were found to be commonly associated with H. aquatilis; those marked with an

asterisk can be considered indicator species:

- \*Carex vesicaria (Inflated Sedge)
- Callitricha heterophylla (Different-leaved Water-starwort)
- \*Equisetum fluviatile (Water Horsetail)
- Potamogeton gramineus (Variable Leaf Pondweed)
- Ranunculus aquatilis (Hairleaf Water Buttercup)
- \*Sium suave (Hemlock Water-parsnip)
- Sparganium minimum (Small Bur-reed)

Other herbaceous species less frequently associated with H. aquatilis in Montana include:

- Alisma plantago-aquatica (American Waterplantain)
- Alopecurus aequalis (Shortawn Foxtail)
- Carex atherodes (Slough Sedge)
- Carex rostrata (Beaked Sedge)
- Eleocharis palustris (Common Spikesedge)
- Glyceria borealis (Northern Mannagrass)
- Myriophyllum spicatum (Spiked Water-milfoil)
- Nuphar variegatum (Yellow Water-lily)
- Phalaris arundinacea (Reed Canarygrass)
- Ranunculus gmelinii (Gmelin's Buttercup)
- Sagittaria cuneata (Duckpotato Arrowhead)
- Typha latifolia (Common Cattail)
- Utricularia vulgaris (Common Bladderwort)
- Veronica catenata (Chain Speedwell)

In Washington, the ponds are surrounded most often by the following tree and shrub species:

- Cornus stolonifera (Red Osier Dogwood)
- Fraxinus latifolia (Ash)
- Pinus ponderosa (Ponderosa Pine)
- Populus tremuloides (Quaking Aspen)
- Populus trichocarpa (Black Cottonwood)
- Symporicarpos albus (Common Snowberry)

Associated aquatic species in Washington include:

- Callitricha stagnalis (Pond Water-starwort)
- Ludwigia palustris (Ludwigia) - drying areas
- Nuphar polysepalum (Spatter-dock)
- Polygonum coccineum (Water Smartweed)
- Ranunculus flabellaris (Yellow Buttercup)
- Ranunculus flammula (Creeping Buttercup) - drying areas

In Idaho, the forests bordering the broad river bottom are dominated by a mixture of coniferous species, including Pinus contorta, Larix occidentalis, Thuja plicata (Western Red-cedar), Abies grandis, Pinus ponderosa, and Abies lasiocarpa. Species immediately bordering the pond include Crataegus douglasii (Hawthorn), Cornus stolonifera, Alnus

incana, Symporicarpos albus, Phalaris arundinacea, and Rosa sp. Associated aquatic species include Alisma plantago-aquatica, Sium suave, Carex rostrata, Lemna minor (Duckweed), Eleocharis sp., and Callitriches heterophylla.

4. **Dominance and frequency of the taxon:** Howellia aquatilis is often distributed in a patchy pattern within its habitat, and varies from scarce to relatively frequent (20-30% cover). It was generally observed to occupy less densely vegetated areas. In Montana, two situations were observed in particular: 1.) in many ponds, the greatest densities of H. aquatilis were found around the pond margins, under the cover of surrounding overhanging shrubs (Salix spp., Alnus incana, Cornus stolonifera). In this zone other emergent aquatic species do not occur in abundance, and H. aquatilis is able to spread throughout the open areas, often growing in thick mats; 2.) in ponds dominated throughout by Carex vesicaria and/or Equisetum fluviatile, H. aquatilis was frequently observed to occupy openings among such vegetation. Similarly, in the central open water of some ponds H. aquatilis becomes very dense (near 100% cover). While the species was found to occur amongst the stems of other emergent plants, it was often not as abundant in such situations. These observations suggest that H. aquatilis may prefer more open microhabitats within the ponds it occupies, and that it cannot compete vigorously with other aquatic plant species. However, at least one site in Washington is dominated by Phalaris arundinacea (Reed Canary Grass), but H. aquatilis is abundant (J. Gamon, pers. comm.). In Idaho, the 30 individuals observed in 1988 had a patchy distribution, occurring mostly in the center of the pond. No observable factors appeared responsible for this pattern.
5. **Successional phenomena:** In Montana, the pothole ponds inhabited by H. aquatilis appear to be at an early stage within the successional series for such habitats. In classifications of wetland habitat types, such ponds could generally be classified as inland shallow fresh marshes (Shaw and Fredine 1956) or seasonal ponds (Stewart and Kantrud 1971). Such wetlands are often characterized by aquatic grasses (i.e., Glyceria spp., Alopecurus aequalis) and sedges (i.e., Carex vesicaria, C. rostrata, C. atherodes), pondweeds (Potamogeton spp.), and burreeds (Sparganium spp.) (Weller 1981). With increasing sedimentation and accumulation of organic matter, and subsequent lowering of the water table, such habitats can eventually develop into sedge meadows (Reuter 1986). Numerous examples of such meadows can be found in the Swan Valley in Montana. They are dominated most often by Carex lasiocarpa, and the water table is at or below the soil surface. Such sites were never observed to contain H. aquatilis.

The characteristic which may be most important in maintaining the pothole ponds inhabited by H. aquatilis is that they generally always dry completely by the end of the growing season (late August-September in Montana). Such drying inhibits the rate of muck accumulation (Reuter 1986), and may serve to maintain these ponds in an earlier emergent successional stage.

In ponds which are more successional advanced, and which may remain wetter for most of the growing season, Typha latifolia and Nuphar variegatum are more frequent. In Montana, Howellia aquatilis occurs in association with T. latifolia in 12 such ponds or wetlands (Condon Creek (031), Dog Creek (018), Lindbergh Lake (004, 012, 032, 033, 037, 040, 042, 046, 047, 048), and Swan River Oxbow (005)); it is associated with N. variegatum in three locations (Lost Creek-Cilly Creek Ponds (011, 012), Lindbergh Lake (047)). In many cases, these ponds support less vigorous populations of H. aquatilis, possibly owing to the advancing succession and deeper unconsolidated bottom sediments of such habitats.

Successional trends at the Idaho site could not be discerned due to the limited number of visits made to the area. Vernal ponds have been present at the site for at least 20 years (Ruth Ownbey, pers. comm.).

Despite the fact that H. aquatilis occurs over a large geographic area, it is ecologically adapted to a narrowly defined aquatic habitat. Thus, any direct impacts on its habitat may be more likely to cause extirpation. The species does not appear to be capable of colonizing disturbed habitats.

6. Dependence on dynamic aspects of biotic associations and ecosystem features: Howellia aquatilis occurs in shallow ponds and wetlands which generally contain water from spring to mid- or late summer, depending on climatic conditions. In the majority of cases, at least in Montana, these habitats then dry completely near the end of summer (September); in some cases in which H. aquatilis occurs near the margins of deeper ponds, these margins may dry out while the center remains filled. Thus, the species appears to be adapted to "vernal pool" conditions; substantial seed germination may require yearly drying after seed dispersal. This habitat relationship would surely be closely influenced by yearly variation in precipitation amounts, especially snow depth and resultant run-off. In Washington, some of the ponds which contain H. aquatilis were dry through all of 1987; it remains to be seen how the populations will respond once these sites have water in them again (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

7. Other endangered, threatened, rare, or vulnerable species occurring in habitat of this taxon:

Idaho - Tauschia tenuissima (Leiberg's Lomatium), a Category 2 federal candidate, occurs in bottomland meadows adjacent to the pond containing H. aquatilis.

Montana - The only state sensitive aquatic species which is known to occur in the vicinity of H. aquatilis is Potamogeton obtusifolius (Blunt-leaved Pondweed, G5/S1S2). This species occurs at the Swan River Oxbow (005) site.

Washington - Cypripedium calceolus var. parviflorum (Small Yellow Lady's-slipper), which is considered endangered in the state (Washington Natural Heritage Program 1987), occurs on the periphery of some ponds which contain H. aquatilis (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

7. Population biology of taxon.

A. General summary: Populations of H. aquatilis generally consist of a few to several thousand individuals. The species is an annual; population size is known to fluctuate yearly, and is probably mainly associated with variation in annual climatic patterns (precipitation and temperature fluctuations). Recent evidence indicates that the species has no intra- or inter-population genetic variation. Morphological studies and field observations indicate that H. aquatilis is an obligate self-pollinator. Seeds may be dispersed between wetland habitats by wildlife use and migration. Evidence for the existence of seed banks has been obtained from one location in Montana.

B. Demography.

1. Known populations: A total of 72 recently extant populations, from 13 sites, are known: 55 (9 sites) in Montana; 16 (3 sites) in Washington; and 1 in Idaho. A site is considered to be a cluster of adjacent populations, each of which is generally no more than 1.6 km from the next nearest population. Populations vary from only a few individuals, up to many thousands of plants. Owing to the annual life history, and the presence of seed banks, the total number of known individuals cannot be meaningfully estimated.

2. General demographic details: See Table 3, pp. 41-49.

C. Phenology.

1. Patterns: Recent observations in Montana revealed that H. aquatilis can germinate in the fall (P. Lesica, pers. comm.). In Idaho and Montana, the plants are then actively growing beneath the water surface by early May. The submergent, cleistogamous flowers begin to form shortly

TABLE 3. General demographic details, listed by state and occurrence number.

IDAHO

Occurrence number: 001                          Site name: HARVARD  
County: LATAH  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: 30 FLOWERING INDIVIDUALS IN THREE CLUMPS (1988), IN A POND  
CA. 15 X 45 FT.

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 001                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 75-100+ PLANTS (1987); NORTH END OF POND IMPACTED BY  
LOGGING, WITH SOME SLASH PILED INTO THE WATER.

Occurrence number: 002                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 4  
Population data: EST. 2000-3000 PLANTS (1987); NORTH AND WEST MARGINS OF POND  
DISTURBED BY LOGGING ACTIVITY; DEEPEST POND KNOWN FOR THE  
SPECIES IN MONTANA (CA. EIGHT FEET); SOME INDIVIDUALS VERY  
LARGE.

Occurrence number: 003                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: 1000+ PLANTS (1983); POND IS A SMALL GLACIAL DEPRESSION NEXT  
TO A LARGER BOG, TO WHICH IT MAY HAVE BEEN CONNECTED  
EARLIER.

Occurrence number: 004                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 11-50 PLANTS (1983).

Occurrence number: 005                          Site name: SWAN RIVER OXBOW  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 30  
Population data: VERY COMMON; MAY BE LARGEST OCCURRENCE KNOWN, WITH ABOUT  
10000 INDIVIDUALS (1985); ELEMENT OCCURS IN 4 AREAS, IN AND  
ADJACENT TO THE OLD RIVER OXBOW; MANY HUNDREDS OF PLANTS  
OBSERVED IN 1987.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 006                                  Site name: CONDON CREEK  
 County: MISSOULA  
 Acreage: 1  
 Population data: EST. 1000-2000 PLANTS (1987); MANY PLANTS DISTURBED BY MOOSE  
                   AND/OR WATERFOWL ACTIVITY; AREA IS ACTIVELY THREATENED BY  
                   LOGGING ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND TIMBER HARVESTING.

Occurrence number: 007                                  Site name: SWAN RIVER WEST  
 County: LAKE  
 Acreage: 1  
 Population data: ABOUT 3000-4000 PLANTS, POSSIBLY MORE; VERY DENSE, AND  
                   FORMING MATS, IN WEST POND; THE TWO PONDS, WHICH ARE  
                   SEPARATED BY A SALIX BORDER, ARE JOINED BY HIGHER WATER IN  
                   THE SPRING.

Occurrence number: 008                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Acreage: 2  
 Population data: EST. 2000-3000 PLANTS, IN A SINGLE POND; SURROUNDED BY A  
                   RELATIVELY UNDISTURBED FOREST, WHICH WAS REPORTEDLY LIGHTLY  
                   SELECTIVELY LOGGED IN ABOUT 1910.

Occurrence number: 009                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Acreage: 3  
 Population data: EST. 500-600 PLANTS (1987); SPECIES DOES NOT OCCUPY ALL OF  
                   THE AVAILABLE, SUITABLE HABITAT AT THIS SITE; AREAS AROUND  
                   SOUTH AND EAST SIDES OF POND CLEARCUT CA. 15 YEARS AGO.

Occurrence number: 010                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Acreage: 2  
 Population data: EST. 200-300 PLANTS (1987); FLOWERS AND CLEISTOGAMOUS FRUIT;  
                   SPECIES DOES NOT OCCUPY ALL OF THE AVAILABLE, SUITABLE HABI-  
                   TAT AT THIS SITE; AREAS AROUND SOUTH AND EAST SIDES OF POND  
                   CLEARCUT CA. 15 YEARS AGO.

Occurrence number: 011                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 County: LAKE  
 Acreage: 5  
 Population data: EST. 100-200 PLANTS (1987), ON SOUTHWEST, NORTH AND EAST  
                   MARGINS; PAST LOGGING DISTURBANCE IN THE AREA.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 012                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 400-500 PLANTS (1987); MUCH OF POND HAS NO VEGETATION;  
LOGGING HAS OCCURRED AROUND POND.

Occurrence number: 013                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 1000-1500 PLANTS (1987); LOGGING HAS OCCURRED AROUND  
POND.

Occurrence number: 014                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 300-400 PLANTS (1987); LOGGING HAS OCCURRED IN ADJACENT  
FORESTS.

Occurrence number: 015                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 300+ PLANTS (1987); LOGGING HAS OCCURRED IN ADJACENT  
FORESTS; THIS POND WAS DRYING FASTER THAN OTHERS AT THIS  
SITE.

Occurrence number: 016                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 400+ PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT TO LOGGING ROAD.

Occurrence number: 017                                  Site name: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 3  
Population data: EST. 10-12 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT TO LOGGING ROAD; THIS  
DEPRESSION WAS MUCH DRYER THAN THE OTHERS, HOWELLIA  
AQUATILIS PRESENT IN A FEW PUDDLES; HABITAT MAY BE MORE  
ADVANCED SUCCESSIONALLY THAN NEARBY PONDS.

Occurrence number: 018                                  Site name: DOG CREEK  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 200+ PLANTS (1987); SURROUNDING FOREST LOGGED.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 019                          Site name: DOG CREEK  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 150-200 PLANTS (1987); FOREST IMMEDIATELY SURROUNDING POND IN GOOD CONDITION, FAIRLY UNDISTURBED.

Occurrence number: 020                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 1000 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

Occurrence number: 021                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 50 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

Occurrence number: 022                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 200 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

Occurrence number: 023                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: 3 PLANTS (1987); SEVERAL HUNDRED PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1986 BY P. LESICA; NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

Occurrence number: 024                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 30 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

Occurrence number: 025                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 25 PLANTS (1987); POND MARGINS RECENTLY DISTURBED BY LOGGING.

Occurrence number: 026                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 200-300 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 027                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 300 PLANTS (1987); SOUTH MARGIN OF POND RECENTLY DISTURBED BY LOGGING.

Occurrence number: 028                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 200-250 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT USFS LAND RECENTLY LOGGED.

Occurrence number: 029                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 200-300 PLANTS (1987); POND MARGINS RECENTLY DISTURBED BY LOGGING.

Occurrence number: 030                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 1000 PLANTS (1987); POND MARGINS RECENTLY DISTURBED BY LOGGING.

Occurrence number: 031                          Site name: CONDON CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 150-175 PLANTS (1987); AREA DISTURBED BY LOGGING IN THE PAST; POND ADJACENT TO A LOGGING ROAD; PLANTS FOUND IN CALM, SHALLOW AREAS UNDER SHRUBS BORDERING POND, AND ADJACENT TO LOGS.

Occurrence number: 032                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 101-1000 PLANTS (1983).

Occurrence number: 033                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 50 PLANTS (1983); THIS SLOUGH HAS A FLOATING SEDGE MAT, AND IS DOMINATED BY TYPHA, AND THUS IS APPARENTLY MORE SUCCESSIONALLY ADVANCED THAN OTHERS IN THE AREA.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 034                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 11-100 PLANTS (1983).

Occurrence number: 035                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 51-1000 PLANTS (1983).

Occurrence number: 036                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 100-125 PLANTS (1987); PLANTS ARE FOUND AT SOUTHEAST  
END OF POND, ON SECTION LINE.

Occurrence number: 037                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 10-15 PLANTS (1987); POND DISTURBED BY HEAVY LOGGING ON  
ALL SIDES; PLANTS FOUND IN SOUTH END OF POND.

Occurrence number: 038                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 1000-1200 PLANTS (1987); POND DISTURBED BY HEAVY  
LOGGING ON ALL SIDES.

Occurrence number: 039                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 1000-1500 PLANTS (1987); POND DAMAGED BY LOGGING ON  
NORTHEAST SIDE.

Occurrence number: 040                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 300-400 PLANTS (1987); FOREST IMMEDIATELY SURROUNDING  
POND CURRENTLY UNDISTURBED.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 041                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: FOUR PLANTS (1987); POND AND SURROUNDING FOREST UNDERSTORY HEAVILY DISTURBED BY LIVESTOCK GRAZING; PLANTS FOUND ON EAST EDGE OF POND.

Occurrence number: 042                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 3  
Population data: EST. 50-60 PLANTS (1987); POND AND SURROUNDING FOREST UNDERSTORY DISTURBED BY LIVESTOCK GRAZING; PLANTS FOUND IN NORTH, NE, AND SOUTH PORTIONS OF POND; MOST PLANTS FOUND IN AN ARM ON NE SIDE OF POND.

Occurrence number: 043                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 20-25 PLANTS (1987).

Occurrence number: 044                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 275-400 PLANTS (1987); POND IS ALONGSIDE A HEAVILY USED GRAVEL ROAD, AND IS UNDER A POWER LINE.

Occurrence number: 045                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 300 PLANTS (1987).

Occurrence number: 046                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 50 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT AREAS DISTURBED BY CLEARCUT LOGGING.

Occurrence number: 047                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 200 PLANTS (1987); POND LOCATED ON EDGE OF A CLEARCUT.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 048                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 250 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT AREAS DISTURBED BY CLEARCUT LOGGING.

Occurrence number: 049                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 1500-2000 PLANTS (1987); POND IS ON NORTH SIDE OF A NEWLY CONSTRUCTED LOGGING ROAD, JUST NORTH OF USFS BOUNDARY.

Occurrence number: 050                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 3  
Population data: EST. 500-1000 PLANTS (1987); MOSTLY ON THE POND MARGIN, IN THE MORE OPEN ZONE BETWEEN THE EMERGENT VEGETATION AND THE SHORELINE, UNDER OVERHANGING SHRUB COVER; A FEW PLANTS OUT IN DEEPER WATER.

Occurrence number: 051                          Site name: LINDBERGH LAKE  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 100-125 PLANTS (1987); VERY SMALL POND, MOSTLY DRY EXCEPT FOR CENTER WHERE PLANTS WERE FOUND.

Occurrence number: 052                          Site name: KRAFT CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 200 PLANTS (1987); A FEW PLANTS IN MUD ON POND MARGIN STILL FLOWERING ON DATE OF SURVEY; ENTIRE POND NOT SURVEYED.

Occurrence number: 053                          Site name: SALMON PRAIRIE  
County: LAKE  
Acreage: 2  
Population data: EST. 200-300 PLANTS, ALONG MARGINS OF TWO AREAS WHICH ARE CONNECTED BY HIGHER WATER IN EARLY SUMMER; PONDS BISECTED BY FENCE, WITH MOST PLANTS ON WEST (USFS) SIDE.

Occurrence number: 054                          Site name: ELK CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: EST. 400-500 PLANTS, PROBABLY MORE WHEN POND IS FULL.

TABLE 3. (cont.).

MONTANA

Occurrence number: 055                              Site name: ELK CREEK  
County: MISSOULA  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: CA. 100 INDIVIDUALS (53 COUNTED); FOUND ONLY IN SOUTH END OF POND, AROUND MARGIN; DOES NOT OCCUPY ALL AVAILABLE HABITAT.

WASHINGTON (information provided for occurrences where known)

Occurrence number: 001  
County: SPOKANE  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: 20 PLANTS (1983).

Occurrence number: 002  
County: CLARK  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: ABUNDANT (1980).

Occurrence number: 004  
County: SPOKANE  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: AT LEAST SEVERAL HUNDRED PLANTS (1986).

Occurrence number: 005  
County: SPOKANE  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: PROBABLY SEVERAL HUNDRED TO >> 1000 INDIVIDUALS (1986).

Occurrence number: 010  
County: SPOKANE  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: VERY LITTLE *Howellia* OBSERVED, BUT NOT MUCH WATER PRESENT (1986).

Occurrence number: 013  
County: SPOKANE  
Acreage: 1  
Population data: VERY LITTLE *Howellia* WAS OBSERVED (1986).

thereafter; the first fruits from these have been found in June. The emergent, chasmogamous flowers begin to bloom when the stems reach the water surface, and are usually conspicuous from late June until August. Seed dispersal largely takes place from mid- to late summer. In Washington, the sites are lower in elevation, and emergent flowering begins during May (J. Gamon, pers. comm.). In Idaho in 1988, during which near average climatic conditions occurred during the spring, cleistogamous flowers were in bud on unbranched, submerged stems on 6 May. Plants were in flower above the water surface on 14 June, and cleistogamous fruits were near maturity.

2. **Relation to climate and microclimate:** Because H. aquatilis is an aquatic species largely restricted to vernal ponds and wetlands, its phenology is intimately tied to the climatic factors influencing these habitats. These factors would include precipitation (especially winter snowpack and subsequent run-off, and spring rains) and summer weather patterns. The current drought conditions in the Pacific Northwest have resulted in an earlier drying of some of the habitats in Montana. A subsequent reduction in the total amount of seed production would be expected, since the actual duration of the plants and flowers would be shorter. In Washington, the current drought conditions have resulted in some ponds remaining dry (or at least without ponded water) throughout the year (J. Gamon, pers. comm.). However, drought conditions experienced in northern Idaho during the winters of 1986-87 and 1987-88 did not appear to affect the water level of the pond; it was at high water mark.

#### D. Reproductive biology.

1. **Types of reproduction:** The breeding system of H. aquatilis has been studied by Lesica et al. (1988). Anatomical studies showed that in the cleistogamous flowers, the corolla develops a small closed bud and then drops off, leaving an enlarging ovary. Although the chasmogamous flowers develop fully, anther dehiscence and embryo development before the flowers had opened was repeatedly observed. In these flowers, as the corolla opens the stigma pushes up through the filament tube in close proximity to the dehiscing anthers; this sequence would almost assure self-pollination if it had not previously taken place. No evidence of agamospermy was observed; in both cleistogamous and chasmogamous flowers, embryo and/or endosperm development was observed only after penetration of the ovule by a pollen tube. Additionally, pollen stainability of samples from the Condon Creek site in Montana was 93% (s.d.=3%), indicating normal fertility. All of these observations suggest that, although not impossible, the occurrence of outcrossing in this species is probably extremely restricted, and that the breeding system

approaches obligate autogamy. Reproduction by cloning or other asexual means has not been observed.

2. **Pollination.**

- a. **Mechanisms:** As described above, *H. aquatilis* largely appears to be an obligate self-pollinator.
- b. **Specific pollination agents:** None known or suspected, although small insects (i.e., dipterons) have been very rarely observed on the chasmogamous flowers (J. Pierce, pers. comm.; J.S. Shelly, pers. observation).
- c. **Other suspected pollination agents:** None known, although it is possible that pollen transfer via water might occur.
- d. **Vulnerability of pollination mechanisms:** None suspected.

3. **Seed dispersal.**

- a. **General mechanisms:** The seeds of *H. aquatilis* are relatively large (2-4 mm. long). They do not possess any wings, appendages, or other structures which appear to provide them with any buoyancy. Though capable of floating on the surface owing to water surface tension, the seeds sink readily when pushed or released below the surface. It is likely that all of the seeds produced by the submergent cleistogamous flowers sink to the bottom upon release. Although seeds released from emergent capsules could float for a short distance from the point of dispersal, it is likely that these seeds sink fairly soon after release as well.

The majority of the populations of *H. aquatilis* occur in ponds which are not connected by above-ground drainages or by spring run-off. The exception to this is the Swan River Oxbow (005) site, where the species occurs in four adjacent wetlands on the floodplain of the Swan River. During years of high spring run-off, this area is inundated, and it is likely that these wetlands are thus interconnected. Water from the Swan River was observed flowing through the surrounding forests in June, 1986. In this situation, it is possible that some dispersal of seed by water movement is occurring.

In numerous cases broken stems, bearing fruits produced by both cleistogamous and chasmogamous flowers, were observed floating in the water. These fragments could be dispersed to other areas within the same wetland habitat, although the species is restricted to very quiet water.

- b. **Specific agents:** Another possible means of seed dispersal for H. aquatilis is by wildlife dissemination. Waterfowl were frequently observed in the pothole ponds; it is likely that, when feeding on aquatic vegetation, these birds could ingest H. aquatilis and distribute the seeds later in other ponds.

In addition, seed movement by mammals (i.e., deer, bears, moose) also appears to be possible. Deer and moose browse in such ponds, and could thus ingest and transport seeds. In Montana, signs of bear foraging were noted at the Lost Creek-Cilly Creek site (008) late in the summer, after all water had dried from the pond; dispersal between ponds could perhaps also occur in this way.

Seed movement between ponds, in sediments lodged in the feet of these bird and mammal species, may also be possible.

- c. **Vulnerability of dispersal agents and mechanisms:** To the extent that habitat alteration might cause permanent drying of its habitat, or impacts on the putative wildlife dispersers, the dispersal of H. aquatilis could be influenced by disturbance.
- d. **Patterns of propagule dispersal:** Seed dispersal by waterfowl could partially explain the scattered distribution of H. aquatilis in the Pacific Northwest; in Montana, dispersal by waterfowl and mammals between adjacent ponds could produce the clustered arrangement of adjacent populations at the Lost Creek-Cilly Creek Ponds (008-017), Dog Creek (018, 019), Condon Creek (020-031), Elk Creek (054, 055) and Lindbergh Lake (001-004, 032-051) sites. Meinke (1982) also suggested that H. aquatilis may be "...randomly dispersed through the wanderings of migratory waterfowl," and that this could produce the wide, patchy distribution pattern. In Idaho, H. aquatilis has been present on the Ownbey property for at least 20 years, but has never occurred in more than one pond (Ruth Ownbey, pers. comm.). This suggests that dispersal mechanisms are limited at this site.

#### 4. Seed biology.

- a. **Amount and variation of annual seed production:** Evidence for the presence of a seed bank is reported by Lesica *et al.* (1987). At the Swan River Oxbow (005) site, examination of the surface 3 cm of soil from three 2.25 dm<sup>2</sup> quadrats in 1986 yielded an estimate of approximately 200 seeds/m<sup>2</sup>. The presence of such a seed bank should help buffer the occurrences from

periodic environmental fluctuations which could cause varying population sizes.

- b. **Seed viability and longevity:** No detailed quantitative information; because H. aquatilis is an annual species which occurs in vernal wetlands, its population sizes fluctuate from year to year depending on seasonal conditions. For example, at the Swan River Oxbow (005) site in Montana, approximately 10,000 plants were observed in 1985, but fewer than 100 plants were seen in 1986 (Lesica *et al.* 1987). During field surveys in 1987, the population was very large again, with many hundreds of plants observed. These observations suggest that some seeds can remain viable for at least two years.
- c. **Dormancy requirements:** Unknown.
- d. **Germination requirements:** For seeds to germinate, water must be present in the vernal ponds and wetlands. In addition, H. aquatilis is found almost exclusively in ponds with bottom surfaces which consist of firm, consolidated clay and organic sediments. Only in two cases in Montana were plants found in ponds with deeper, largely unconsolidated bottom sediments; in these situations, most H. aquatilis plants were then found in shallower areas near the shore, in more consolidated portions of the ponds. The texture and depth of these bottom sediments may be very important in relation to seed germination requirements and early growth of H. aquatilis. Loose, silty soil sediments may lead to burial of seeds too deeply to ensure efficient germination and establishment.
- e. **Percent germination:** No quantitative information.
5. **Seedling ecology:** See germination requirements described above.
6. **Survival and nature of mortality:** No quantitative information; the plants occur predominantly in more open areas within the habitat, and some seedling mortality in densely vegetated areas would be expected.
7. **Overall assessment of taxon's reproductive success:** Reproduction appears to be vigorous in most populations in Montana, when habitat conditions are satisfactory. In some ponds the plants have been observed to produce very dense mats, and the seed output in these cases is probably high. Prevailing ecological conditions (especially climate) are probably most important in determining annual rates of seed production and germination. Observations of the Idaho population have revealed that Howellia aquatilis has been in the same pond at the site for at least 20 years.

8. Population ecology of taxon.

- A. General summary: In general, Howellia aquatilis was observed to occupy less densely vegetated areas within the wetlands where it occurs. This suggests that it cannot compete vigorously with other aquatic plant species. In areas of more open water, the species can grow very densely, forming mats in some cases. No specific obligate relationships are known.
- B. Positive and neutral interactions: The submersed stems and leaves of H. aquatilis were frequently observed to have egg masses attached to them, as well as caddis fly cases. None of these were observed to have a negative effect on the plants.
- C. Negative interactions.
  - 1. Herbivores, predators, pests, parasites and diseases: None directly observed; it is likely that some plants are ingested by browsing animals, and/or disturbed by movements of the latter in the associated wetlands.
  - 2. Competition.
    - a. Intraspecific: In several Montana populations (i.e., Lindbergh Lake (044)), H. aquatilis was observed to grow very densely in open water. No adverse effects were observed in such sites.
    - b. Interspecific: Two patterns were observed in Montana:  
1.) in many ponds, the greatest densities of H. aquatilis were found around the pond margins, under the cover of surrounding overhanging shrubs (Salix spp., Alnus incana, Cornus stolonifera). In this zone, other emergent aquatic species do not occur in abundance, and H. aquatilis is able to spread throughout such open areas, often growing in thick mats; 2.) in ponds dominated throughout by Carex vesicaria and/or Equisetum fluviatile, H. aquatilis was frequently observed to occupy openings among such vegetation. Similarly, in ponds with open water in the center, H. aquatilis was observed to be most dense in such areas. While the species was found to occur amongst the stems of other emergent plants, it was often not as abundant in such situations. These observations suggest that H. aquatilis may prefer more open microhabitats within the ponds it occupies, and that it cannot compete vigorously with other aquatic plant species. In Idaho, Howellia aquatilis does occur within the moderately dense matrix of associated submergent species.
  - 3. Toxic and allelopathic interactions: None known or observed.

D. **Hybridization:** None known; the potential for hybridization, either natural or induced, is low owing to the taxonomic isolation of the genus.

E. **Other factors of population ecology:** None known or observed.

9. **Current land ownership and management responsibility.**

A. **General nature of ownership:** Idaho: private; Montana: United States Government, Burlington Northern, and private; Washington: United States Government and private.

B. **Specific landowners:**

1. **Idaho.**
  - a. Ruth Ownbey  
NE 720 Michigan  
Pullman, Washington 99163
2. **Montana.**
  - a. U.S. Forest Service  
Flathead National Forest  
1935 3rd Ave. East  
Kalispell, MT 59901
  - b. Plum Creek Timber Company (Burlington Northern lands)  
2050 Hwy. 2 West  
P.O. Box 1957  
Kalispell, MT 59901
  - c. The Nature Conservancy  
Big Sky Field Office  
P.O. Box 258  
Helena, MT 59624
  - d. Pat Halterman  
Lindbergh Lake Rd.  
Seeley Lake, MT 59868
  - e. Horace H. Koessler  
P.O. Box 3718  
Missoula, MT 59806
  - f. Robert E. Hardy  
42 Sherwood Place  
Greenwich, CT 06830
  - g. Mrs. G.A. Martel  
1533 Phillips St.  
Missoula, MT 59802

3. Washington.

- a. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
Turnbull National Wildlife Refuge  
Cheney, WA 99004
- b. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
Ridgefield National Wildlife Refuge  
Ridgefield, WA 98642
- c. The Nature Conservancy  
Washington Field Office  
1601 Second Ave., Suite 910  
Seattle, WA 98101
- d. Private landowners.

C. Management responsibility: As outlined under specific landowners.

D. Easements, conservation restrictions, etc.: In Montana, The Nature Conservancy has recently purchased land containing a majority of the Swan River Oxbow (005) site in Lake County, and will manage it as a preserve. Two populations on private land in the Lindbergh Lake area (041, 042) in Missoula County have been designated as registry (voluntary protection) sites in cooperation with The Nature Conservancy. In Idaho, the occurrence in Latah County is on property which has been willed to the Audubon Society for eventual designation as a wildlife sanctuary. In Washington, the occurrence on the Ridgefield National Wildlife Refuge in Clark County is proposed for inclusion in the Blackwater Islands Research Natural Area. The Dishman Hills site in Spokane County has been acquired by The Nature Conservancy, and will be transferred to the Department of Natural Resources. It will be within the Dishman Hills Conservation Area. One additional site in Washington has been proposed for inclusion within the Washington Register of Natural Areas, a voluntary landowner protection program (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

10. Management practices and experience.

A. Habitat management.

- 1. Review of past management and land-use experiences: None known.
- 2. Performance under changed conditions: No detailed data available. Despite the fact that H. aquatilis occurs over a large geographic area, it is ecologically restricted to a narrowly defined aquatic habitat. Thus, any direct impacts on its habitat are more likely to cause the extirpation of disturbed populations. The species does not appear to be capable of colonizing disturbed habitats.

The influence of habitat alteration around the ponds could have an effect on their successional trends. In cases where logging has occurred near the habitat margins, an increase in siltation rate into the ponds would be expected. Such a change would probably influence both the nature of the bottom substrates and the vegetational composition of the sites. As discussed above, H. aquatilis occurs most frequently and most densely in ponds with firm, consolidated organic clay bottom sediments. It also is frequently found in more open areas within the ponds. Thus, increases in bottom sedimentation, and subsequent competition from other vegetation, could both have an adverse effect on the viability of H. aquatilis populations.

Impacts from grazing could also potentially influence the vegetation composition of the ponds, through increased nutrient levels and subsequent successional changes. Also, trampling of the bottom sediments may adversely affect the seed bank, and the consolidated substrate which appears to be necessary for vigorous germination. There is some indication that the historical site in California may have been negatively affected by livestock trampling (Griggs and Dibble 1979). However, in Spokane County, Washington, several of the ponds containing H. aquatilis have been significantly altered by past and current grazing. Some of these sites have possibly been grazed for 50 years or more, and the species has persisted, suggesting that in some situations it may be fairly tolerant to such land use, at least in the short term (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

3. **Current management policies and actions:** In Montana, a three-year inventory and analysis program proposal has been submitted to the Flathead National Forest by the Montana Natural Heritage Program. If approved, this plan will involve additional field surveys, monitoring studies, and preparation of a management plan for populations on U.S. Forest Service lands in the state. The Nature Conservancy has established monitoring studies on the Swan River Oxbow Preserve (005) site, to assess population trends and encroachment of Phalaris arundinacea (Reed Canary Grass) into the habitat.

The habitat in Idaho is managed as a natural area by the present owner.

In Washington, the Dishman Hills site will essentially be managed as a Natural Area Preserve. The Ridgefield National Wildlife Refuge site is managed as a Research Natural Area. The sites within the Turnbull National Wildlife Refuge are managed primarily as waterfowl habitat. Grazing does occur at some of the sites, however. Grazing occurs on most, if not all, privately owned sites (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

4. **Future land uses:** In Montana, timber harvesting in the Swan Valley is likely to continue in the future, particularly on private forest lands (especially those managed by the Plum Creek Timber Company).

Upon execution of Ruth Ownbey's will, the National Audubon Society will become the owner of the Idaho site, and will manage the area as a natural area.

In Washington, the habitat in Spokane County is increasingly being impacted by a rising population in the area. Impacts from resultant rural development may adversely affect habitat through pond drainage, riparian alteration, overgrazing, and pollution (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

B. **Cultivation.**

1. **Controlled propagation techniques:** No information; owing to the habitat specificity of the species, ex situ propagation from seed may be difficult.
2. **Ease of transplanting cultivated material:** Unknown.
3. **Pertinent horticultural knowledge:** None known.
4. **Status and location of presently cultivated material:** No cultivated material known.

11. **Evidence of threats to survival.**

A. **Present or threatened destruction, modification, or curtailment of habitat or range.**

1. **Past threats:** The historical sites in Oregon and California have not been relocated, despite recent surveys. In Oregon, most of the historical locations are within urban or suburban areas which have been extensively developed in recent times, and they are thought to have been eliminated. Additionally, construction of dams along the Columbia and Willamette rivers has led to a decline of suitable pond habitats. At the type locality on Sauvies Island, carp are abundant in ponds which are connected to the Columbia River during high water periods; these fish then destroy the aquatic vegetation (J. Kagan, pers. comm.). In California, the historical collection from the vicinity of Howard Lake, in the Coast Range, was not relocated in 1979 or 1980. The status report by Griggs and Dibble (1979) suggested that cattle grazing and trampling may have eliminated the population, though they recommended further surveys earlier in the season, before cattle are allowed in the area. These past alterations have apparently extirpated H. aquatilis from approximately one-third of its known global range.

In Idaho, much of the bottomland habitat in the Palouse River drainage has been altered to some degree by roads, lumber mills (3), residential housing (3 communities), cultivation (grains), and pasture land (with seeded exotic forage). Small vernal pools are easily filled by any of these disturbances. The Ownbey property near Harvard appeared to be the only remaining parcel in a relatively undisturbed condition within the drainage. This general trend in habitat alteration of bottomlands has occurred in much of northern Idaho as well, including the Spirit Lake area.

In Washington, several ponds on the Turnbull National Wildlife Refuge have been significantly altered to improve waterfowl habitat (i.e., dredged with heavy equipment while they were dry). Although H. aquatilis was not known to be present before these manipulations, it is suspected to have been, since in some cases adjacent ponds do contain the species. It is apparently absent from the ponds which have been significantly altered (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

2. **Existing threats:** MONTANA: The current threats to populations of H. aquatilis are mainly from timber harvest activities occurring adjacent to the pothole ponds which the species occupies. Additionally, some populations are adjacent to gravel logging and public access roads, and are thus susceptible to any road improvement activities which may take place. Lastly, in the vicinity of Lindbergh Lake, some ponds are currently disturbed or potentially threatened by domestic livestock grazing. The sites threatened by these activities are reviewed below:

- a. **TIMBER HARVEST ACTIVITIES:** Of the 55 populations of H. aquatilis found in the Swan Valley, 22 occur in ponds around which logging has occurred historically or in the very recent past. In many cases, all coniferous trees were removed down to the pond margins, and the trees left standing were broadleaf deciduous species (i.e., Populus tremuloides, P. trichocarpa). In a few instances, no trees were left bordering some sides of the ponds, and in one case (Lindbergh Lake (001)) logging slash had been placed in the water.

Listed below, by site name and occurrence number, are the 22 pond habitats whose margins or immediate surroundings have been physically impacted by timber harvesting. Those which have been very recently impacted (i.e., in 1986-87) are indicated by an asterisk (\*).

Condon Creek: \*025, \*027, \*029, \*030, 031

Dog Creek: 018

Elk Creek: 054

Lindbergh Lake: \*001, 002, \*037, \*038, \*039, 046, 047, 048

Lost Creek-Cilly Creek Ponds: 009-015 (seven ponds)

The following populations are located in areas where nearby forests have been logged. Though the habitat immediately surrounding these ponds may still be intact, they are considered vulnerable to further future logging activity.

Condon Creek: 006, 020, 021, 022, 023, 024, 026, 028

Lindbergh Lake: 045

Swan River West: 007

One population occurs in an area which has not yet been logged, but in which new logging roads have recently been constructed:

Lindbergh Lake: 051

b. ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE: The following ponds supporting H. aquatilis occur alongside gravel logging and public access roads:

Kraft Creek: 052

Lindbergh Lake: 004, 033, 036, 044, 049

Lost Creek-Cilly Creek Ponds: 016, 017

c. GRAZING: Two ponds (Lindbergh Lake (041, 042)), located on private land, were found to be heavily impacted by grazing of domestic livestock (esp. horses). Grazing and traversing of these sites has physically disturbed the associated shorelines and vegetation; these sites could also be influenced by changes in nutrient status from livestock bodily wastes. Both of these populations were small in 1987: four plants (041), and 50-60 plants (042).

Much of the area near Lindbergh Lake is used for open cattle range, especially south of the Swan River. Three populations in this vicinity, on Flathead National Forest land, are in areas currently being used for open range cattle grazing (Lindbergh Lake (046, 047, 048)). Impacts near these ponds were noted, and it is probable that they are used for watering by the livestock.

IDAHO: Land clearing activities are continuing in the Palouse River drainage, and throughout the lower elevations of northern

Idaho. The Harvard population currently appears secure, although it is very small.

WASHINGTON: Timber harvest activities are not expected to have any direct impacts on the known sites. Associated activities, such as road construction, yarding, decking, etc., could have localized impacts.

Grazing does occur at a majority of the sites in Washington. In general, it does not appear to pose an immediate threat, although it may eventually, through changes in nutrient levels and successional alteration towards more weedy species (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

**3. Potential threats:** As discussed, timber harvesting in the Swan Valley in Montana is likely to continue in the foreseeable future. Further impacts to areas containing ponds inhabited by H. aquatilis may occur as a result. In Idaho, the single known population is located on private land; although the site is willed to the National Audubon Society, the habitat is adjacent to a paved highway, and may be subject to impacts from road maintenance. Other potential threats to this population are not foreseen. However, disturbances in bottomland habitats are expected to continue throughout northern Idaho, reducing the likelihood that additional populations of Howellia aquatilis will be found.

A potential ecological threat observed in Montana involves the encroachment of Phalaris arundinacea (Reed Canary Grass) into wetlands inhabited by H. aquatilis. Because of the tenacity and rapid growth of the former, it poses a major threat to many wetland ecosystems; it is capable of forming dense monocultures which result in declines in other wetland species (Apfelbaum and Sams 1987). Several stands have become established at the recently preserved Swan River Oxbow (005) site in Montana, and impacts on H. aquatilis are being monitored closely. Phalaris arundinacea also appears to increase in wetland areas in Oregon, especially where some siltation has occurred (J. Kagan, pers. comm.). In Washington, however, H. aquatilis is persisting in some ponds where P. arundinacea has apparently been dominant for many years (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

- B. **Overutilization for commercial, sporting, scientific, or educational purposes:** No significant existing or potential threats known.
- C. **Disease or predation:** Howellia aquatilis may be susceptible to some impacts from grazing by native animals which use the pothole pond habitats. Also, as discussed above, two ponds in Montana have been impacted in the past by livestock grazing, and the historical California population may have been extirpated by livestock use. In Idaho, although livestock do not feed

directly on Howellia aquatilis, habitat alteration by clearing, draining, filling, and seeding exotics for livestock forage have altered much of the bottomland habitat in the Palouse River drainage, and in northern Idaho in general. Adjacent property is heavily grazed year-round and the vernal pools have little remaining native vegetation associated with them. No threats from grazing to this site are foreseen, although grazing at high stocking levels would be detrimental. Otherwise, no additional significant threats are known.

- D. **Inadequacy of existing regulatory mechanisms:** Currently, there are no statutes in Montana, Idaho, or Washington which provide state legal protection for H. aquatilis.
- E. **Other natural or manmade factors:** The narrow ecological amplitude and the apparent lack of genetic variation may predispose H. aquatilis to decline or extinction if major environmental perturbations occur (esp. drought and habitat alteration). Also, as successional changes occur in the wetland habitats, it is likely that populations disappear with declines in the associated water tables.

## II. ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- 12. **General assessment of vigor, trends, and status:** Howellia aquatilis is an annual aquatic species with narrowly defined habitat requirements, and as a result it would be intolerant of major environmental alterations. It is known from 13 sites in the Pacific Northwest (nine in Montana, three in Washington, and one in Idaho). Population sizes range from a few to many thousands of individuals, but large yearly fluctuations in population size have been observed. These fluctuations are most likely due to annual differences in climatic factors, and to variation in seed germination percentage. Some populations in Montana are large, and currently appear to be stable. However, long-term successional trends in the associated habitats probably result in the occasional disappearance of established populations. Additionally, habitat alteration is continuing in all extant portions of the range, primarily from timber harvesting, development, and alteration of bottomland habitats. Evidence from recent field surveys in Oregon and California indicates that H. aquatilis has been extirpated from these states. Owing to this curtailment of range, and the ecological and genetic factors summarized above, the species should continue to be closely monitored.
- 13. **Recommendations for listing or status change.**
  - A. **Recommendation to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service:** On the basis of information obtained during recent field surveys and biological studies, it is recommended that Howellia aquatilis be placed in Category 1, as a candidate for listing as a threatened species. The species has been extirpated from a large portion of its previously known global range, and several factors make it susceptible to further serious declines in distribution and abundance. These factors include a narrow ecological amplitude,

lack of inter- and intrapopulation genetic variation, and continuing habitat alteration in major portions of its extant range.

B. Recommendations to other U.S. federal agencies.

1. **U.S. Forest Service:** Howellia aquatilis is currently included on the sensitive (Montana) and watch (Idaho) plant lists in Region 1, and the sensitive list in Region 5. Agency objectives and policy provide for the management and protection of such species. It is recommended that H. aquatilis be retained on all of these lists.

C. Other status recommendations.

1. **Counties and local areas:** No need for regulation at county or other local levels of government is apparent at this time.
2. **States:** The species should be retained on the respective lists of each state in which it is historically or currently known to occur.
3. **Other nations:** Not currently pertinent.
4. **International Trade Convention, etc.:** None at this time.

14. **Recommended critical habitat:** Genetic studies indicate that H. aquatilis consists of one uniform genotype throughout its range (Lesica et al. 1988). This lack of genetic variation, coupled with the narrow ecological adaptation of the species, suggests that H. aquatilis is vulnerable to natural and/or artificial environmental changes. Thus, it will be important to protect populations throughout as much of the range as possible. Should the species be listed, critical habitat should be designated in all three states where it is currently extant; if it is rediscovered in Oregon or California, these areas should also be included as critical habitat.

A. **Concise statement:** Glacial pothole and riverine pond complexes in the Swan Valley, Lake and Missoula counties, Montana; bottomland habitat in the vicinity of the population along the Palouse River in Latah County, Idaho; pond complexes in Spokane County, Washington; and habitat containing the population on the Ridgefield National Wildlife Refuge in Clark County, Washington.

B. **Legal description:** The following occurrences comprise the minimum recommended critical habitat:

Idaho: Harvard (001)

Montana: Condon Creek (006, 020-031)  
Lindbergh Lake (001-004, 032-051)  
Lost Creek-Cilly Creek Ponds (008-017)  
Swan River Oxbow (005)

Washington: Spokane area (001, 003-016)  
Ridgefield (002)

Exact legal descriptions are provided in Table 1, pp. 11-27.

- C. **Latitude and longitude:** Provided in Table 1, pp. 11-27.
- D. **Publicity sensitivity of critical habitat areas:** Low to moderate at this time.

15. **Conservation/recovery recommendations.**

A. **General conservation recommendations.**

- 1. **Recommendations regarding present or anticipated activities:** Recommendations for long-term maintenance of viable populations on U.S. Forest Service lands in Montana are as follows:

- a. Protection of habitats which currently support populations. Thirty-two populations of H. aquatilis have been found on U.S. Forest Service lands. Of these, timber harvesting has occurred around 15 of them:

Condon Creek (025, 027)

Dog Creek (018)

Elk Creek (054)

Lindbergh Lake (001, 046, 047, 048)

Lost Creek-Cilly Creek Ponds (009-015)

The remaining 17 populations occur in relatively intact forest communities:

Condon Creek (006, 020-024, 026)

Dog Creek (019)

Lindbergh Lake (043-045)

Lost Creek-Cilly Creek Ponds (008, 016, 017)

Swan River West (007)

All of these populations should be considered in future land use management plans, i.e., road construction, future timber harvesting, grazing allotments, etc. In addition, since the long-term influences of disturbance adjacent to the ponds are unknown, it is especially important that the undisturbed populations be

maintained in their current condition.

- b. Notification of U.S. Forest Service personnel of locations of populations on U.S.F.S. lands. To prevent inadvertent impacts to known populations, all appropriate Flathead National Forest personnel should be provided with detailed location information. It is especially important that Ranger District timber sale managers, engineers, and other planners know the precise locations, so that disturbance may be prevented.
- c. Evaluation of projects which may affect the hydrology of habitats supporting populations. Because the ponds supporting H. aquatilis populations depend largely on run-off for water supply, impacts which may influence this source should be carefully studied. Also, projects which could result in permanent inundation or drying of the ponds should be mitigated. The hydrology of the Swan Valley is highly complex, and H. aquatilis is dependent upon intact drainage patterns.

In Washington, the Natural Heritage Program should notify all landowners of the presence of the species on their land. It is also recommended that the Turnbull National Wildlife Refuge develop a species management plan.

The population in Idaho is currently being protected by the landowner.

2. **Areas recommended for protection:** In Montana, areas with populations in numerous adjacent ponds in varying stages of succession would be best suited for protection or special management. Because H. aquatilis is found in aquatic habitats which appear to be in an earlier successional stage, an assemblage of such ponds would possibly allow for longer-term persistence of the species; as the habitats change, the species could be established (naturally or artificially) in nearby sites which are still ecologically suitable (Lesica et al. 1988). Such habitat clusters are found in the Condon Creek, Lindbergh Lake, Lost Creek-Cilly Creek, and Swan River Oxbow areas in the Swan Valley (see maps, pp. 138-147). The first three areas have been impacted by timber harvesting, and future management plans and recommendations should take these impacts into account.

In Washington, the Natural Heritage Program should identify and recommend areas for protection. In Idaho, the National Audubon Society should be notified of the occurrence on the Ownbey property so that management strategies can be developed accordingly.

3. **Management and recovery recommendations:** Owing to the narrow ecological restriction of H. aquatilis, the most

effective method of management will be to avoid impacts to habitats which are as yet undisturbed. Additionally, transplant experiments in suitable unoccupied habitat would provide information regarding the suitability of this potential recovery technique.

4. **Publicity sensitivity:** Low to moderate.
5. **Other recommendations:** None.

B. **Monitoring activities and research needs:** In Montana, a multi-year proposal to continue inventory and analysis of H. aquatilis on the Flathead National Forest has been submitted to the U.S. Forest Service. This proposal includes the following research suggestions:

1. Complete field surveys of potential habitat for H. aquatilis on Flathead National Forest lands, and evaluate the possible presence of potential habitat in other areas in northwestern Montana. Resurvey suitable habitats previously identified, but where the species was not found, to verify the reported absence of H. aquatilis from such sites.
2. Evaluate known suitable habitats identified on U.S. Forest Service lands, for inclusion in a transplant experiment to establish new populations. Conduct transplants of soil plugs from known, large populations to identified potential habitats, and monitor establishment success.
3. Continue quantitative monitoring studies established at five locations in Montana in 1988, to assess adequacy/suitability of the methodology used (line-intercept transects). Resurvey all other known populations, to obtain ongoing estimates of population size, condition, persistence, and response to management practices.
4. Evaluate the effects of wetland successional trends on the presence and quantity of suitable habitats. Investigate possible methods of maintaining such habitat, possibly through artificial methods.

In Washington, inventory efforts should continue, particularly in the forested portions of the channeled scablands in the eastern part of the state. Known sites should be periodically monitored for trends in population size. Trend information should be correlated with other site parameters, such as grazing levels and changes in vegetation composition (J. Gamon, pers. comm.).

Phalaris arundinacea has aggressively invaded many bottomland habitats in northern Idaho, and is present at the Harvard (001) site. While it does not presently appear to be encroaching on the pond containing Howellia aquatilis, it should be monitored.

**16. Interested parties:**

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Region 6  
ATTN: Dr. Jim Miller  
P.O. Box 25486  
Denver Federal Center  
Denver, CO 80225

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
ATTN: Carol Taylor  
Fish and Wildlife Enhancement  
Federal Building, 301 South Park  
P.O. Box 10023  
Helena, MT 59626

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Region 1  
ATTN: Wayne S. White  
Lloyd 500 Bldg., Suite 1692  
500 N.E. Multnomah St.  
Portland, OR 97232

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
ATTN: Dr. Robert Parenti  
4696 Overland Road  
Boise, ID 83705

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
ATTN: Dr. John Fay  
Washington, D.C. 20240

U.S. Forest Service, Region 1  
ATTN: Angela Evenden  
Federal Building  
P.O. Box 7669  
Missoula, MT 59807

U.S. Bureau of Land Management  
ATTN: Roger Rosentreter  
Idaho State Office  
3380 Americana Terrace  
Boise, ID 83706

The Nature Conservancy  
ATTN: Dr. Larry Morse  
1815 N. Lynn St.  
Arlington, VA 22209

The Nature Conservancy  
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P.O. Box 258  
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National Audubon Society  
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Ruth Ownbey  
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Robert Moseley  
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Peter Lesica  
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John Gamon  
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Mail Stop: EX-13  
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J. Stephen Shelly  
Montana Natural Heritage Program  
State Library Building  
1515 E. 6th Ave.  
Helena, MT 59620

Robert Meinke  
Oregon Department of Agriculture  
Endangered Species Program, Plant Division  
635 Capitol Street NE  
Salem, OR 97310-0110

Roxanne Bittman  
California Nongame-Heritage Program  
Dept. of Fish & Game  
1416 9th Street  
Sacramento, CA 95814

### III. INFORMATION SOURCES

#### 17. Sources of information.

##### A. Publications.

1. References cited in report: List appended (p. 72).
2. Other pertinent publications.
  - a. Technical: None known.
  - b. Popular:

Shelly, S. 1987. Rare and endangered plant profile - Howellia aquatilis. Montana Native Plant Society Newsletter 1: 2.

B. Museum collections: Specimens from Montana were examined at the University of Montana Herbarium (MONTU), and the Rocky Mountain Herbarium (RM) at the University of Wyoming. For Idaho, data from J.H. Sandberg's 1892 specimens were obtained from the U.S. National Herbarium (US) and the University of Washington Herbarium (WIU). The University of Idaho (UI) and Washington State University (WS) herbaria were also searched, but contained no Idaho collections of H. aquatilis.

Voucher specimens collected in Montana during field work for this status report are cited in the COMMENTS field of the computer printouts (Appendix A, pp. 76-130), and are deposited at MONTU. Previously collected specimens from Montana are cited in the COMMENTS or BESTSOURCE fields of these printouts. A specimen from the Idaho population is deposited at UI.

##### C. Fieldwork.

###### 1. Surveys by the authors:

###### MONTANA:

J.S. Shelly: 23-26 & 30 June, 1-17 & 28-30 July 1987; 14-15, 21-22, & 26-29 July 1988. Surveys in Lake and Missoula counties; field notes, population surveys, photographs, and herbarium specimens.

###### IDAHO:

After consultation with Ruth Ownbey, the authors searched the area near Harvard and located one pond with H. aquatilis on 6 May 1988. The pond was revisited on 14 June 1988 by R. Moseley and A. Cholewa, University of Minnesota. Population and community data were collected on this date. From 24-28 June 1988, R. Moseley searched suitable habitat in northern Idaho, from the Palouse River drainage north to the Pend

Oreille River. Sandberg's 1892 collection site could not be relocated, nor were any new populations found.

Maps indicating areas which were unsuccessfully searched in Idaho and Montana are included in Appendix A (pp. 149-166).

2. Surveys by contractor:

MONTANA:

L. Campbell: 2 & 9-10 July 1987. Surveys in Lake and Missoula counties; field notes, population surveys, and herbarium specimens.

D. Knowledgeable individuals.

Lisa Campbell  
Division of Biology  
University of Montana  
Missoula, MT 59812

Anne Morley  
P.O. Box 147  
Swan Lake, MT 59911

John Pierce  
737 Locust St.  
Missoula, MT 59802

Addresses listed under Interested Parties above:

John Gamon  
Peter Lesica  
Robert Moseley  
J. Stephen Shelly

E. Other information sources: Color slides of additional populations in Montana are on file at the Montana Natural Heritage Program (first author's address).

18. Summary of materials on file: All detailed field survey forms and field maps are on file at the respective NHP offices. The references cited in this report are on file at the Idaho and/or Montana Natural Heritage Programs.

**IV. AUTHORSHIP****19. Initial authorship:**

J. Stephen Shelly  
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Robert Moseley  
Idaho Natural Heritage Program  
Department of Game & Fish  
600 South Walnut, Box 25  
Boise, ID 83707  
(208) 334-3402

20. **Maintenance of status report:** The respective Natural Heritage Programs will maintain current information, and update the status report as needed. Should the species be listed by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, the respective USFWS offices should maintain the primary information files, encourage others to provide new information, and distribute new findings to the interested parties.

**V. NEW INFORMATION**

21. **Record of revisions:** Not currently applicable.

### Literature cited

Alt, D.D., and R.W. Hyndman. 1986. Roadside Geology of Montana. Mountain Press Publ. Co., Missoula. 427 pp.

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**APPENDIX A: Computer printouts and maps**

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.001  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 1 TENTEN: 3,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; NORTH Margin OF POND IMPACTED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1984-07-15 LASTOBS: 1987-07-30 FIRSTOBS: 1984 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472521 LONG: 1134231 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 12 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4SE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.68 AIR MILES NNE. FROM THE FIRST FORK ON  
                   LINDBERGH LAKE ROAD, CA. 2.5 MILES WEST FROM ST. HWY. 83.  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, SIUM SUAVE,  
                   RANUNCULUS GMELINII; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS CONTORTA,  
                   LARIX OCCIDENTALIS, SALIX SP. AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 4230 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 75-100+ PLANTS (1987); NORTH END OF POND IMPACTED BY  
                   LOGGING, WITH SOME SLASH PILED INTO THE WATER.

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM: -  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                   OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F875HE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDPIE01MTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 85-11-26 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 85-12-04 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.002  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 2 TENTEN: 3,5 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; NORTH & WEST MARGINS DISTURBED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1984-07-15 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1984 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472556 LONG: 1134232 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 01 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: E2NE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 1.32 AIR MILES NORTH OF THE FIRST FORK ON  
                   LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA. 2.5 MI. WEST OF ST. HWY. 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, SIUM SUAVE;  
                   POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS CONTORTA, AND LARIX OCCIDENTALIS  
                   AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 4175 SIZE: 4  
 EODATA: EST. 2000-3000 PLANTS (1987); NORTH AND WEST MARGINS OF POND  
                   DISTURBED BY LOGGING ACTIVITY; DEEPEST POND KNOWN FOR THE  
                   SPECIES IN MONTANA (CA. EIGHT FEET); SOME INDIVIDUALS VERY  
                   LARGE.  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHERS-PIERCE, J. (1199), 1984, SPECIMEN #353428 RM,  
                   #095217 UM; (1200), 1984, SPECIMEN #095256 UM.  
 MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM: -  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                   OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PND SHEO1MTUS PND PIE01MTUS S84PIERMUTUS S84  
                   PIEUMMTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 85-11-26 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 85-12-15 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-11 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.003  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 3 TENTEN: 4,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: B  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; HABITAT RELATIVELY UNDISTURBED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1983-07-24 LASTOBS: 1983-07-24 FIRSTOBS: 1983 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472516 LONG: 1134128 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: E2SW4NW4,W2SE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.1 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
               1.5 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY. 83.

GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE WITH 1 TO 2.5 FT. OF WATER OVER A FIRM  
               BOTTOM; WITH EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, SIUM SUAVE, CAREX  
               VESICARIA; POPULUS TREMULOIDES, P. TRICHOCARPA AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 4150 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: 1000+ PLANTS (1983); POND IS A SMALL GLACIAL DEPRESSION NEXT  
               TO A LARGER BOG, TO WHICH IT MAY HAVE BEEN CONNECTED  
               EARLIER.

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN  
 OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM: -  
 BESTSOURCE: PIERCE, J. 737 LOCUST ST., MISSOULA, MT 59802.

SOURCECODE: PNDPIE01MTUS U85LES02MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 85-11-26 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 85-12-15 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-11 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.004  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 4 TENTEN: 6,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EDORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; ADJACENT TO GRAVEL ROAD.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1983-07-31 LASTOBS: 1983-07-31 FIRSTOBS: 1978 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472515 LONG: 1134041 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SE4NE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, CA. 50 FT. SOUTHWEST OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD.,  
               CA. 1 MILE WEST OF ST. HWY. 83.  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL SLOUGH, IN ONE TO TWO FEET OF WATER; WITH SIUM  
               SUAVE, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, TYPHA LATIFOLIA; POPULUS,  
               PICEA, PINUS CONTORTA IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 4070 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 11-50 PLANTS (1983).

COMMENTS: VOUCHERS-MCCUNE, B. (s.n.), 1978, SPECIMEN #80889 UM;  
               SCHUYLER, A.E. (5871), 1982, SPECIMEN #091279 UM.  
 MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN  
 OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM: -  
 BESTSOURCE: PIERCE, J. 737 LOCUST ST., MISSOULA, MT 59802.

SOURCECODE: PNDPIE01MTUS S78MCCUMMTUS S82SCHUMMTUS A82MCC03MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-11 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-11 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.005  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 2 TENTEN: 2,9 IDENT: Y EORANK: A  
 EORANKCOMM: MAY BE LARGEST OCCURRENCE KNOWN; EXCELLENT CONDITION SITE.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1985-07-15 LASTOBS: 1987-06-25 FIRSTOBS: 1985 GRANK: 62  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711387  
 QUADNAME: SWAN LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475327 LONG: 1135117 S: 475316 N: 475343 E: 1135052 W: 1135125  
 TOWNRANGE: 025N018W SECTION: 35 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NW4;34,NE4NE4;26,SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: CA. 3 MILES SOUTH OF THE VILLAGE OF SWAN LAKE ON ST. HWY.  
                   83, 0.9 MILES WEST ON PORCUPINE CREEK ROAD; 0.2-0.7 AIR MI.  
                   N. OF PORCUPINE CREEK ROAD.  
 GENDESC: MARGINS OF OLD, RETIRED OXBOW OF THE SWAN RIVER, AND IN 3  
                   ADJACENT WETLAND AREAS; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, SIUM SUAVE,  
                   TYPHA LATIFOLIA; SHALLOW WATER, SOILS OF MUKEY PEAT-CLAY.  
 ELEV: 3100 SIZE: 30  
 EODATA: VERY COMMON; MAY BE LARGEST OCCURRENCE KNOWN, WITH ABOUT  
                   10000 INDIVIDUALS (1985); ELEMENT OCCURS IN 4 AREAS, IN AND  
                   ADJACENT TO THE OLD RIVER OXBOW; MANY HUNDREDS OF PLANTS  
                   OBSERVED IN 1987.  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHERS-LESICA, P. (3537) & A. SCHUYLER, 1985, UM (102131);  
                   SHELLY, J.S. (1348), UM; SCHUYLER, A.E. (6349), UM (103547).  
 MACODE1: PNCPRSWAN1MTUS CONTAINED1: N MACODE2: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED2: N  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: SWAN RIVER OXBOW  
 OWNER: THE NATURE CONSERVANCY  
 OWNERCOMM: BIG SKY FIELD OFFICE, P.O. BOX 258, HELENA, MT 59624  
 PROTCOMM: SITE PARTIALLY OCCURS ON FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST LAND.  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM: -  
 BESTSOURCE: LESICA, P. DEPT. OF BOTANY, UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA, MISSOULA,  
                   MT 59812.  
 SOURCECODE: PNDLES01MTUS PNDKIE01MTUS S85LESUMMTUS U85LES02MTUS S87  
                   SHEUMMTUS F87SHE03MTUS PNDHSHE01MTUS S85SCHUM  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 86-01-08 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 86-01-08 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.006  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 2 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; AREA THREATENED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1986-07-14 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1986 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473442 LONG: 1134217 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4NW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, WEST BASE OF SWAN RANGE UPLIFT, 3.5 AIR MILES  
               NORTH OF CONDON, 2.1 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY. 83, 0.1 AIR  
               MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: VERNAL POND, IN PINUS PONDEROSA/LARIX OCCIDENTALIS FOREST;  
               WITH SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS,  
               VERONICA CATENATA, CALLITRICHES HETEROPHYLLA.  
 ELEV: 3740 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 1000-2000 PLANTS (1987); MANY PLANTS DISTURBED BY MOOSE  
         AND/OR WATERFOWL ACTIVITY; AREA IS ACTIVELY THREATENED BY  
         LOGGING ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND TIMBER HARVESTING.  
  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER-LESICA, P. (3965), 1986, SPECIMEN #104450 UM.  
  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: CONDON CREEK  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: LESICA, PETER. DEPT. OF BOTANY, UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA,  
               MISSOULA, MT 59812.  
 SOURCECODE: PNDLES01MTUS S86LESUMMTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDCA01MTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 86-12-09 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 86-12-09 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.007  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 4 TENTEN: 2,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: AB  
 EORANKCOMM: VERY LARGE POPULATION; NEARBY STATE LAND IS LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-01 LASTOBS: 1987-07-01 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 474958 LONG: 1135131 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N018W SECTION: 14 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4SE4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: WEST SIDE OF SWAN VALLEY, 1.4 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY. 83;  
               0.57 AIR MILE WEST OF SWAN RIVER; CA. 6.5 AIR MILES SOUTH OF  
               SWAN LAKE (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: IN TWO SMALL, ADJACENT GLACIAL POTHOLES, IN 1-2 FEET OF  
               WATER; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, SIUM  
               SUAVE; POPULUS TRICHOCarpa, BETULA PAPYRIFERA AROUND PONDS.  
 ELEV: 3190 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: ABOUT 3000-4000 PLANTS, POSSIBLY MORE; VERY DENSE, AND  
               FORMING MATS, IN WEST POND; THE TWO PONDS, WHICH ARE  
               SEPARATED BY A SALIX BORDER, ARE JOINED BY HIGHER WATER IN  
               THE SPRING.  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER-SHELLY, J.S. (1356), 1987, MONTU.  
               pH = 7.20 IN WEST POND.  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: SWAN RIVER WEST  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-08-20 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-08-21 JEG QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.008

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 5 TENTEN: 4,1 IDENT: Y EORANK: B

SURVEYSITE: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS

EORANKCOMM: LARGE, VIGOROUS POPULATION; IN GOOD CONDITION HABITAT.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1988-07-21 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE

QUADCODE: 4711377

QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK

PRECISION: SC

LAT: 475148 LONG: 1134933 S: Ø N: Ø E: Ø W: Ø

TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 06 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: NW4SW4SE4

PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH:

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, CA. 4.5 AIR MILES SSE. OF SWAN LAKE (TOWN);  
0.3 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY. 83; 0.68 AIR MILES SSW. OF  
CONFLUENCE OF NORTH AND SOUTH FORKS LOST CREEK.

GENDESC: THROUGHTOUT A GLACIAL POTHOLE POND, BOTTOM SOIL OF CONSOLIDATED CLAY MUCK; WITH SIUM SUAVE, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, GLYCERIA BOREALIS, CAREX VESICARIA, POTAMOGETON, ELEOCHARIS.

ELEV: 3190 SIZE: 2

EODATA: EST. 2000-3000 PLANTS, IN A SINGLE POND; SURROUNDED BY A RELATIVELY UNDISTURBED FOREST, WHICH WAS REPORTEDLY LIGHTLY SELECTIVELY LOGGED IN ABOUT 1910.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER-SHELLY, J.S. (1358) AND ANNE MORLEY, 1987, MONTU.  
pH=7.57.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:

SITENAME:

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS PNDMOR01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-08-31 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-09-04 JSS QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-11-04 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.009

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 6 TENTEN: 5,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: C

SURVEYSITE: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS

EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION, ADJACENT FOREST PREVIOUSLY LOGGED.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-01 LASTOBS: 1988-07-21 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE

QUADCODE: 4711377

QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC

LAT: 475137 LONG: 1134907 S: 0 N: 0 E: 0 W: 0

TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: NE4NE4NE4

PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH:

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.6 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY. 83, 0.6 AIR  
MILES SOUTH OF SOUTH FORK LOST CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE  
OF SWAN LAKE (TOWN).GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL POND, ORGANIC CLAY BOTTOM;  
WITH EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, CAREX VESICARIA, SIUM SUAVE;  
POPULUS TRICHOCARPA BORDERING POND.

ELEV: 3250 SIZE: 3

EODATA: EST. 500-600 PLANTS (1987); SPECIES DOES NOT OCCUPY ALL OF  
THE AVAILABLE, SUITABLE HABITAT AT THIS SITE; AREAS AROUND  
SOUTH AND EAST SIDES OF POND CLEARCUT CA. 15 YEARS AGO.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER-SHELLY, J.S. (1357) AND ANNE MORLEY, 1987, UM.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:

SITENAME:

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS PNDMOR01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-09 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-11-04 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.010  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 7 TENTEN: 5,1 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION. NEARBY FOREST PREVIOUSLY LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-01 LASTOBS: 1987-07-01 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475150 LONG: 1134857 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 05 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NW4SW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.75 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.3 AIR  
               MILES SOUTH OF SOUTH FORK LOST CREEK, CA. 4.7 AIR MILES SSE  
               OF SWAN LAKE (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: IN 0.5-2 FT. OF WATER; IN NW ARM OF A GLACIAL POND; ORGANIC  
               CLAY BOTTOM; WITH EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, CAREX VESICARIA,  
               SIUM SUAVE; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA BORDERING POND.  
 ELEV: 3230 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 200-300 PLANTS (1987); FLOWERS AND CLEISTOGAMOUS FRUIT;  
               SPECIES DOES NOT OCCUPY ALL OF THE AVAILABLE, SUITABLE HABI-  
               TAT AT THIS SITE; AREAS AROUND SOUTH AND EAST SIDES OF POND  
               CLEARCUT CA. 15 YEARS AGO.  
 COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
               WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT).  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOURI COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDHSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-08-25 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.011  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 8 TENTEN: 6,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION, AREA DISTURBED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1987-07-07 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475120 LONG: 1134826 S: 475119 N: 475122 E: 1134819 W: 1134831  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: E2SE4NW4, NW4SW4NE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 1.05-1.2 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.25 AIR  
               MILES NNE OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN LAKE  
               (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: SINGLE, LARGE POND; SOIL FIRM CLAY TO UNCONSOLIDATED MUCK;  
               WITH SPARGANIUM MINIMUM, SIUM SUAVE, POTAMOGETON GRAMINEUS,  
               NUPHAR VARIEGATUM.  
 ELEV: 3290 SIZE: 5  
 EODATA: EST. 100-200 PLANTS (1987), ON SOUTHWEST, NORTH AND EAST  
               MARGINS; PAST LOGGING DISTURBANCE IN THE AREA.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
               WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT).

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-09-02 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.012  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 9 TENTEN: 6,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION; SURROUNDING FOREST LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1987-07-07 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475125 LONG: 1134848 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4SW4NW4,SE4NW4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.83 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.37 AIR  
               MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
               LAKE (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION, SOILS FAIRLY UN-  
               CONSOLIDATED; WITH NUPHAR VARIEGATUM, SIUM SUAVE, POTAMOGE-  
               TON SP., POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, BETULA PAPYRIFERA AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 3235 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 400-500 PLANTS (1987); MUCH OF POND HAS NO VEGETATION;  
               LOGGING HAS OCCURRED AROUND POND.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
               WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT).

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOURI COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.013

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 10 TENTEN: 5,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: C

SURVEYSITE: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS

EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; SURROUNDING FOREST LOGGED.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1988-07-21 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE

QUADCODE: 4711377

QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC

LAT: 475124 LONG: 1134852 S: 0 N: 0 E: 0 W: 0

TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: N2SW4NW4

PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH:

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.79 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.36 AIR MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN LAKE (TOWN).

GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; OPENINGS AMONG CAREX VESICARIA, WITH SIUM SUAVE, ELEOCHARIS PALUSTRIS, CAREX ROSTRATA; POPULUS TRICHOCarpa, BETULA PAPYRIFERA AROUND POND

ELEV: 3240 SIZE: 2

EODATA: EST. 1000-1500 PLANTS (1987); LOGGING HAS OCCURRED AROUND POND.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1959) AND ANNE MORLEY, 1987, MONTU.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:

SITENAME:

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOURI COS. OF 23-26 &amp; 30 JUNE, 1-17 &amp; 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-11-04 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.014  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 11 TENTEN: 5,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION; SURROUNDING FOREST LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1987-07-07 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475124 LONG: 1134857 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NW4SW4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.72 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.4 AIR  
               MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
               LAKE (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; AROUND LOGS & IN  
               OPENINGS AMONG CAREX VESICARIA, WITH SIUM SUAVE, POTAMOGETON  
               SPP; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES, BETULA PAPYRIFERA.  
 ELEV: 3245 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 300-400 PLANTS (1987); LOGGING HAS OCCURRED IN ADJACENT  
               FORESTS.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
               WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT); pH = 7.00.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: FB7SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.015  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 12 TENTEN: 5,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION; SURROUNDING FOREST LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1987-07-07 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475121 LONG: 1134856 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NW4SW4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.73 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.32 AIR  
                   MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
                   LAKE (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH CAREX VESICA-  
                   RIA, SIUM SUAVE, VERONICA CATENATA, SALIX spp.; POPULUS TRI-  
                   CHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES BORDERING POND.  
 ELEV: 3245 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 300+ PLANTS (1987); LOGGING HAS OCCURRED IN ADJACENT  
                   FORESTS; THIS POND WAS DRYING FASTER THAN OTHERS AT THIS  
                   SITE.  
  
 COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
                   WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT).  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                   OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.016  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 13 TENTEN: 5,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION; ADJACENT TO LOGGING ROAD.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1987-07-07 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475111 LONG: 1134857 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NW4NW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.71 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.17 AIR  
               MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
               LAKE (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH CAREX VESICA-  
               RIA, SIUM SUAVE; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA BORDERING POND.  
 ELEV: 3240 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 400+ PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT TO LOGGING ROAD.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
               WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT).  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.017  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 14 TENTEN: 6,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; ADJACENT TO LOGGING ROAD.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-07 LASTOBS: 1987-07-07 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711377  
 QUADNAME: CILLY CREEK PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 475110 LONG: 1134845 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 024N017W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4NW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.85 AIR MILES EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.1 AIR  
               MILES NORTH OF CILLY CREEK, CA. 5.0 AIR MILES SSE OF SWAN  
               LAKE (TOWN).  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH CAREX VESI-  
               CARIA, SIUM SUAVE, POTAMOGETON, CAREX ROSTRATA, POTENTILLA  
               PALUSTRIS; POPULUS TREMULOIDES AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 3230 SIZE: 3  
 EODATA: EST. 10-12 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT TO LOGGING ROAD; THIS  
               DEPRESSION WAS MUCH DRYER THAN THE OTHERS, HOWELLIA  
               AQUATILIS PRESENT IN A FEW PUDDLES; HABITAT MAY BE MORE  
               ADVANCED SUCCESSIONALLY THAN NEARBY PONDS.  
 COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD; NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
               WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT).  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LOST CREEK-CILLY CREEK PONDS  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDHSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-11 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.018  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 4 TENTEN: 2,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION; SURROUNDING FOREST LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-14 LASTOBS: 1987-07-14 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473618 LONG: 1134412 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N017W SECTION: 02 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SE4NW4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, EAST SIDE OF FLATHEAD N.F. RD. #899 NEAR JUNCTION WITH RD. #124, 0.35 AIR MILES NORTH OF LAKE-MISSOULA COUNTY LINE, CA. 5.5 AIR MILES NNW OF CONDON.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA, TYPHA LATIFOLIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES, SALIX SP. AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 3660 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 200+ PLANTS (1987); SURROUNDING FOREST LOGGED.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1870) AND ANNE MORLEY, 1987, MONTU.  
 pH=6.78.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: DOG CREEK

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS. OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.019  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 5 TENTEN: 1,2 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION; ADJACENT FOREST IN GOOD CONDITION  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-14 LASTOBS: 1987-07-14 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473618 LONG: 1134441 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N017W SECTION: 02 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: S2NE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.33 AIR MILES WEST OF JUNCTION OF FLATHEAD NF  
               RDS. 899 AND 124, 0.33 AIR MILES NORTH OF LAKE-MISSOULA CO.  
               LINE, CA. 5.5 AIR MILES NNW OF CONDON.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH EQUISETUM FLU-  
               VIATILE, SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA, ALISMA TRIVIALE; POPU-  
               LUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES, PINPON, LAROCC AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 3580 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 150-200 PLANTS (1987); FOREST IMMEDIATELY SURROUNDING  
         POND IN GOOD CONDITION, FAIRLY UNDISTURBED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED; SITE SURVEYED  
               WITH ANNE MORLEY (SWAN LAKE, MT).

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: DOG CREEK

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDMOR01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.020

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 6 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C

SURVEYSITE: CONDON CREEK

EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; AREA BEING LOGGED.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1988-07-22 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS

QUADCODE: 4711356

QUADNAME: CONDON

PRECISION: SC

LAT: 473433 LONG: 1134212 S: Ø N: Ø E: Ø W: Ø

TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: SW4NE4SW4

PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH:

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.3 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.13 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.25 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.

ELEV: 3740 SIZE: 2

EODATA: EST. 1000 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED. pH=7.28.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:

SITENAME:

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDLES01MTUS PNDCAM01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-11-04 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.021  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 7 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; AREA BEING LOGGED  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: 62  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473432 LONG: 1134216 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4NE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.3 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.08 AIR MILES  
               EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.28 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
               CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
               OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3740 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 50 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: CONDON CREEK  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDLES01MTUS PNDCAM01MTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.022  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 8 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; AREA BEING LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: 62  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473431 LONG: 1134207 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4NE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.28 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.18 AIR MILES  
               EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.27 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
               CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
               OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3750 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 200 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS	CONTAINED1: Y	MACODE2:	CONTAINED2:
MACODE3:	CONTAINED3:	ADLMAS:	MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: CONDON CREEK  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDLES01MTUS PNDCAM01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.023  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 9 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; AREA BEING LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473427 LONG: 1134214 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NW4SE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.2 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.10 AIR MILES  
               EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.35 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
               CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
               OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3740 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: 3 PLANTS (1987); SEVERAL HUNDRED PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1986 BY  
               P. LESICA; NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: CONDON CREEK

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDLES01MTUS PNDCAM01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.024  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 10 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; AREA BEING LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473422 LONG: 1134212 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4SE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.09 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.10 AIR MILES  
               EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.47 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
               CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
               OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3740 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 30 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: CONDON CREEK

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: CAMPBELL, L. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 2 JULY AND 9-10 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87CAM01MTUS PNDCAM01MTUS PNDLES01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.025  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 11 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; POND MARGIN IMPACTED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473421 LONG: 1134206 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: S2SE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.08 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.18 AIR MILES  
               EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.45 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
               CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
               OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3750 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 25 PLANTS (1987); POND MARGINS RECENTLY DISTURBED BY  
               LOGGING.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: CONDON CREEK  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: CAMPBELL, L. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 2 JULY AND 9-10 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87CAM01MTUS PNDCAM01MTUS PNDLES01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.026  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 12 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; AREA BEING LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473432 LONG: 1134225 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SE4NW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.29 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.97 AIR MILES  
               EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.28 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
               CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
               OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3710 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 200-300 PLANTS (1987); NEARBY FORESTS RECENTLY LOGGED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS	CONTAINED1: Y	MACODE2:	CONTAINED2:
MACODE3:	CONTAINED3:	ADLMAS:	MORELAN: MOREPROT:
MOREMGMT: SITECODE:			
SITENAME: CONDON CREEK			
OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST			
OWNERCOMM:			
PROTCOMM:			
MGMTCOMM:			
MONITOR:		MONITORNUM:	
BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS. OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.			
SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS			
DATASENS: Y	BOUNDARIES: Y	PHOTOS: N	OWNERINFO:
TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS	CDREV: Y	MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ	QC: Y
UPDATE: 87-11-23 CDJ			

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.027  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 13 TENTEN: 4,4 IDENT: Y EDRANK: D  
 SURVEYSITE: CONDON CREEK  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; POND MARGIN IMPACTED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1988-07-22 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473426 LONG: 1134233 S: Ø N: Ø E: Ø W: Ø  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: NW4SW4SW4

PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH:  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.18 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.84 AIR MILES  
 EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.40 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.

GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
 CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
 OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.

ELEV: 3690 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 300 PLANTS (1987); SOUTH MARGIN OF POND RECENTLY DIS-  
 TURBED BY LOGGING.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED. pH=7.66.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:

SITENAME:

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOURA COS.  
 OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-11-04 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.028  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMMONNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 14 TENTEN: 3,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; ADJACENT USFS LAND RECENTLY LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473422 LONG: 1134240 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N017W SECTION: 13 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SE4SE4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.09 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.75 AIR MILES  
                  EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.48 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
                  CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
                  OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3685 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 200-250 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT USFS LAND RECENTLY  
                  LOGGED.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: CONDON CREEK  
 OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                  OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F875HE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.029  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMMONNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 15 TENTEN: 4,5 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; POND MARGINS IMPACTED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473415 LONG: 1134228 S: 0 N: 0 E: 0 W: 0  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 19 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NW4NW4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 2.97 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.88 AIR MILES  
 EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.59 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
           CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
           OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3690 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 200-300 PLANTS (1987); POND MARGINS RECENTLY DISTURBED  
         BY LOGGING.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: CONDON CREEK  
 OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
           OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.030  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMMONNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 16 TENTEN: 4,5 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; POND MARGINS IMPACTED BY LOGGING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-02 LASTOBS: 1987-07-02 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711356  
 QUADNAME: CONDON PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473416 LONG: 1134204 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 021N016W SECTION: 19 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4NE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 2.99 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 2.19 AIR MILES  
                  EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.55 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.  
 GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
                  CAREX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, PINUS PONDEROSA, LARIX  
                  OCCIDENTALIS IN SURROUNDING FOREST.  
 ELEV: 3740 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 1000 PLANTS (1987); POND MARGINS RECENTLY DISTURBED BY  
                  LOGGING.

COMMENTS: SIGHT RECORD, NO VOUCHER SPECIMEN COLLECTED.

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: CONDON CREEK  
 OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: CAMPBELL, L. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                  OF 2 JULY AND 9-10 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87CAM01MTUS PNDCAM01MTUS PNDLES01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.031

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 17 TENTEN: 3,4 IDENT: Y EORANK: D

EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; AREA DISTURBED BY LOGGING.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-15 LASTOBS: 1987-07-15 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS

QUADCODE: 4711356

QUADNAME: CONDON

PRECISION: SC

LAT: 473436 LONG: 1134315 S: O N: O E: O W: O

TOWNRANGE: 021N017W SECTION: 13 MERIDIAN: PR

TRSCOMM: E2NE4SW4,W2NW4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 3.36 AIR MILES NORTH OF CONDON, 1.33 AIR MILES  
EAST OF ST. HWY 83, 0.32 AIR MILES SOUTH OF CONDON CREEK.GENDESC: IN SHALLOW WATER OF A GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
TYPHA LATIFOLIA, GLYCERIA BOREALIS; POPULUS TREMULOIDES,  
LARIX OCCIDENTALIS, SALIX SP. AROUND POND.

ELEV: 3620 SIZE: 2

EODATA: EST. 150-175 PLANTS (1987); AREA DISTURBED BY LOGGING IN THE  
PAST; POND ADJACENT TO A LOGGING ROAD; PLANTS FOUND IN CALM,  
SHALLOW AREAS UNDER SHRUBS BORDERING POND, AND ADJACENT TO  
LOGS.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1373), 1987, MONTU. pH=7.13.

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: CONDON CREEK

OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-10 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.032  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMMONNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: B TENTEN: 5,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: B  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; HABITAT RELATIVELY UNDISTURBED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1983-07-24 LASTOBS: 1983-07-24 FIRSTOBS: 1983 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472511 LONG: 1134134 S: 0 N: 0 E: 0 W: 0  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SE4SW4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.16 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
                   1.75 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE, IN ONE TO TWO FEET OF WATER; WITH EQUISETUM  
               FLUVIATILE, SIUM SUAVE, TYPHA, CAREX ROSTRATA; POPULUS TRI-  
               CHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 4165 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 101-1000 PLANTS (1983).

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN  
 OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM: -  
 BESTSOURCE: PIERCE, J. 737 LOCUST ST., MISSOULA, MT 59802  
  
 SOURCECODE: PNDPIE01MTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-12 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.033  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 9 TENTEN: 5,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; ADJACENT TO GRAVEL ROAD.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1983-07-04 LASTOBS: 1983-07-04 FIRSTOBS: 1983 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472520 LONG: 1134119 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: N2SE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.05 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
                   1.5 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL DEPRESSION, IN WATER ON EAST EDGE OF BOG; WITH UTRICULARIA, SPARGANIUM, RANUNCULUS; UNDER OVERHANGING POPULUS TREMULOIDES, POPTRI, SALIX AND CORNU.  
 ELEV: 4130 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 50 PLANTS (1983); THIS SLOUGH HAS A FLOATING SEDGE MAT, AND IS DOMINATED BY TYPHA, AND THUS IS APPARENTLY MORE SUCCESSIONALLY ADVANCED THAN OTHERS IN THE AREA.  
  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER - PIERCE, J. (1166), 1983, SPECIMEN #092257 UM.  
  
 MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN  
 OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: PIERCE, J. 737 LOCUST ST., MISSOULA, MT 59802  
  
 SOURCECODE: PNDPIE01MTUS S83PIEUMMTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-12 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.034  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 10 TENTEN: 5,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: B  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; HABITAT RELATIVELY UNDISTURBED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1983-07-24 LASTOBS: 1983-07-24 FIRSTOBS: 1983 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472507 LONG: 1134116 S: 0 N: 0 E: 0 W: 0  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4NE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.3 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
                   1.5 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE, WITH FIRM BOTTOM; WITH SIUM SUAVE, CAREX  
                   ROSTRATA, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE.  
  
 ELEV: 4145 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 11-100 PLANTS (1983).

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN  
 OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: PIERCE, J. 737 LOCUST ST., MISSOULA, MT 59802  
  
 SOURCECODE: PNDPIE01MTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-12 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.035  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMMONNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 11 TENTEN: 5,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: B  
 EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; HABITAT RELATIVELY UNDISTURBED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1983-07-24 LASTOBS: 1983-07-24 FIRSTOBS: 1983 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472502 LONG: 1134114 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: E2NE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.38 AIR MILES SOUTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
                   1.5 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE, IN 0.5-1.5 FEET OF WATER; WITH SIUM SUAVE,  
                   CAREX ROSTRATA.  
 ELEV: 4150 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 51-1000 PLANTS (1983).

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN  
 OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: PIERCE, J. 737 LOCUST ST., MISSOULA, MT 59802  
 SOURCECODE: PNDPIE01MTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-12 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.036

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 12 TENTEN: 5,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: C

EORANKCOMM: MEDIUM-SIZED POPULATION; ADJACENT TO GRAVEL ROAD.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS

QUADCODE: 4711346

QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC

LAT: 472514 LONG: 1134148 S: O N: O E: O W: O

TOWNRANGE: O19N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR

TRSCOMM: SW4SW4NW4;T19NR17W:+ PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211

DIRECTIONS: ALSO 12SE4SE4NE4; SWAN VALLEY, SOUTH SIDE OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA. 1.87 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, SIUM SUAVE, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, SALIX spp.; POPULUS TREMULOIDES, P. TRICHOCARPA, LAROCC, PICENG AROUND EDGE.

ELEV: 4190 SIZE: 1

EODATA: EST. 100-125 PLANTS (1987); PLANTS ARE FOUND AT SOUTHEAST END OF POND, ON SECTION LINE.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1394), 1987, UM.

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: N MACODE2: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED2: N  
MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE

OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN

OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.037  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 13 TENTEN: 4,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; POND DISTURBED BY LOGGING ACTIVITY.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472551 LONG: 1134203 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 01 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4NE4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.93 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
                   1.69 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH TYPHA LATIFOLIA, ALISMA TRIVIALE,  
               SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA, UTRICULARIA VULGARIS; POPULUS  
               TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES, LARIX OCCIDENTALIS AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 4170 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 10-15 PLANTS (1987); POND DISTURBED BY HEAVY LOGGING ON  
               ALL SIDES; PLANTS FOUND IN SOUTH END OF POND.

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.038

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 14 TENTEN: 4,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: C

EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; POND DISTURBED BY LOGGING ACTIVITY.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS

QUADCODE: 4711346

QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE

PRECISION: SC

LAT: 472608 LONG: 1134215 S: O N: O E: O W: O

TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 01 MERIDIAN: PR

TRSCOMM: E25W4NE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 1.33 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
1.62 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA,  
EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, GLYCERIA BOREALIS, SPARGANIUM MINIMUM;  
POPULUS TRICHOCarpa, LAROCC, PINCON AROUND POND.

ELEV: 4130 SIZE: 2

EODATA: EST. 1000-1200 PLANTS (1987); POND DISTURBED BY HEAVY  
LOGGING ON ALL SIDES.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1395), 1987, UM.

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE

OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.039  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 15 TENTEN: 3,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; LOGGING DAMAGE ON NORTHEAST SIDE.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1984 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472550 LONG: 1134244 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: O19N017W SECTION: 01 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4NE4SW4,SE4NW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 1.25 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
               2.21 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH GLYCERIA BOREALIS, SIUM SUAVE, CAR-  
           EX VESICARIA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES, PINUS  
           CONTORTA, LARIX OCCIDENTALIS, SALIX spp. AROUND EDGE.  
 ELEV: 4190 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 1000-1500 PLANTS (1987); POND DAMAGED BY LOGGING ON  
           NORTHEAST SIDE.

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDPIE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.040  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 16 TENTEN: 3,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: B  
 EORANKCOMM: FAIRLY LARGE POPULATION; SURROUNDING FOREST UNDISTURBED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1984 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472539 LONG: 1134244 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 01 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4SE4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 1.03 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., CA.  
                   2.32 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA, TY-  
               PHA LATIFOLIA, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, GLYCERIA BOREALIS; POP-  
               ULUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES, PINUS CONTORTA AROUND EDGE  
 ELEV: 4225 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 300-400 PLANTS (1987); FOREST IMMEDIATELY SURROUNDING  
         POND CURRENTLY UNDISTURBED.

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE

OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                   OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDPIE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.041  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 17 TENTEN: 6,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; POND HEAVILY DISTURBED BY GRAZING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472541 LONG: 1134028 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 05 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: W2SW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.6 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., 0.53  
 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH SIUM SUAVE, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE,  
           CAREX VESICARIA, C. ROSTRATA, ALISMA TRIVIALE, POTAMOGETON  
           GRAMINEUS; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES AROUND EDGE.  
 ELEV: 4015 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: FOUR PLANTS (1987); POND AND SURROUNDING FOREST UNDERSTORY  
         HEAVILY DISTURBED BY LIVESTOCK GRAZING; PLANTS FOUND ON EAST  
         EDGE OF POND.

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: HORACE H. KOESSLER  
 OWNERCOMM: P.O. BOX 3718, MISSOULA, MT 59806  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
           OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.042  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 18 TENTEN: 6,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: D  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; POND DISTURBED BY LIVESTOCK GRAZING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472544 LONG: 1134024 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 05 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: N2SW4SW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.7 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., 0.43  
 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH SIUM SUAVE, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE,  
 CAREX VESICARIA, C. ROSTRATA, ALISMA TRIVIALE; POPULUS TRI-  
 CHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES, RHAMNUS ALNIFOLIA AROUND EDGE.

ELEV: 3995 SIZE: 3

EODATA: EST. 50-60 PLANTS (1987); POND AND SURROUNDING FOREST UNDER-  
 STORY DISTURBED BY LIVESTOCK GRAZING; PLANTS FOUND IN NORTH,  
 NE, AND SOUTH PORTIONS OF POND; MOST PLANTS FOUND IN AN ARM  
 ON NE SIDE OF POND.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1393), 1987, UM.

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS	CONTAINED1: Y	MACODE2:	CONTAINED2:
MACODE3:	CONTAINED3:	ADLMAS:	MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE

OWNER: HORACE H. KOESSLER

OWNERCOMM: P.O. BOX 3718, MISSOULA, MT 59806

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
 OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y	BOUNDARIES: Y	PHOTOS: Y	OWNERINFO:
TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-12 JSS	CDREV: Y	MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ	QC: Y
UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ			

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.043  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 19 TENTEN: 3,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; HABITAT CURRENTLY UNDISTURBED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-30 LASTOBS: 1987-07-30 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: 62  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472526 LONG: 1134303 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 12 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4NW4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.76 AIR MILES NORTH OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD.,  
               2.68 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
 GENDESC: SMALL GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, ALOPECURUS  
               AEQUALIS, SIUM SUAVE; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMULOIDES,  
               PINUS CONTORTA, LARIX OCCIDENTALIS AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 4280 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 20-25 PLANTS (1987).

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
               OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-13 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.044  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 20 TENTEN: 4,6 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; ADJACENT TO A GRAVEL ROAD.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-29 LASTOBS: 1987-07-29 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472508 LONG: 1134156 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 12 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: S2SE4NE4, N2NE4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, SOUTHEAST OF LINDBERGH LAKE RD., 2.0 AIR MILES  
 WEST OF ST. HWY 83.

GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE DEPRESSION; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, SIUM  
 SUAVE, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P. TREMU-  
 LOIDES, PINUS CONTORTA, LARIX OCCIDENTALIS AROUND POND.  
 ELEV: 4215 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 275-400 PLANTS (1987); POND IS ALONGSIDE A HEAVILY USED  
 GRAVEL ROAD, AND IS UNDER A POWER LINE.

## COMMENTS:

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
 OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDPIE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-13 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.045  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 21 TENTEN: 6,8 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: FAIRLY SMALL POPULATION, NEARBY AREAS LOGGED.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-10 LASTOBS: 1987-07-10 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472354 LONG: 1134058 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SE4SW4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 1.83 AIR MILES ESE OF NORTH END OF LINDBERGH  
                  LAKE, 1.08 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, CA. 2.0 AIR MILES  
                  WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND, SURROUNDED BY PINUS CONTORTA FOREST,  
                  POPULUS TREMULOIDES NEAR MARGIN; WITH CAREX VESICARIA,  
                  EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, POTAMOGETON GRAMINEUS, SIUM SUAVE.  
 ELEV: 4250 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 300 PLANTS (1987).

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1364) AND L. CAMPBELL, 1987, UM.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: CAMPBELL, L. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                  OF 2 JULY AND 9-10 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87CAM01MTUS PNDCA01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS PND SHE01MTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-09-01 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 LWS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.046

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 22 TENTEN: 5,7 IDENT: Y EORANK: D

EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; SURROUNDING HABITAT DISTURBED BY LOGGING.

SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-10 LASTOBS: 1987-07-10 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS

QUADCODE: 4711346

QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC

LAT: 472434 LONG: 1134141 S: O N: O E: O W: O

TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR

TRSCOMM: SW4NW4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.58 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 2.13 AIR  
MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA,  
TYPHA, RANUNCULUS GMELINII, POTAMOGETON GRAMINEUS.

ELEV: 4230 SIZE: 1

EODATA: EST. 50 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT AREAS DISTURBED BY CLEARCUT  
LOGGING.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1368) AND L. CAMPBELL, 1987, UM.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: CAMPBELL, L. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 2 JULY AND 9-10 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F87CAM01MTUS PNDCA01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-13 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y

UPDATE: 87-11-17 LWS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.047  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 23 TENTEN: 5,7 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MED.-SIZED POPULATION; SURROUNDING AREA DISTURBED BY LOGGING  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-10 LASTOBS: 1987-07-10 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472433 LONG: 1134127 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4NE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.5 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 1.95 AIR  
 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL DEPRESSION; WITH SIUM SUAVE, CAREX VESICARIA, TYPHA  
           LATIFOLIA, NUPHAR VARIEGATUM, ELEOCHARIS PALUSTRIS, SPAR-  
           GANUM MINIMUM; ALNUS ON EDGES, NO POPULUS.  
 ELEV: 4215 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 200 PLANTS (1987); POND LOCATED ON EDGE OF A CLEARCUT.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1365) AND L. CAMPBELL, 1987, UM.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: CAMPBELL, L. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
           OF 2 JULY AND 9-10 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87CAM01MTUS PNDCCAM01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-13 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 LWS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.048  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 24 TENTEN: 5,7 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MED.-SIZED POPULATION; SURROUNDING AREA DISTURBED BY LOGGING  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-10 LASTOBS: 1987-07-10 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472432 LONG: 1134122 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 18 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4NE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.5 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 1.89 AIR  
 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH CAREX VESICARIA, SIUM SUAVE,  
 EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, TYPHA LATIFOLIA.  
  
 ELEV: 4215 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 250 PLANTS (1987); ADJACENT AREAS DISTURBED BY CLEARCUT  
 LOGGING.  
  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1366) AND L. CAMPBELL, 1987, UM.  
  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: CAMPBELL, L. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
 OF 2 JULY AND 9-10 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87CAM01MTUS PNDCA01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-13 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 LWS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.049  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 25 TENTEN: 6,7 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION; ADJACENT TO NEW LOGGING ROAD.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-10 LASTOBS: 1987-07-10 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472444 LONG: 1134107 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N016W SECTION: 07 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SW4SW4SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.16 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, 1.60 AIR  
 MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH CAREX ROSTRATA, C. VESICARIA,  
           RANUNCULUS GMELINII, R. AQUATILIS, ALOPECURUS AEQUALIS;  
           POPULUS spp., ALNUS INCANA, SALIX spp. AROUND EDGE.  
 ELEV: 4150 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 1500-2000 PLANTS (1987); POND IS ON NORTH SIDE OF A  
         NEWLY CONSTRUCTED LOGGING ROAD, JUST NORTH OF USFS BOUNDARY.  
  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1369) AND L. CAMPBELL, 1987, UM.  
           pH=7.29.  
 MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: PAT HALTERMAN  
 OWNERCOMM: LINDBERGH LAKE RD., SEELEY LAKE, MT 59868.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
           OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS PNDCA01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-11-13 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 CDJ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.050  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 26 TENTEN: 4,7 IDENT: Y EORANK: B  
 EORANKCOMM: FAIRLY LARGE POPULATION; POND IN UNDISTURBED SETTING.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-10 LASTOBS: 1987-07-10 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472437 LONG: 1134232 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 13 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4NE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.25 AIR MILES ENE OF SWAN RIVER OUTLET FROM  
                   CYGNET LAKE, 0.1 AIR MILES SOUTH OF SWAN RIVER, CA. 2.8 AIR  
                   MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND, BOTTOM OF CONSOLIDATED CLAY MUCK; EDGE-  
                   CORNUS STOLONIFERA, RHAMNUS ALNIFOLIA, SALIX spp.; WATER-  
                   GLYCERIA BOREALIS, SIUM SUAVE, CAREX ATERODES, C. VESICARIA.  
 ELEV: 4295 SIZE: 3  
 EODATA: EST. 500-1000 PLANTS (1987); MOSTLY ON THE POND Margin, IN  
                   THE MORE OPEN ZONE BETWEEN THE EMERGENT VEGETATION AND THE  
                   SHORELINE, UNDER OVERHANGING SHRUB COVER; A FEW PLANTS OUT  
                   IN DEEPER WATER.  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1367), 1987, UM.  
  
 MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: ROBERT E. HARDY  
 OWNERCOMM: 42 SHERWOOD PLACE, GREENWICH, CT 06830  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                   OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-09-01 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-08 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAMOA010.051  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMMONNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 27 TENTEN: 4,8 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; NEWLY CONSTRUCTED LOGGING ROADS IN AREA.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-07-16 LASTOBS: 1987-07-16 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472335 LONG: 1134229 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 019N017W SECTION: 24 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: NE4SE4NW4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.91 AIR MILES EAST OF EAST SHORE OF LINDBERGH  
                   LAKE, 0.8 AIR MILES SSE OF SOUTH SHORE OF CYGNET LAKE, CA.  
                   3.3 AIR MILES WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
 GENDESC: SMALL POND, SURROUNDED BY FOREST OF POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P.  
                   TREMULOIDES, PINUS CONTORTA, LARIX OCCIDENTALIS; WITH CAREX  
                   VESICARIA AND SIUM SUAVE; BOTTOM OF FIRM CLAY.  
 ELEV: 4425 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 100-125 PLANTS (1987); VERY SMALL POND, MOSTLY DRY EX-  
                   CEPT FOR CENTER WHERE PLANTS WERE FOUND.  
  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1375), 1987, UM.  
                   pH=6.85.  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT1MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
  
 MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: LINDBERGH LAKE  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1987. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
                   OF 23-26 & 30 JUNE, 1-17 & 28-30 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F87SHE03MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S87SHEUMMTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-09-02 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-01-12 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCA0A010.052  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 28 TENTEN: 1,3 IDENT: Y EORANK: C  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE-SIZED POPULATION; ADJACENT TO ROAD.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1987-08-21 LASTOBS: 1987-08-21 FIRSTOBS: 1987 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S1 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711346  
 QUADNAME: CYGNET LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 472829 LONG: 1134432 S: O N: O E: O W: O  
 TOWNRANGE: 020N017W SECTION: 22 MERIDIAN: PR  
 TRSCOMM: SE4 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, CA. 0.5 AIR MILES WNW OF NORTH END OF STONER  
                  LAKE, 0.35 AIR MILES EAST OF GLACIER CREEK, 3.15 AIR MILES  
                  WEST OF ST. HWY 83.  
 GENDESC: MARSHY AREA ON EDGE OF A GLACIAL POTHOLE POND; WITH CAREX  
                  VESICARIA, SIUM SUAVE, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, RANUNCULUS  
                  AQUATILIS.  
 ELEV: 4010 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 200 PLANTS (1987); A FEW PLANTS IN MUD ON POND MARGIN  
                  STILL FLOWERING ON DATE OF SURVEY; ENTIRE POND NOT SURVEYED.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - LESICA, P. (4502), 1987, UM.

MACODE1: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: SITECODE:  
 SITENAME: KRAFT CREEK  
 OWNER: MRS. G.A. MARTEL  
 OWNERCOMM: 1533 PHILLIPS ST. MISSOULA, MT 59802.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: LESICA, P. DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY, UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA,  
                  MISSOULA, MT 59812.  
 SOURCECODE: PNDLES01MTUS S87LESUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 87-08-25 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 87-11-13 CDJ QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 87-11-17 LWS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.053  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 2 TENTEN: 6,9 IDENT: Y EORANK: BC  
 SURVEYSITE: SALMON PRAIRIE  
 EORANKCOMM: MODERATE POPULATION, LITTLE-DISTURBED AREA.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1988-07-15 LASTOBS: 1988-07-15 FIRSTOBS: 1988 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTLAKE  
 QUADCODE: 4711367  
 QUADNAME: SALMON PRAIRIE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473900 LONG: 1134822 S: 473854 N: 473902 E: 1134820 W: 1134825  
 TOWNRANGE: 022N017W SECTION: 20 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: NE4SW4,NW4SE  
 4  
 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH: 1701021101200.00  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.5 AIR MILES WEST OF SWAN RIVER, CA. 1.6 AIR  
               MILES NW OF SALMON PRAIRIE (TOWN SITE).  
  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND, IN SHALLOW WATER; WITH CAREX  
               VESICARIA, EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, SIUM SUAVE, TYPHA  
               LATIFOLIA, POTAMOGETON GRAMINEUS.  
 ELEV: 3450 SIZE: 2  
 EODATA: EST. 200-300 PLANTS, ALONG MARGINS OF TWO AREAS WHICH ARE  
         CONNECTED BY HIGHER WATER IN EARLY SUMMER; PONDS BISECTED  
         BY FENCE, WITH MOST PLANTS ON WEST (USFS) SIDE.  
  
 COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1489), 1988, MONTU.  
  
 MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: N MACODE2: PRIVATEOWNMTUS CONTAINED2:  
               N  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:  
 SITENAME:  
 OWNER: FLATHEAD N.F.; PHILLIPS, L.  
 OWNERCOMM: LOUIS AND CAROL PHILLIPS, 672 TWO MILE DRIVE, KALISPELL, MT.  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1988. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOURI COS.  
               OF 14-15 JULY, 21-22 JULY AND 26-29 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F88SHE06MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S88SHEUMMTUS  
  
 DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 88-08-02 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 88-08-02 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-08-30 JSS

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.054  
 NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS  
 COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA  
 MARGNUM: 4 TENTEN: 9,9 IDENT: Y ED RANK: BC  
 SURVEYSITE: ELK CREEK  
 EORANKCOMM: LARGE POPULATION, ROAD AND LOGGING NEARBY.  
 SURVEYDATE: 1988-07-26 LASTOBS: 1988-07-26 FIRSTOBS: 1988 GRANK: G2  
 SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS  
 QUADCODE: 4711357  
 QUADNAME: PECK LAKE PRECISION: SC  
 LAT: 473048 LONG: 1134553 S: 0 N: 0 E: 0 W: 0  
 TOWNRANGE: 020N017W SECTION: 04 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: SE4SE4;9,NE4  
 NE4  
 PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH: 1701021102100.00  
 DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.25 AIR MILE WEST OF ELK CREEK, CA. 2.75 AIR  
 MILES WSW OF CONDON.  
 GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND, IN SHALLOW WATER; WITH CAREX VESICAR-  
     IA, SIUM SUAVE, POTAMOGETON GRAMINEUS, SAGITTARIA CUNEATA,  
     UTRICULARIA VULGARIS, CAREX ATERRODES.  
 ELEV: 3810 SIZE: 1  
 EODATA: EST. 400-500 PLANTS, PROBABLY MORE WHEN POND IS FULL.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1499), 1988, MONTU.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: N MACODE2: PBURLNORTHMTUS CONTAINED2:  
     N  
 MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:  
 MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:  
 SITENAME:  
 OWNER: BURLINGTON NORTHERN, INC.  
 OWNERCOMM:  
 PROTCOMM:  
 MGMTCOMM:  
 MONITOR: MONITORNUM:  
 BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1988. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOURI COS.  
     OF 14-15 JULY, 21-22 JULY, AND 26-29 JULY.  
 SOURCECODE: F88SHE06MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S88SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO:  
 TRANSCRIBR: 88-08-02 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 88-08-02 JSS QC: Y  
 UPDATE: 88-08-15 MEZ

## ELEMENT OCCURRENCE RECORD

EOCODE: PDCAM0A010.055

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 5 TENTEN: 9,9 IDENT: Y EORANK: C

SURVEYSITE: ELK CREEK

EORANKCOMM: SMALL POPULATION; HABITAT STILL INTACT, BUT THREATENED.

SURVEYDATE: 1988-07-27 LASTOBS: 1988-07-27 FIRSTOBS: 1988 GRANK: G2

SRANK: S2 STATE: MT COUNTYNAME: MTMISS

QUADCODE: 4711357

QUADNAME: PECK LAKE

PRECISION: SC

LAT: 473058 LONG: 1134603 S: Ø N: Ø E: Ø W: Ø

TOWNRANGE: 020N017W SECTION: 04 MERIDIAN: PR TRSCOMM: NE4SW4SE4

PHYSPROV: NR WATERSHED: 17010211 RIVERREACH: 1701021102100.00

DIRECTIONS: SWAN VALLEY, 0.49 AIR MILES WEST OF ELK CREEK, CA. 2.75 AIR  
MILES WSW OF CONDON.

GENDESC: GLACIAL POTHOLE POND, IN SHALLOW WATER; WITH EQUISETUM FLUVIATILE, SIUM SUAVA, UTRICULARIA VULGARIS, LEMNA; POPULUS TRICHOCARPA AROUND POND.

ELEV: 3820 SIZE: 1

EODATA: CA. 100 INDIVIDUALS (53 COUNTED); FOUND ONLY IN SOUTH END OF POND, AROUND MARGIN; DOES NOT OCCUPY ALL AVAILABLE HABITAT.

COMMENTS: VOUCHER - SHELLY, J.S. (1500), 1988, MONTU.

MACODE1: FFSNFFLAT9MTUS CONTAINED1: Y MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADLMAS: MORELAN: MOREPROT:

MOREMGMT: B SITECODE:

SITENAME:

OWNER: FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

OWNERCOMM:

PROTCOMM:

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM:

BESTSOURCE: SHELLY, J.S. 1988. FIELD SURVEYS IN LAKE AND MISSOULA COS.  
OF 14-15 JULY, 21-22 JULY, AND 26-29 JULY.

SOURCECODE: F88SHE06MTUS PNDSHE01MTUS S88SHEUMMTUS

DATASENS: Y BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: N OWNERINFO:

TRANSCRIBR: 88-08-02 JSS CDREV: Y MAPPER: 88-08-02 JSS QC: Y

UPDATE: 88-08-15 MEZ

WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE DATA SYSTEM  
HOMELIA AQUATILIS RECORDS  
DATA CURRENT AS OF AUGUST 1986

NAME: HOMELIA AQUATILIS 001

INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
OWNERSHIP CODE: PVT/NU

NUMBER OF OWNERS: .

NAME OF OWNER:

FEDERAL STATUS: C2

STATE STATUS: SPE

STATE RANK: SI

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: SCHULLER R 1983 (1929) (1 PREV COLL 1978)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: JUL 14, SHALLOW "PERMANENT" POND, 2200 FT EL, 20 PLS, MOSTLY FRUITING, EASTERN MARGIN OF POND W/N 2X15M AREA, OPEN WATER & W CAREX VESICARIA, ALISIA PLANTAGO-AQUATICA V AMERICANUM, ELEOCHARIS, POLYGONUM COCCINEUM, NO HERBIVORY OR DISEASE

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 6

DATE OF ENTRY: 8346

ELEVATION: ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 198307

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: B

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: KEMP, LM 1980 MLMK017, 001

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: RIDGEFIELD NAT.WILDLIFE REFUGE. NEAR NW SIDE FOWLER LAKE, VERNAL POOL CA 30X30 FT

ELIO.ABUNDANT.ASS spp:FRAXINUS LATIFOLIA,SALIX SP,RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS,CALTRICH

STAGNALIS,C.HETEROPHYLLA.POND DRY:R.FLAMMULA,LUDwigIA PALUSTRIS,ELEOCHARIS,MAY15

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 12

DATE OF ENTRY: 8051

ELEVATION: ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 14

DATE OF ENTRY: 8630

ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT:

DATE OF REVISIT: 19860514

DIRECTIONS: DNR REGION:

EO RANK: BC

NAME OF AREA:

AGENCY SUBSECTION:

SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON JS 1986

GENERAL DESCRIPTION: GROWING IN SMALL POND (CA 100M X 40M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO/SYAL. A FEW POPULUS TRE

MULOIDES OCCUR AROUND EDGE OF POND. SPP IN POND INCLUDE RANUNCULUS FLABELLARIS,

SUM SLAVE(?), TYPHA LATIFOLIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA,

BIOTIC COMM

WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE DATA SYSTEM  
HOMELLIA AQUATILIS RECORDS  
DATA CURRENT AS OF AUGUST 1988

**NAME:** HOMELLIA AQUATILIS 004  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GANON JG 1986  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN VERNAL POND SURROUNDED BY PIPO WITH A FEW SCATTERED ASPEN. SYAL & PHILADELPHIU S LEWISII OCCUR ON UPLANDS. PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA ALONG ENTIRE POND MARGIN. ELEOC HARIS SP & RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS IN WATER. AT LEAST SEVERAL HUNDRED HOAQ PLANTS.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 15 ELEVATION: 2320FT WDG REGION: I DIRECTIONS: BOUNDARIES: PROTECTION STATUS: .  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8630 ASPECT: DNR REGION: SURVEY: VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A

**NAME:** HOMELLIA AQUATILIS 005  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GANON JG 1986  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN SMALL POND SURROUNDED BY PIPO & ASPEN. OTHERS IN POND: TYPA LATIFOLIA, CAREX VESTICARIA, PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, SIUM SUAVE & POLYGONUM SP PROBABLY SEVERAL HUNDRED TO > 1000 INDIVIDUALS. POND IN BETTER SHAPE THAN MOST.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 3 ELEVATION: 2280FT WDG REGION: I DIRECTIONS: D BOUNDARIES: PROTECTION STATUS: .  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8630 ASPECT: DNR REGION: SURVEY: VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A

**NAME:** HOMELLIA AQUATILIS 006  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GANON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN POND DISSECTED BY CANTERON RD. RINGED BY ASPEN & PIPO. PHALARIS DOMINATES THE POND, WHICH IS CA 1 ACRE. SALIX, SYAL, ROSA & CORNU STOLONIFERA OCCUR AROUND THE POND EDGE. SOME SCIRPUS IN POND.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 11 ELEVATION: 1 WDG REGION: I DIRECTIONS: BOUNDARIES: PROTECTION STATUS: .  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE SURVEY: VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A

WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE DATA SYSTEM  
HOWELLIA AQUATILIS RECORDS  
DATA CURRENT AS OF AUGUST 1988

**NAME:** HOWELLIA AQUATILIS 007  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER: .  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GANON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN SHALLOW POND CA 2 ACRES IN SIZE, LINED BY PIPO & ASPEN(NOT MUCH ASPEN LEFT). SITE IS GRAZED, ALTHOUGH NOT CURRENTLY. VEG DOMINATED BY SCIRPUS & PHALARIS ARUN DINACEA. OTHERS INCLUDE ELEOCHARIS, R.AQUATILIS, R.FLABELLARIS & ALOPECURUS.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 12 ELEVATION: 2320FT WDG REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: D  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: .  
 PROTECTION STATUS: .

**NAME:** HOWELLIA AQUATILIS 008  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER: .  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GANON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN SMALL POND (20N X 30M) SURROUNDED BY PIPO & ASPEN; RIMMED BY BASALT. CA 2-3FT DEEP IN CENTER. SOME PIPO HAS BEEN CUT & UPLAND VEG DEGRADED BY GRAZING. OTHERS PRESENT: TYPHA LATIFOLIA, Sium SUAVE, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, PHALARIS, SCIRPUS  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 22 ELEVATION: WDG REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: D  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: .  
 PROTECTION STATUS: .

**NAME:** HOWELLIA AQUATILIS 009  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER: .  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GANON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: HOURGLASS-SHAPED POND SURROUNDED BY POPULUS TRICHOCARPA, P.TREMULOIDES, PINUS PO NDEROSA, CORNUS STOLONIFERA. OTHERS PRESENT: PHALARIS, ELEOCHARIS, RANUNCULUS AQ UATILIS, R.FLABELLARIS, Sium SUAVE, CALLITRICHES, CAREX SP., ALISHA.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 23 ELEVATION: WDG REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: D  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: .  
 PROTECTION STATUS: .

TR5: T23N R42E S34 SJDFSE QUADCODE: 4711744  
 QUADRANGLE: SPANGLE WEST 7.5 LATLONG: 472506N1172903N COUNTY: SPOKANE PROVINCE: CB SPECIAL STATUS: .  
 DATE: 19870514 SITE REVISITATION: C THREAT: SIZE: 2 EO RANK: C PROTECTION STATUS: .

TR5: T23N R42E S07 SE QUADCODE: 4711745 QUADRANGLE: CHENEY 7.5 LATLONG: 472950N1173237W COUNTY: SPOKANE PROVINCE: CB SPECIAL STATUS: .  
 DATE: 19870504 SITE REVISITATION: C THREAT: SIZE: . EO RANK: C PROTECTION STATUS: .

TR5: T23N R42E S07 SE QUADCODE: 4711745 QUADRANGLE: CHENEY 7.5 LATLONG: 472944N1173245N COUNTY: SPOKANE PROVINCE: CB SPECIAL STATUS: .  
 DATE: 19870504 SITE REVISITATION: C THREAT: SIZE: . EO RANK: C PROTECTION STATUS: .

TR5: T23N R42E S07 SE QUADCODE: 4711745 QUADRANGLE: CHENEY 7.5 LATLONG: 472944N1173245N COUNTY: SPOKANE PROVINCE: CB SPECIAL STATUS: .  
 DATE: 19870504 SITE REVISITATION: C THREAT: SIZE: . EO RANK: C PROTECTION STATUS: .

PHOTOS: SURVEY: VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A  
 PHOTOS: SURVEY: VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A  
 PHOTOS: SURVEY: VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A

WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE DATA SYSTEM  
HONELLIA AQUATILIS RECORDS  
DATA CURRENT AS OF AUGUST 1988

**NAME:** HONELLIA AQUATILIS 010  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN RELATIVELY LARGE POND SYSTEM IN OPENING IN MIDDLE AMONG THE SCIRPUS AND PHALARIS. MICROSITE IS DOMINATED BY PHALARIS. VERY LITTLE HONELLIA WAS OBSERVED, BUT THERE ISN'T MUCH WATER THIS YEAR

**BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:**  
 DATA POINT: 24 ELEVATION: WDG REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: PHOTOS: VERIFICATION: V  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 6743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: SURVEY: REFERENCES: A

**NAME:** HONELLIA AQUATILIS 011  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: USAFNS  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA: TURNBULL NAR  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: POND LINED BY BASALT & PIPO & ASPEN. POND DOMINATED BY PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA. OTHERS PRESENT INCLUDE STIUM SUAVE, POTANGETON SP, TYPHA LATIFOLIA, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, NUPHAR POLYSEPALUM, ELEOCHARIS, LEMNA SP, & ALISMIA SP.

**BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:**  
 DATA POINT: 25 ELEVATION: WDG REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: PHOTOS: VERIFICATION: V  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 6743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: SURVEY: REFERENCES: A

**NAME:** HONELLIA AQUATILIS 012  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: POND VEG DOMINATED BY SCIRPUS SP & PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA. OTHERS INCLUDE ALOPECURUS CF AEQUALIS, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, R. FLABELLARIS, STUIM SUAVE. AREA SEEMS TO RECEIVE FAIR GRAZING PRESSURE. SOME TREES AROUND POND EDGE HAVE BEEN CUT DOWN.

**BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:**  
 DATA POINT: 26 ELEVATION: 2320FT DIRECTIONS: PHOTOS: VERIFICATION: V  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: SURVEY: REFERENCES: A

WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE DATA SYSTEM  
HOMELLIA AQUATILIS RECORDS  
DATA CURRENT AS OF AUGUST 1988

**NAME:** HOMELLIA AQUATILIS 013  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: USAFNS  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: SI  
 NAME OF AREA: TURNBULL NWR  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN POND RUIINED BY BASALT AND PIPER & ASPEN. POND HAS TYPHA LATIFOLIA, NUPHAR POLYSEPALUM, SCIRPUS SP, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, R. FLABELLARIS, ALOPECURUS CF AEGUALLI S, Sium SUAVE & VERONICA SP. VERY LITTLE HOMELLIA WAS OBSERVED.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 27 ELEVATION: 2320FT ASPECT: DNR REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: 1 PHOTOS: V SURVEY: V VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A  
 TRS: T22N R41E S03 NE0FNW  
 QUADCODE: 4711745  
 QUADNAME: CHENEY 7.5  
 LATLONG: 47255EN1173706W  
 COUNTY: SPOKANE  
 PROVINCE: CB  
 SPECIAL STATUS: NWR  
 PROTECTION STATUS: 2  
 EO RANK: CB

**NAME:** HOMELLIA AQUATILIS 014  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: USAFNS  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: SI  
 NAME OF AREA: TURNBULL NWR  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN SHALLOW POND DOMINATED BY PHALARIS ARUNDINACEA & ELEOCHARIS SP. SOME SCIRPUS, Sium SUAVE & RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS ALSO PRESENT. POND MOSTLY BORDERED BY ASPEN & PIPER. SITE IS IN GRAZING ALLOTMENT AFTER JULY 15.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 28 ELEVATION: 2290FT ASPECT: DNR REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: 1 PHOTOS: V SURVEY: V VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A  
 TRS: T22N R41E S02 NW0FNE  
 QUADCODE: 4711745  
 QUADNAME: CHENEY 7.5  
 LATLONG: 472545N1173615W  
 COUNTY: SPOKANE  
 PROVINCE: CB  
 SPECIAL STATUS: NWR  
 PROTECTION STATUS: 2  
 EO RANK: C  
 EO RANK: C  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: WALDRON L & GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN BASALT RUINED POND, CA .25 ACRE IN SIZE. SOME PIPO & ASPEN AROUND POND, BUT MORE OPEN THAN MOST. NUPHAR POLYSEPALUM, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, Sium SUAVE, TYPHA PHALARIS(NOT MUCH), ELEOCHARIS, LEMNA. UPLANDS ARE DEGRADED.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 4 ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT: DNR REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: 1 PHOTOS: V SURVEY: V VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A  
 TRS: T23N R42E S08 NW0FNE  
 QUADCODE: 4711755  
 QUADNAME: FOUR LAKES 7.5  
 LATLONG: 473018N1173137W  
 COUNTY: SPOKANE  
 PROVINCE: CB  
 SPECIAL STATUS: .  
 PROTECTION STATUS: .  
 EO RANK: C  
 EO RANK: C  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: WALDRON L & GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN BASALT RUINED POND, CA .25 ACRE IN SIZE. SOME PIPO & ASPEN AROUND POND, BUT MORE OPEN THAN MOST. NUPHAR POLYSEPALUM, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, Sium SUAVE, TYPHA PHALARIS(NOT MUCH), ELEOCHARIS, LEMNA. UPLANDS ARE DEGRADED.  
 BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:  
 DATA POINT: 4 ELEVATION: 2300FT ASPECT: DNR REGION: 1 DIRECTIONS: 1 PHOTOS: V SURVEY: V VERIFICATION: V REFERENCES: A  
 TRS: T23N R42E S08 NW0FNE  
 QUADCODE: 4711755  
 QUADNAME: FOUR LAKES 7.5  
 LATLONG: 473018N1173137W  
 COUNTY: SPOKANE  
 PROVINCE: CB  
 SPECIAL STATUS: .  
 PROTECTION STATUS: .  
 EO RANK: C  
 EO RANK: C  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: WALDRON L & GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN BASALT RUINED POND, CA .25 ACRE IN SIZE. SOME PIPO & ASPEN AROUND POND, BUT MORE OPEN THAN MOST. NUPHAR POLYSEPALUM, RANUNCULUS AQUATILIS, Sium SUAVE, TYPHA PHALARIS(NOT MUCH), ELEOCHARIS, LEMNA. UPLANDS ARE DEGRADED.

WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE DATA SYSTEM  
 HOMELLIA AQUATILIS RECORDS  
 DATA CURRENT AS OF AUGUST 1988

NAME: HOMELLIA AQUATILIS 016  
 INDEX CODE: NT.L72  
 OWNERSHIP CODE: PVTUU  
 NUMBER OF OWNERS: .  
 NAME OF OWNER:  
 FEDERAL STATUS: C2  
 STATE STATUS: SPE  
 STATE RANK: S1  
 NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN NE PART OF POND BORDERED BY ASPEN & PIPO (SOME OF BOTH HAVE BEEN CUT). TYPHA, SCIRPUS & PHALARIS DOMINATE THE AQUATIC VEG. CAREX SP & ELEOCHARIS ALSO PRESENT.  
 UPLANDS DEGRADED! SALIX, ROSA, SYAL, PRVI, CORNU & AMAL PRESENT.

BIOTIC COMMUNITIES:

DATA POINT: 5 ELEVATION: WDG REGION: I DIRECTIONS: PHOTOS: VERIFICATION: V  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: SURVEY: REFERENCES: A

TR: T23N R42E S07 NE  
 QUADCODE: 4711755  
 QUADNAME: FOUR LAKES 7.5  
 LATLONG: 473010N 1173247W  
 COUNTY: SPOKANE  
 PROVINCE: CB  
 SPECIAL STATUS:  
 PROTECTION STATUS: .

DATE: 19870505

SITE REVISITATION:  
 PRECISION: C  
 THREAT:  
 SIZE: .  
 EO RANK: CB

DATE: 19870505  
 PRECISION: C  
 THREAT:  
 SIZE: .  
 EO RANK: CB

NAME OF AREA:  
 AGENCY SUBSECTION:  
 SOURCE OF LEAD: GAMON J 1987  
 GENERAL DESCRIPTION: IN NE PART OF POND BORDERED BY ASPEN & PIPO (SOME OF BOTH HAVE BEEN CUT). TYPHA, SCIRPUS & PHALARIS DOMINATE THE AQUATIC VEG. CAREX SP & ELEOCHARIS ALSO PRESENT.  
 UPLANDS DEGRADED! SALIX, ROSA, SYAL, PRVI, CORNU & AMAL PRESENT.

DATA POINT: 5 ELEVATION: WDG REGION: I DIRECTIONS: PHOTOS: VERIFICATION: V  
 DATE OF ENTRY: 8743 ASPECT: DNR REGION: NE BOUNDARIES: SURVEY: REFERENCES: A

ELEMENT OCCURRENCE CODE: PDCAM0A010.001

NAME: HOWELLIA AQUATILIS

COMNAME: WATER HOWELLIA

MARGNUM: 1 TENTEN: 01,03 IDENT: Y EORANK: A

EORANKCOMM: ONLY KNOWN POPULATION IN IDAHO

SURVEYDATE: 1988-06-14 LASTOBS: 1988-06-14 FIRSTOBS: GRANK: G2

SURVEYSITE: HARVARD

SRANK: S1 STATE: ID COUNTYNAME: IDLATA

QUADCODE: 4611675

QUADNAME: DEARY (15')

PRECISION: SC

LAT: 465503 LONG: 1164428 S: 465230 N: 465530 E: 1164400 W: 1164600

TOWNRANGE: 041N003W SECTION: 08 MERIDIAN: BO

TRSCOMM: CENTER OF NE4 WATERSHED: 17060108

DIRECTIONS: NEAR JUNCTION OF ST HWYS 6 AND 9, 50 YDS S OF INTERSECTION  
ON W SIDE OF HWY 9; JUST INSIDE PROPERTY FENCELINE

GENDESC: VERNAL POOL, OLD RIVER MEANDER OF PALOUSE RIVER; SURROUNDED  
BY CORNUS STOLONIFERA, ALNUS INCANA, CRATAEGUS DOUGLASIA

ELEV: 2560 SIZE: 1

EODATA: 30 PLANTS ESTIMATED; GOOD EO QUALITY

COMMENTS: CONFIRMATION OF OWNBEYS' OBSERVATION OF SEVERAL YEARS AGO;  
MOSELEY #1264 UI

MACODE1: CONTAINED1: MACODE2: CONTAINED2:

MACODE3: CONTAINED3: ADDLMAS:

MORELAND: MOREPROT: MOREMGMT: SITECODE:

SITENAME: HARVARD

OWNER: RUTH OWNBEY

OWNERCOMM: OWNER LIVES IN PULLMAN, WASHINGTON; CONTACTED, AWARE OF EO

PROTCOMM: PROPERTY BEING WILLED TO NATIONAL AUDUBON SOCIETY

MGMTCOMM:

MONITOR: MONITORNUM: -

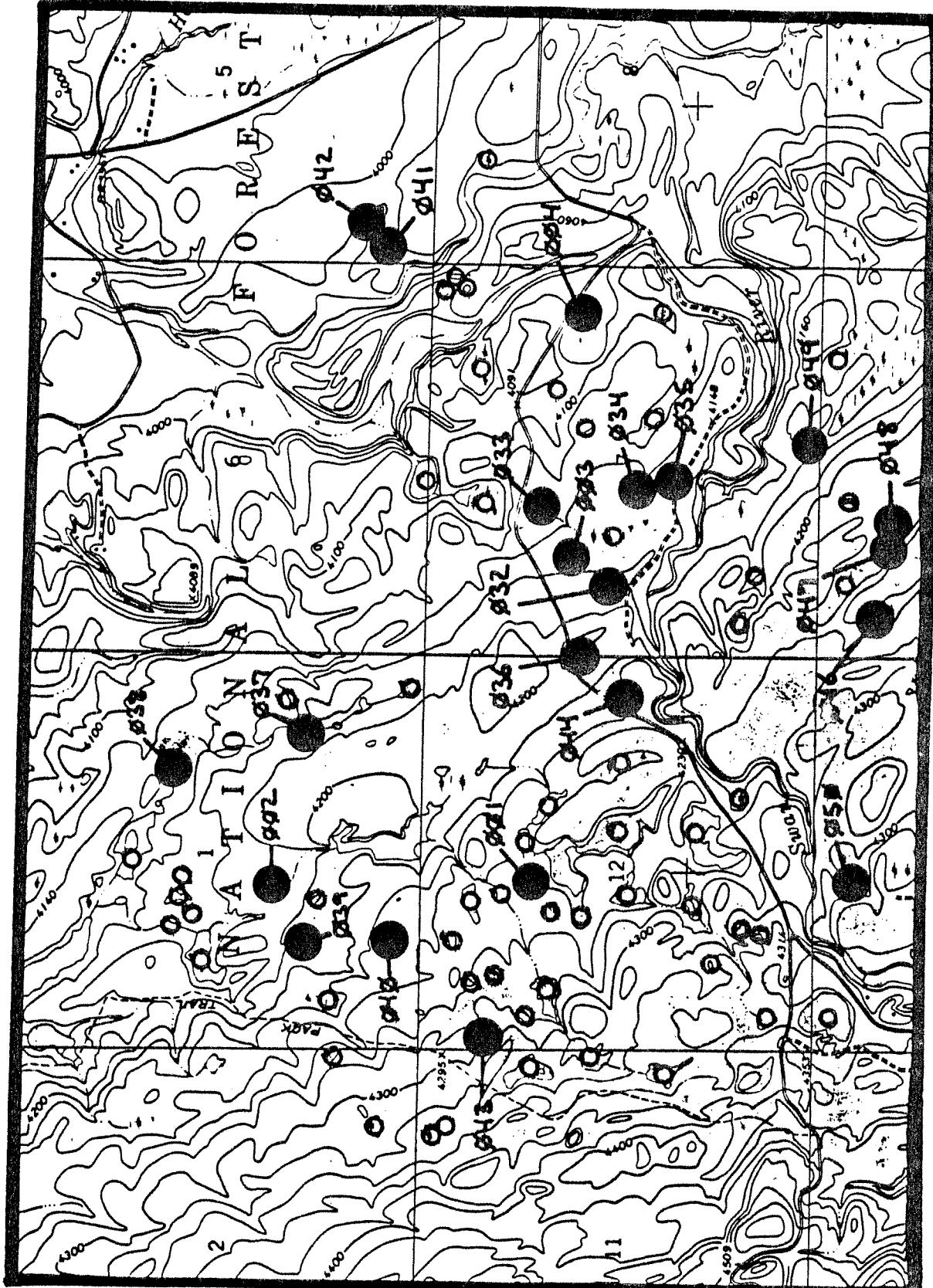
BESTSOURCE: MOSELEY, BOB

SOURCECODE: PNDMOS01IDUS F88MOS04IDUS

DATASENS: N BOUNDARIES: Y PHOTOS: Y OWNERINFO: N

TRANSCRIBR: 88-07-22 RKM CDREV: Y MAPPER: 88-07-22 RKM QC: Y

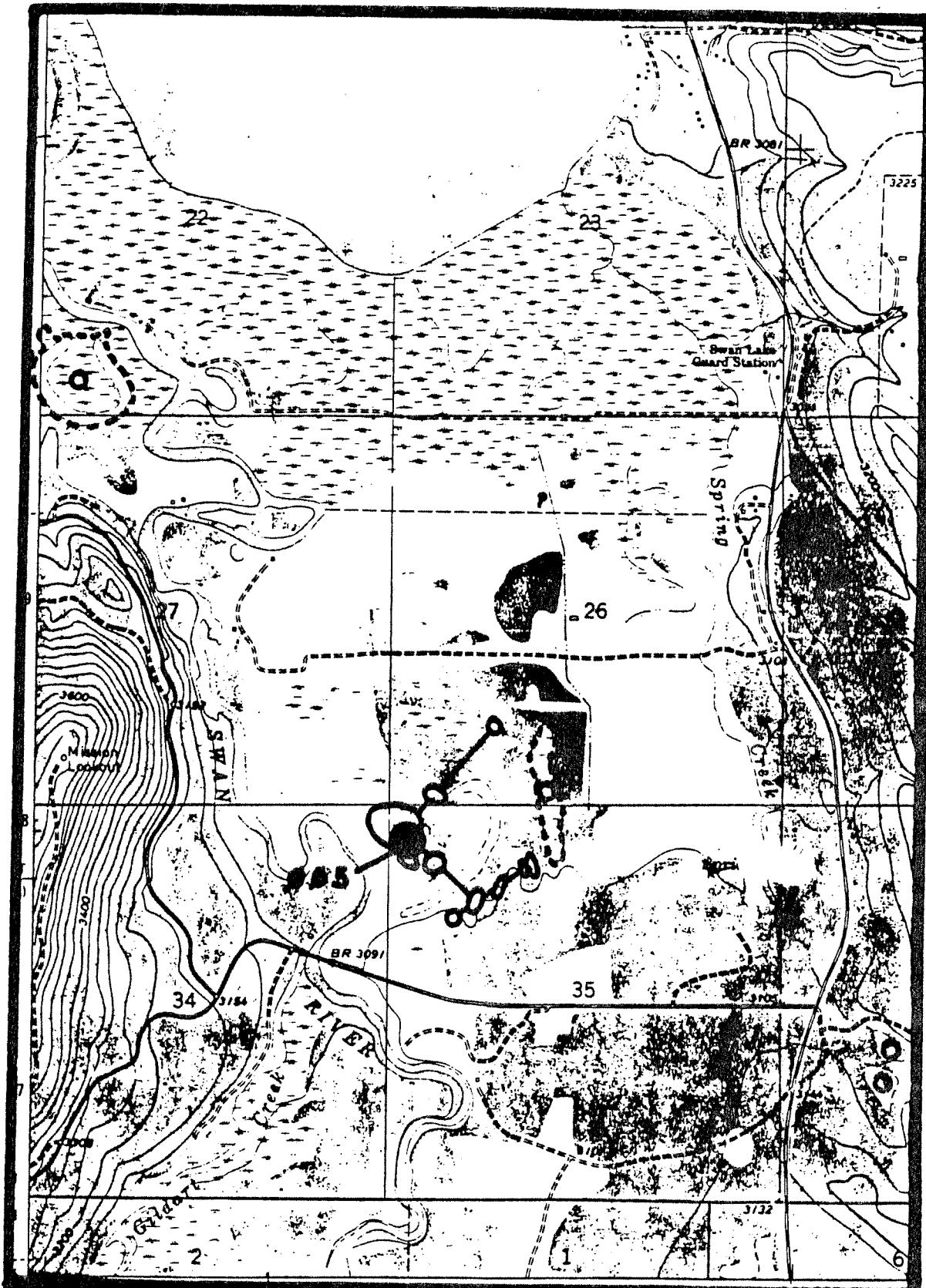
UPDATE: 88-11-06 RKM



USGS Cygnet Lake Quadrangle (7.5')

Howellia aquatilis

● = element occurrences  
○ = areas unsuccessfully searched

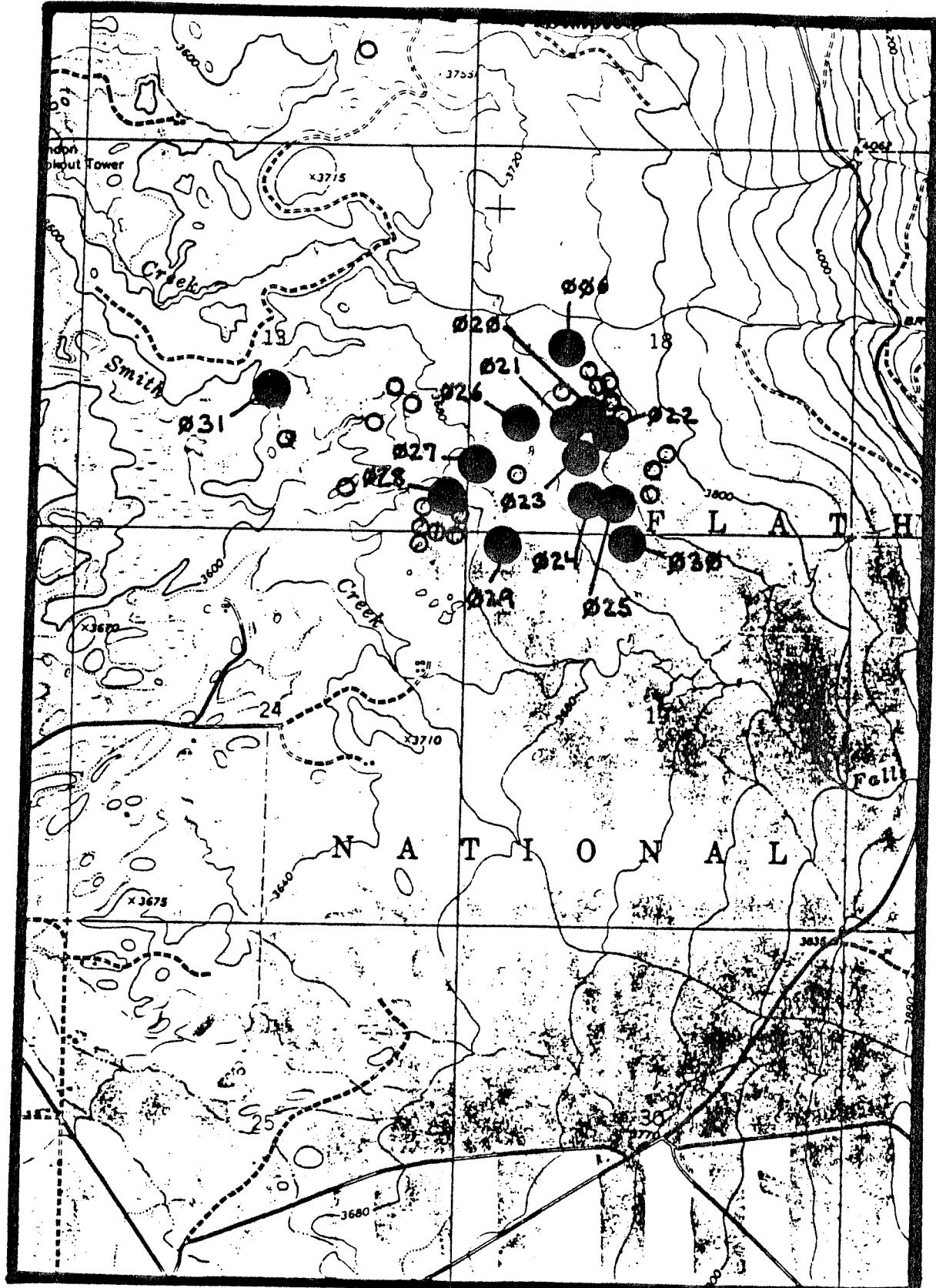


USGS Swan Lake Quadrangle (7.5')

Howellia aquatilis

● = element occurrence

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched

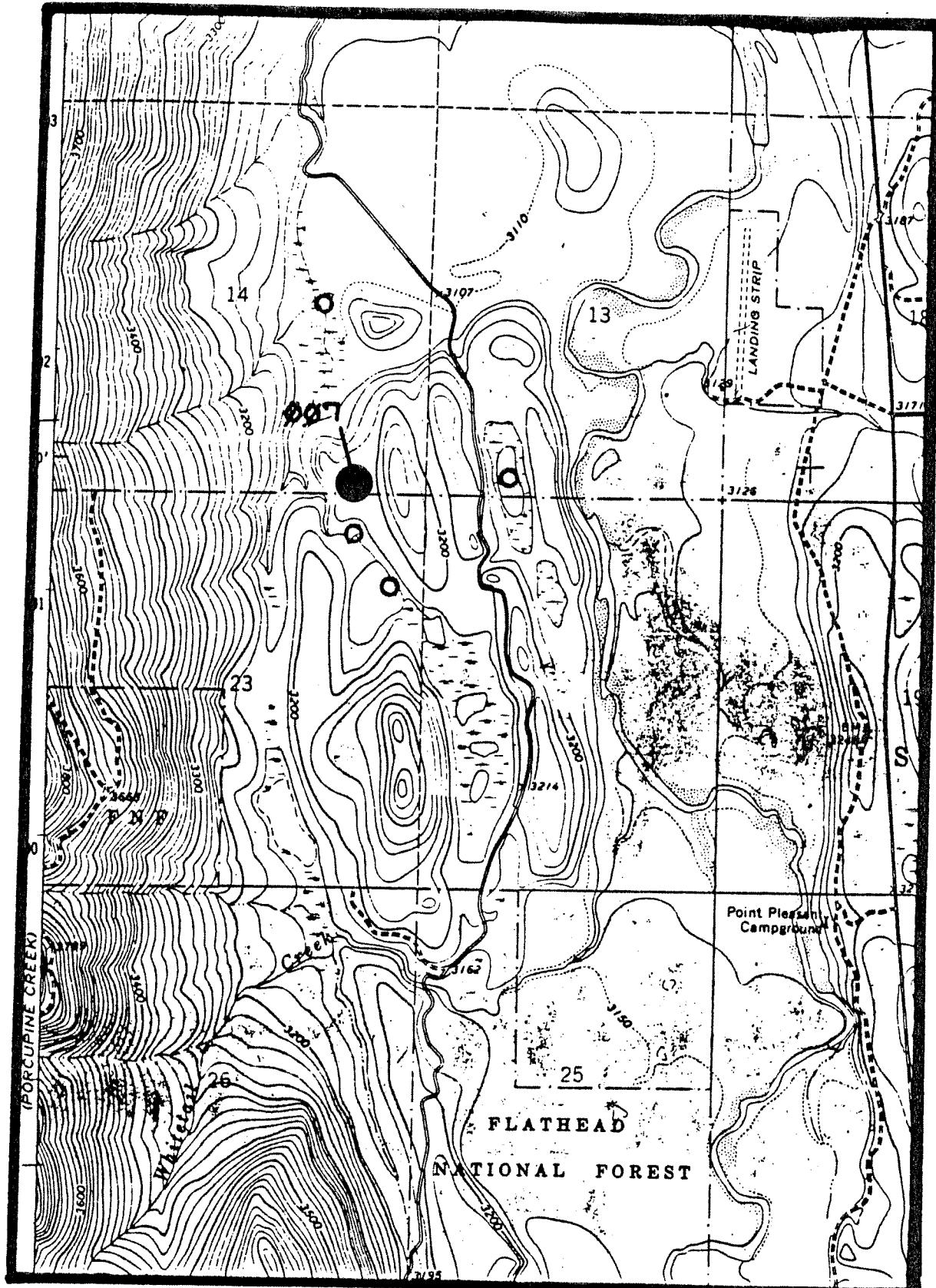


USGS Condon Quadrangle (7.5')

Howellia aquatilis

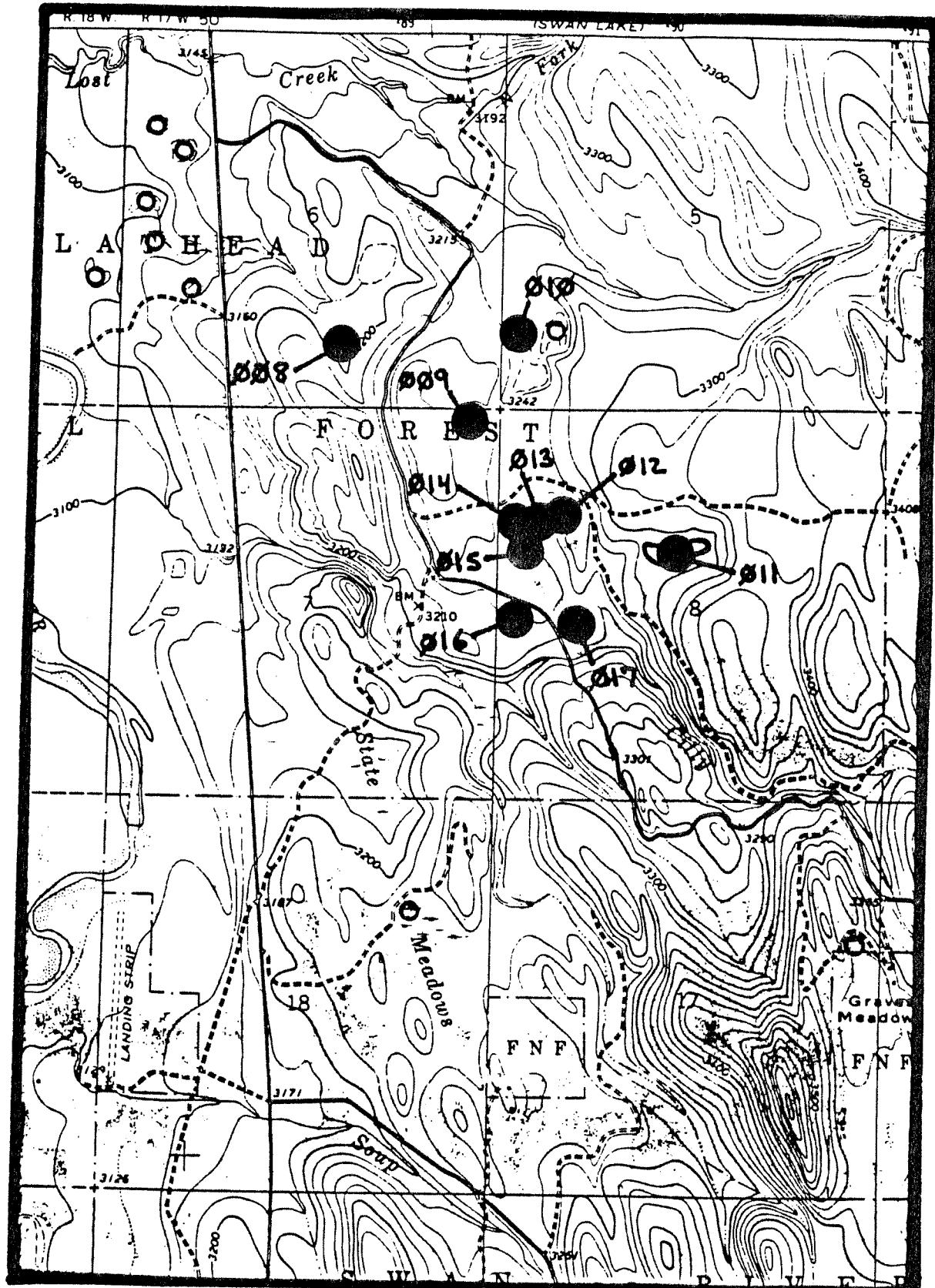
● = element occurrences

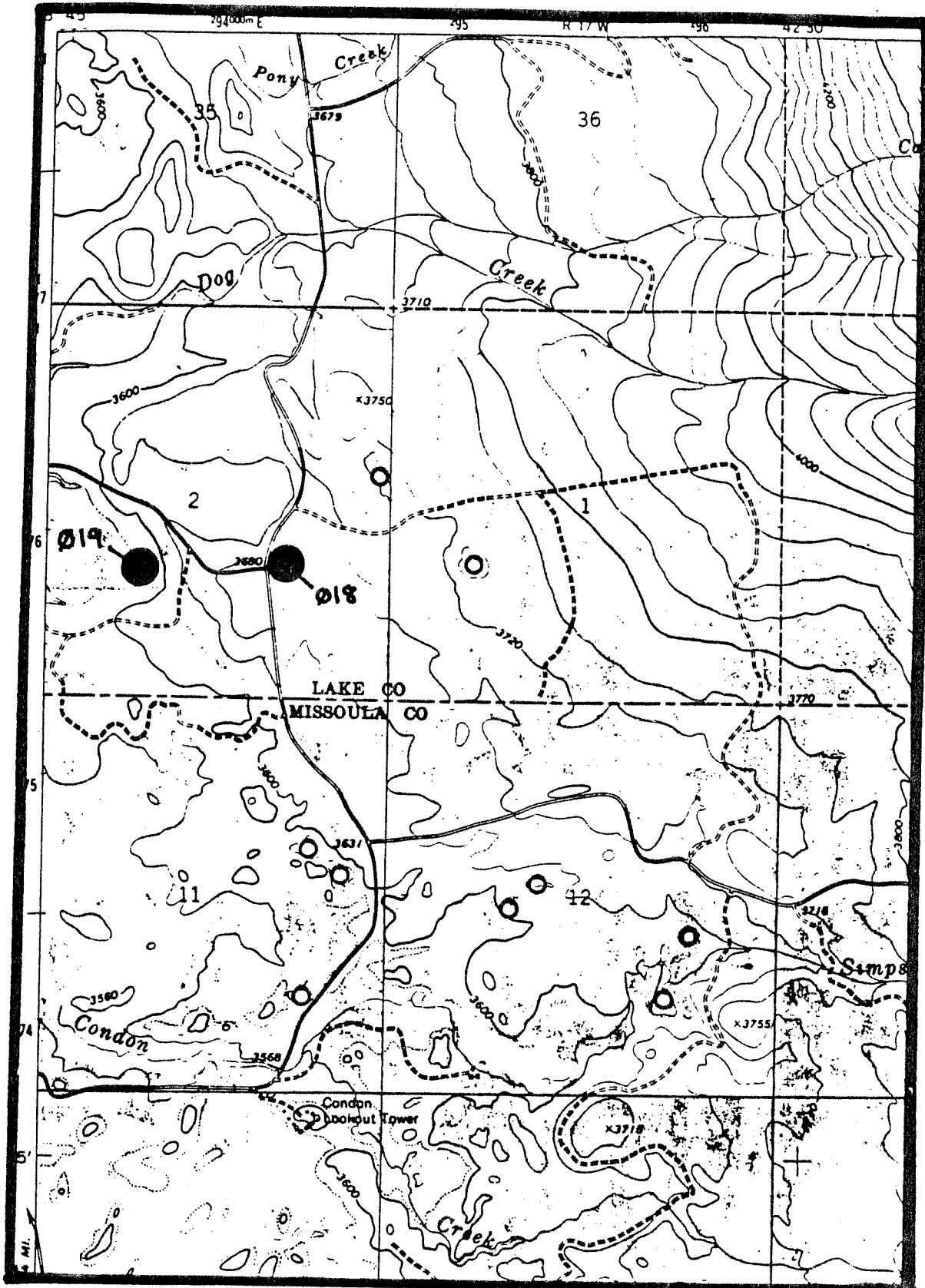
○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched



USGS Cilly Creek Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

● = element occurrence  
○ = areas unsuccessfully searched



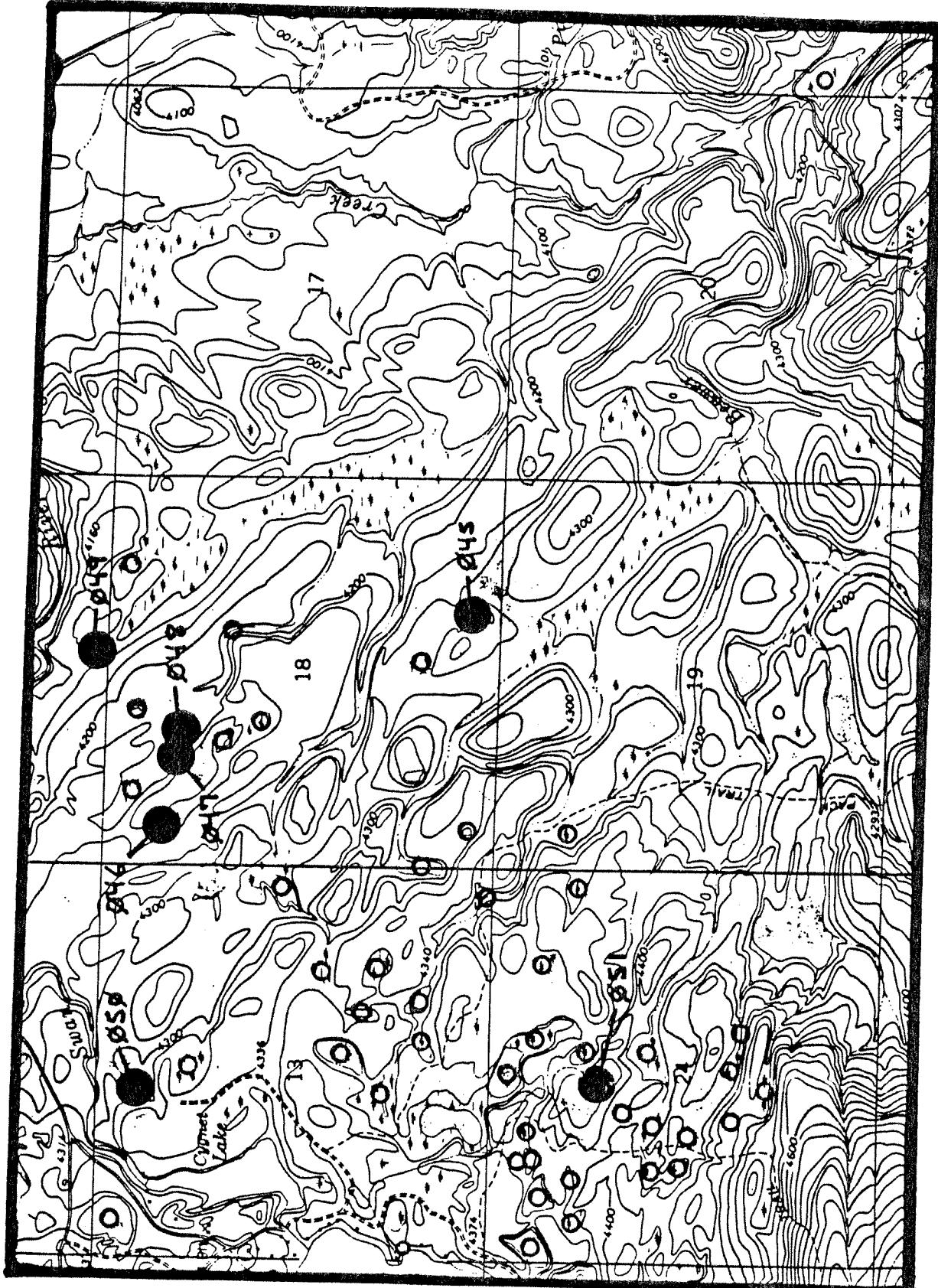


USGS Condon Quadrangle (7.5')

Howellia aquatilis

● = element occurrences

○ = areas unsuccessfully searched

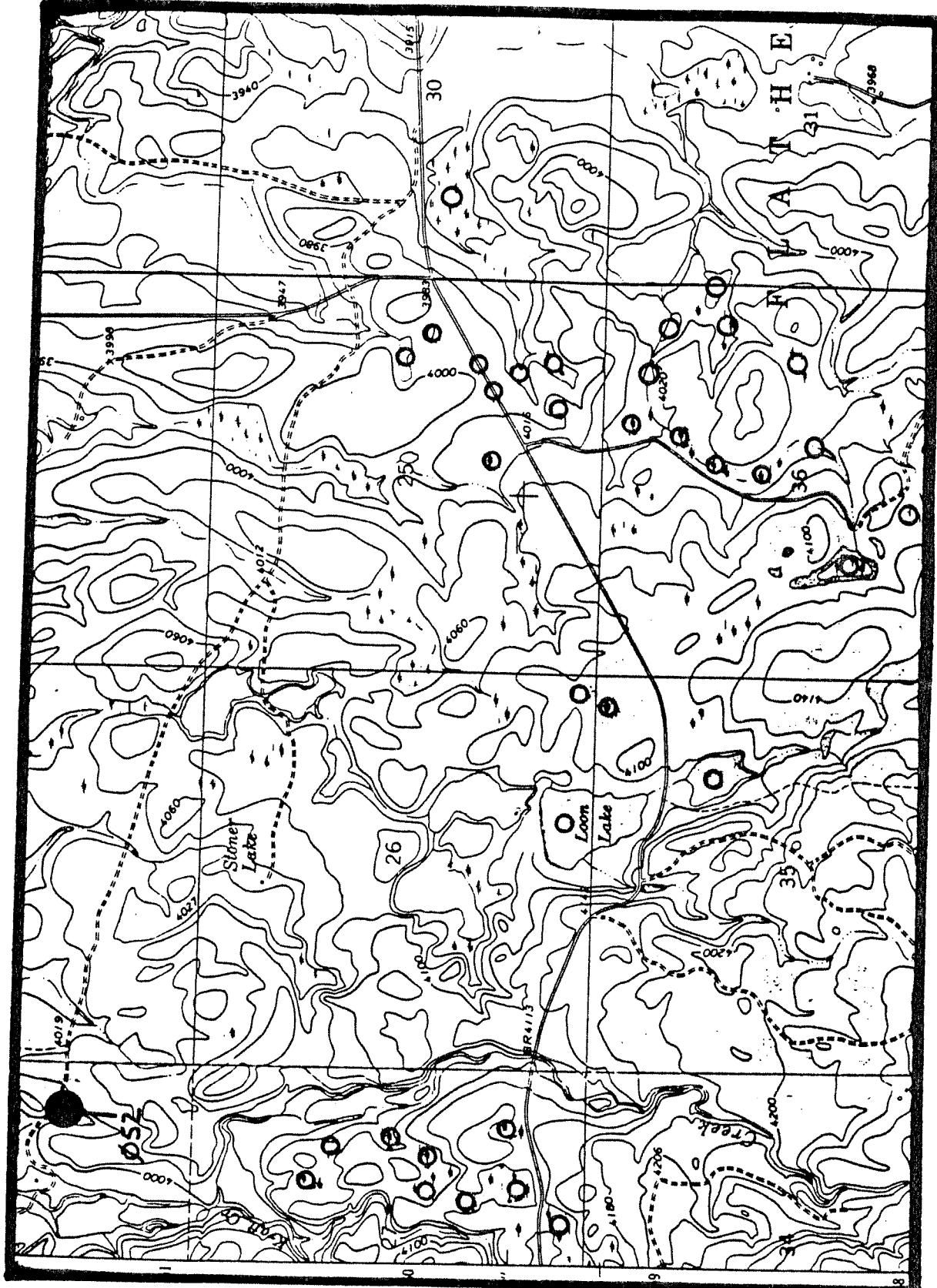


USGS Cygnet Lake Quadrangle (7.5')

Howellia aquatilis

● = element occurrences

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched

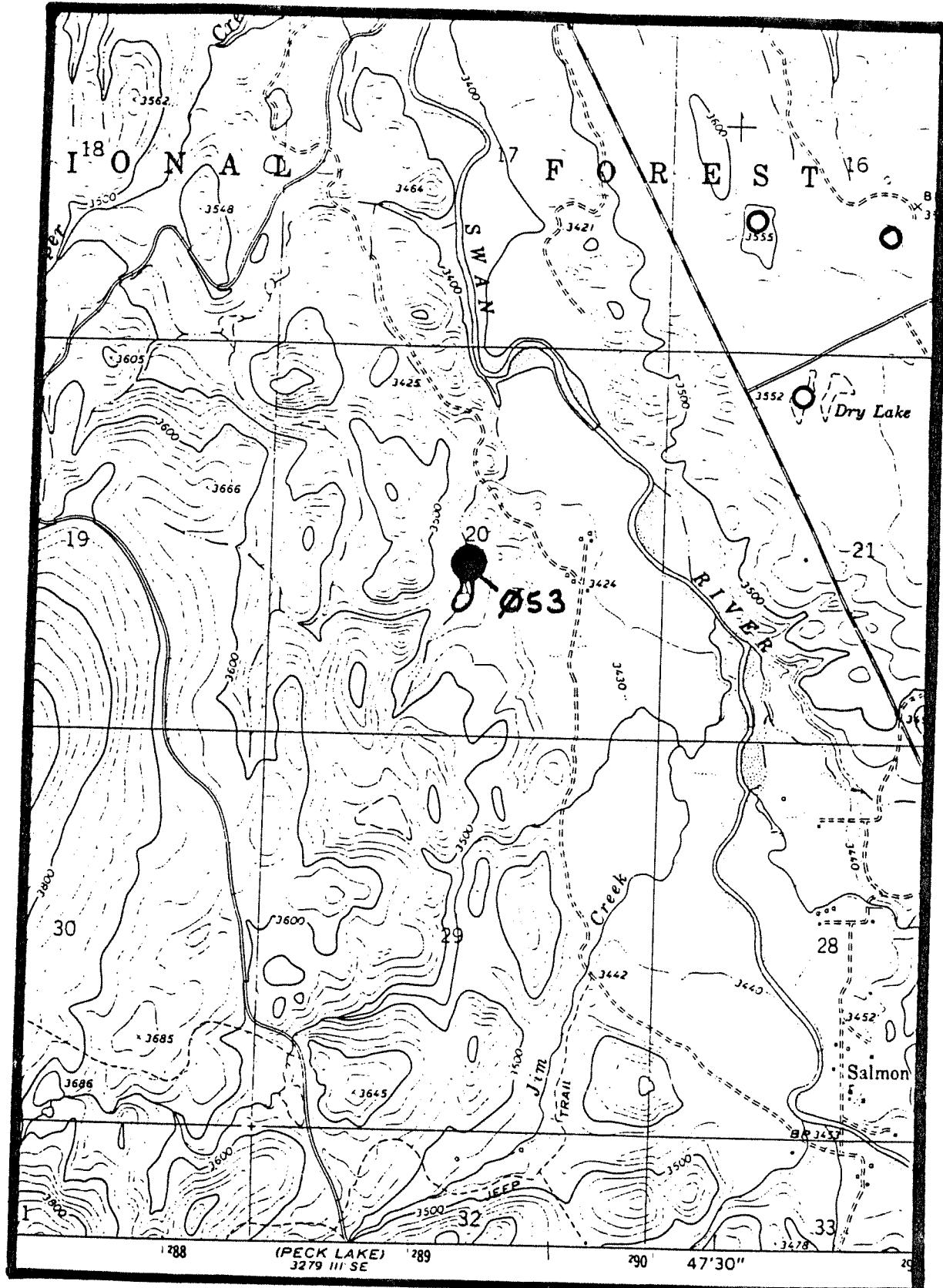


USGS Cygnet Lake Quadrangle (7.5')

Howellia aquatilis

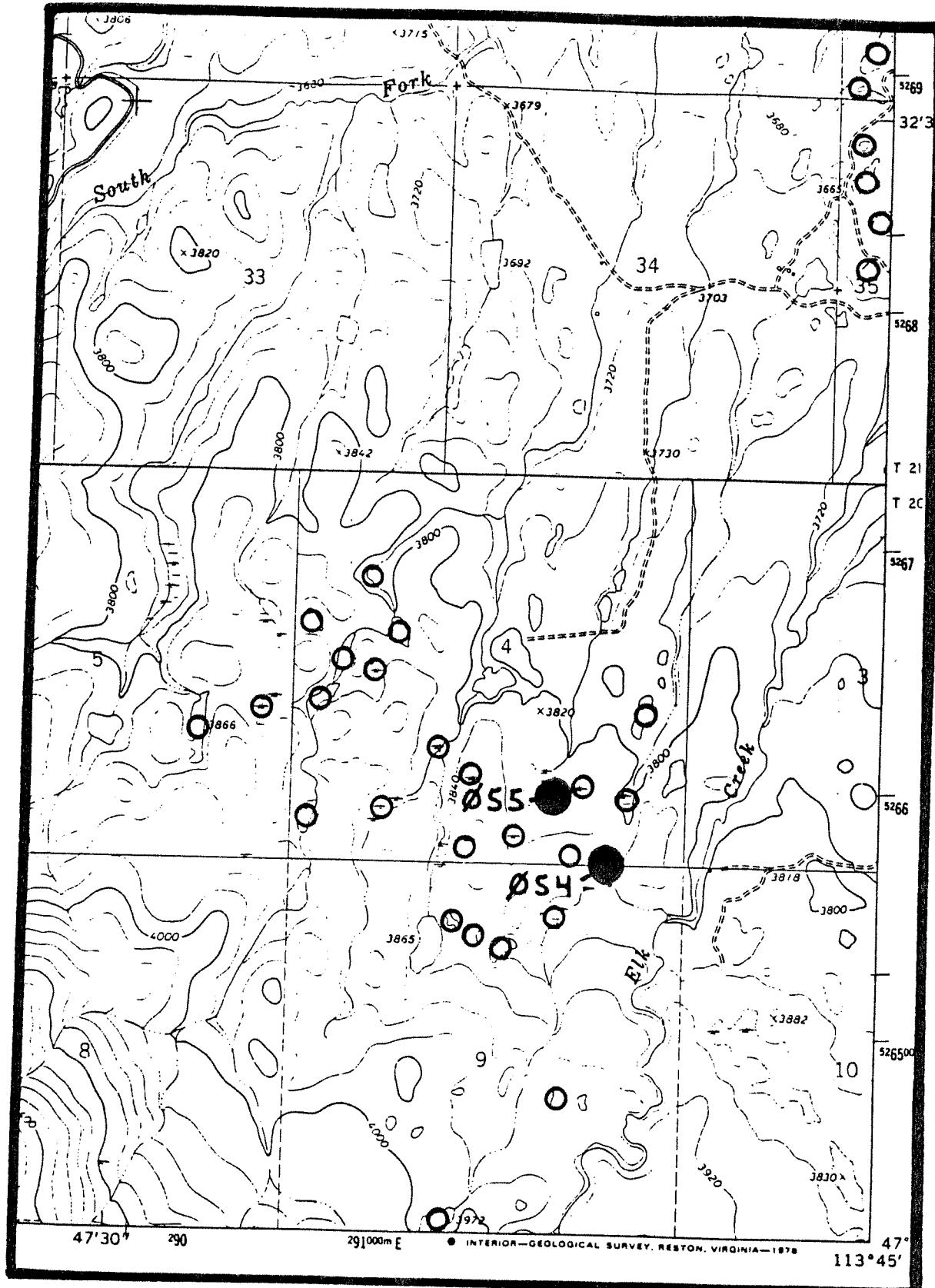
● = element occurrence

○ = areas unsuccessfully searched



USGS Salmon Prairie Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
 searched  
 ● = element occurrence

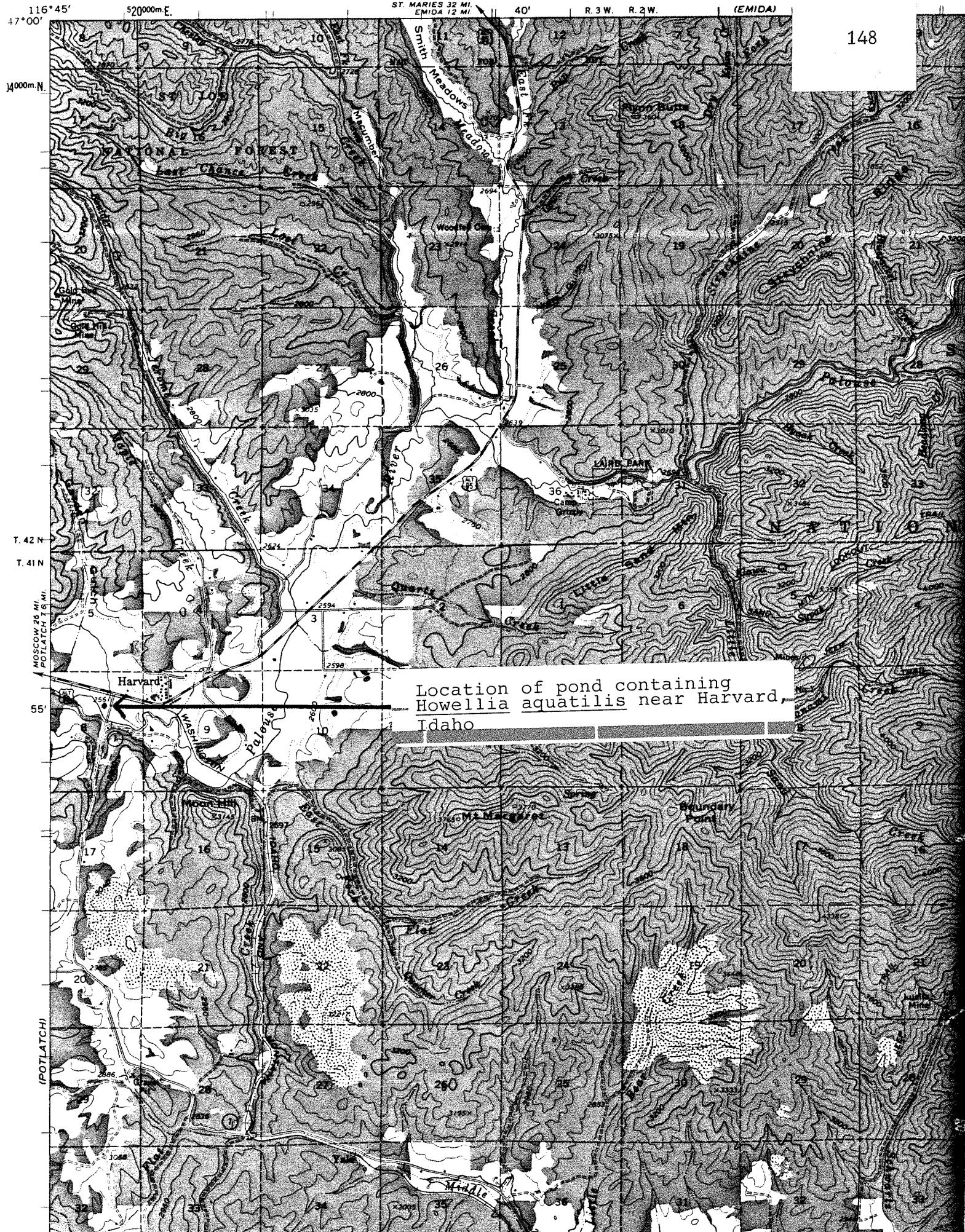


USGS Peck Lake Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

O = areas unsuccessfully searched

● = element occurrences

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR  
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY



149

\*Areas searched for water howellian

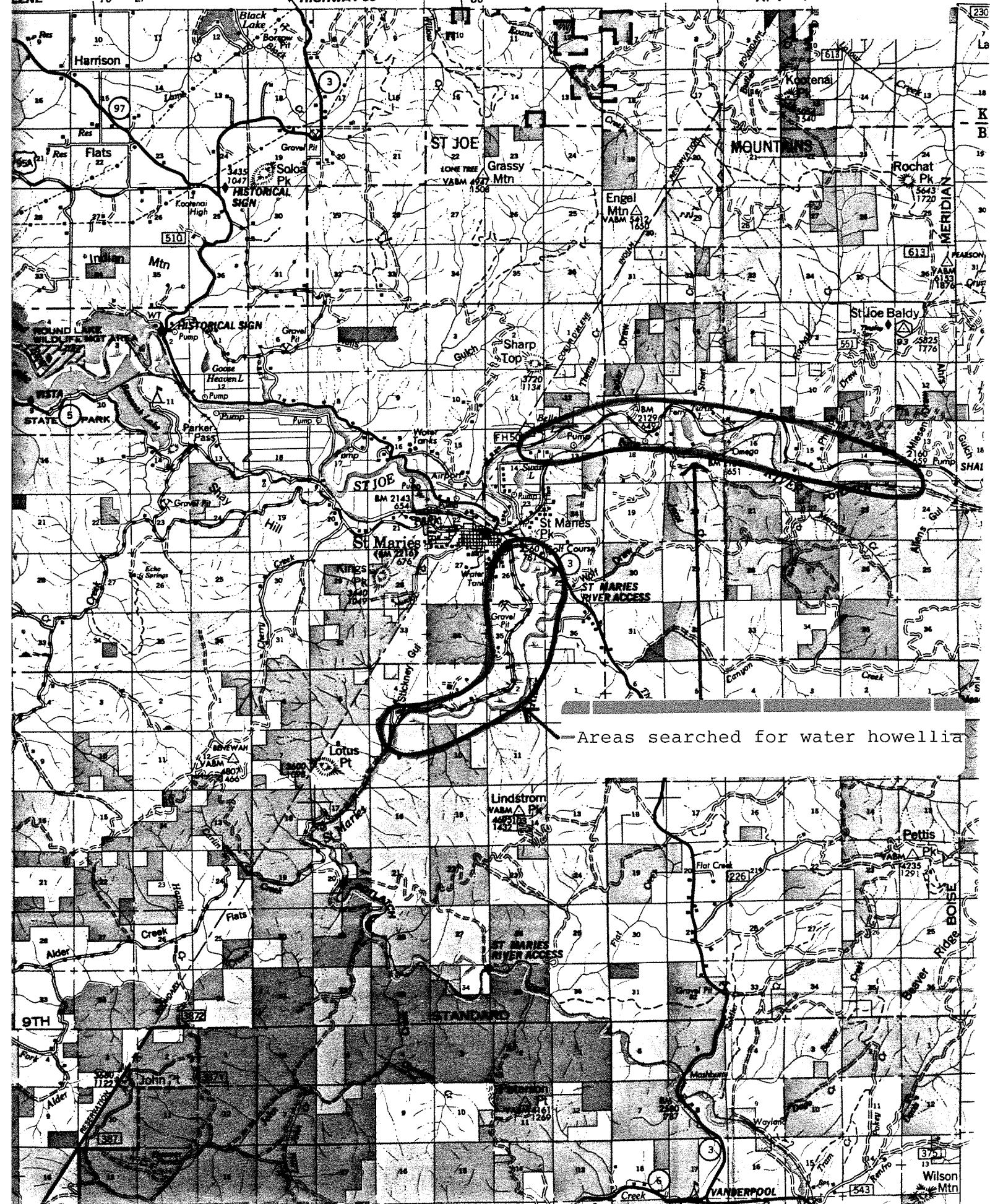
### Water howellia population

R. 3 W.

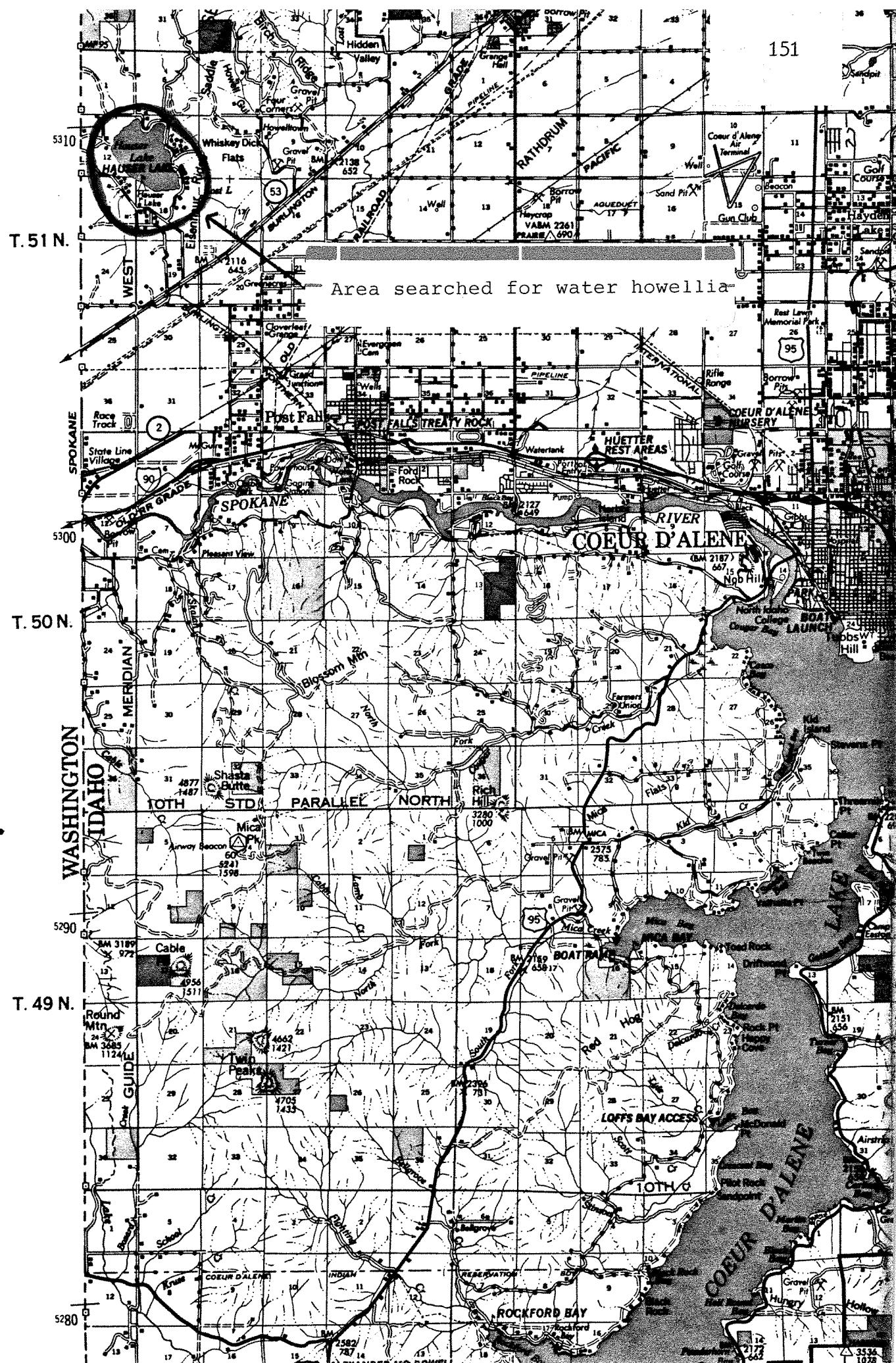
070000m E.

R. 2.W.

150



151

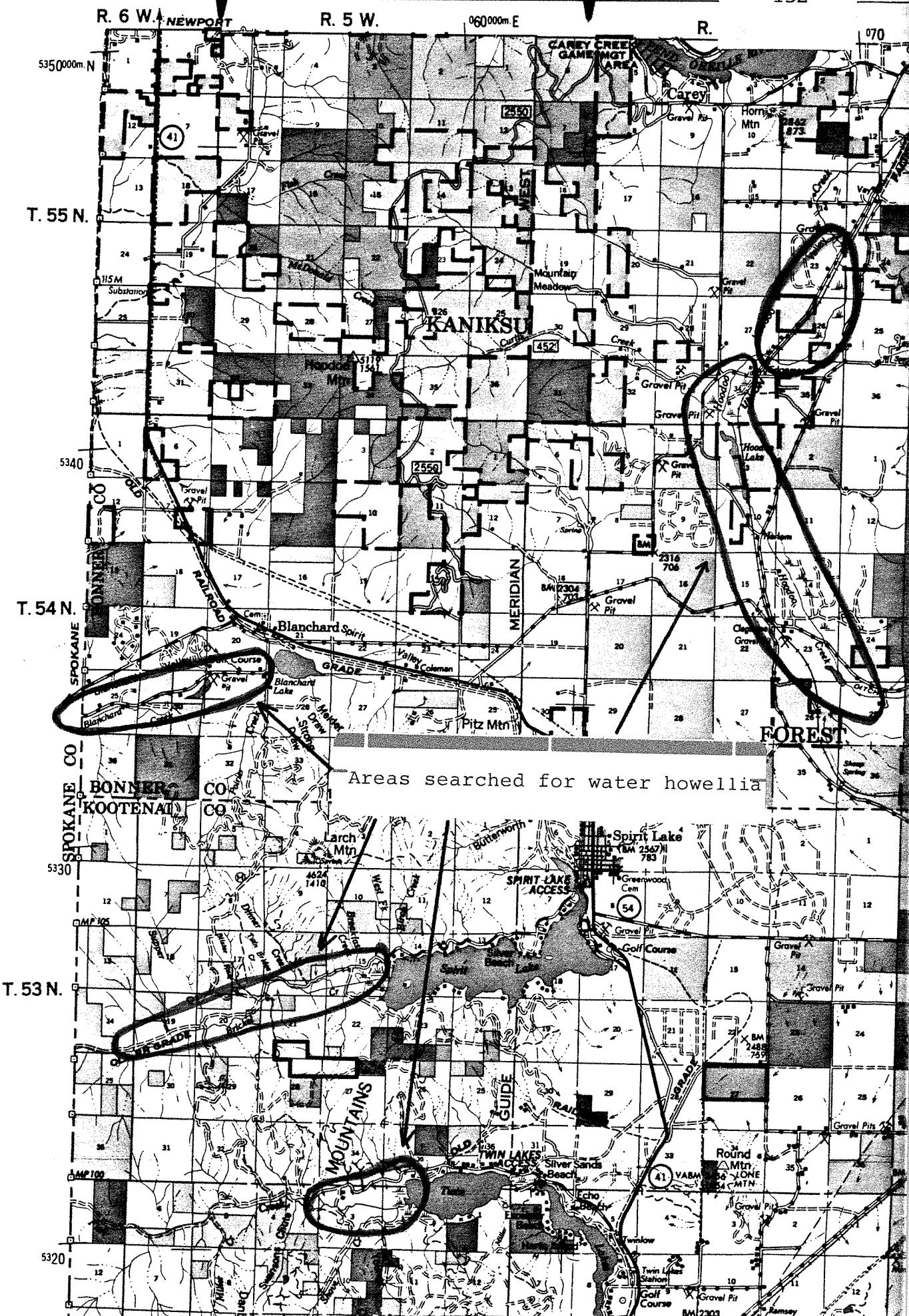


A

117°00'

8

152

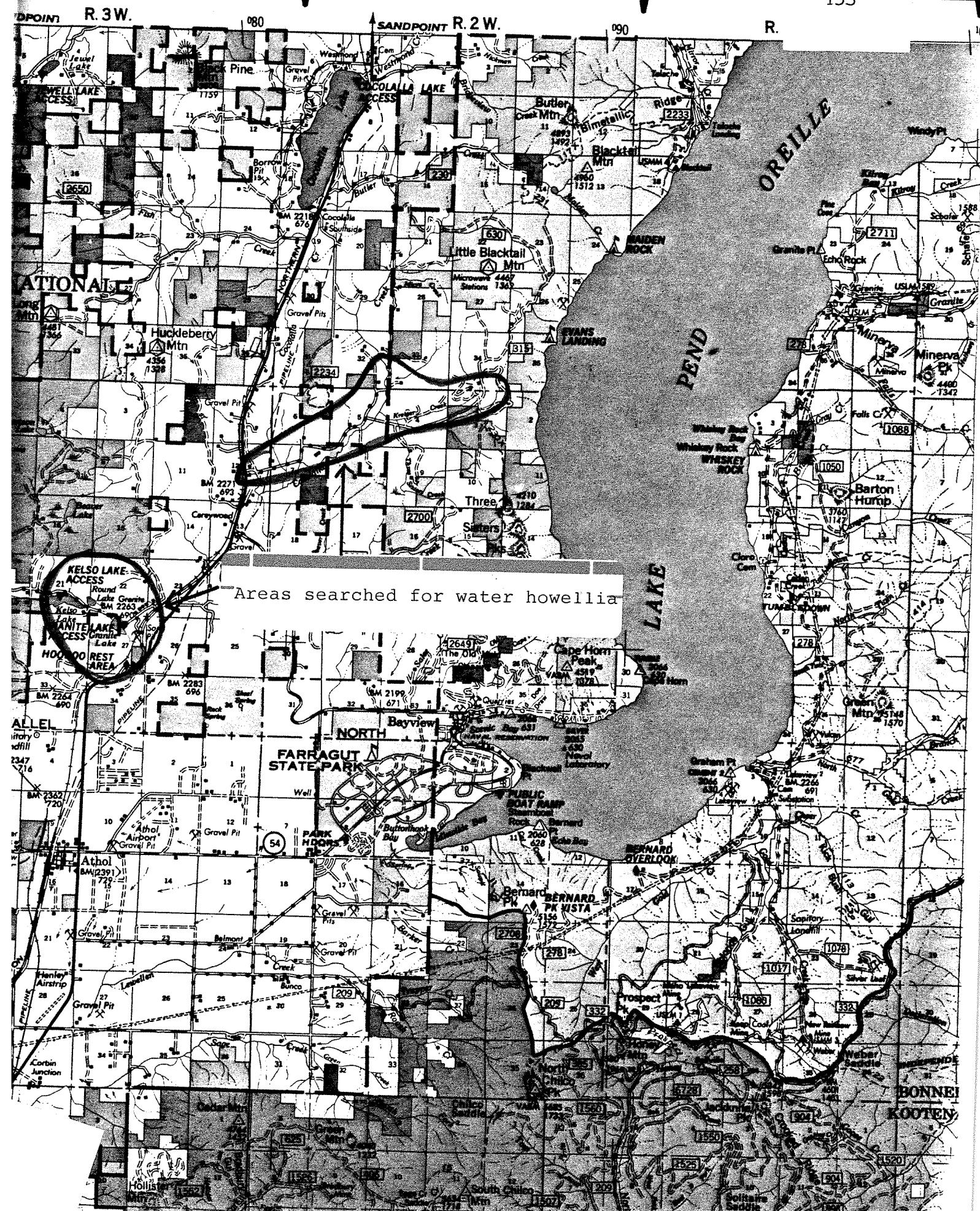


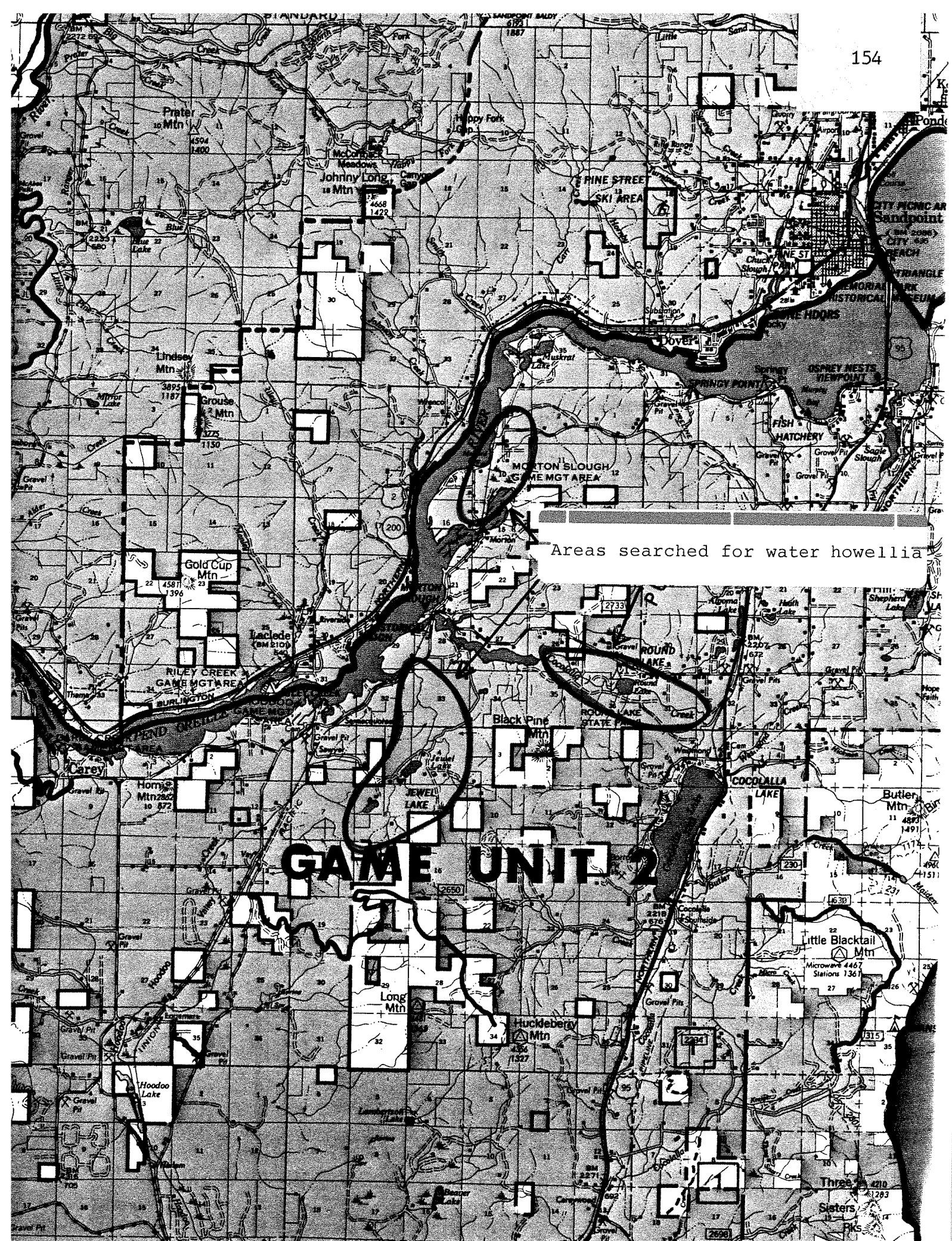
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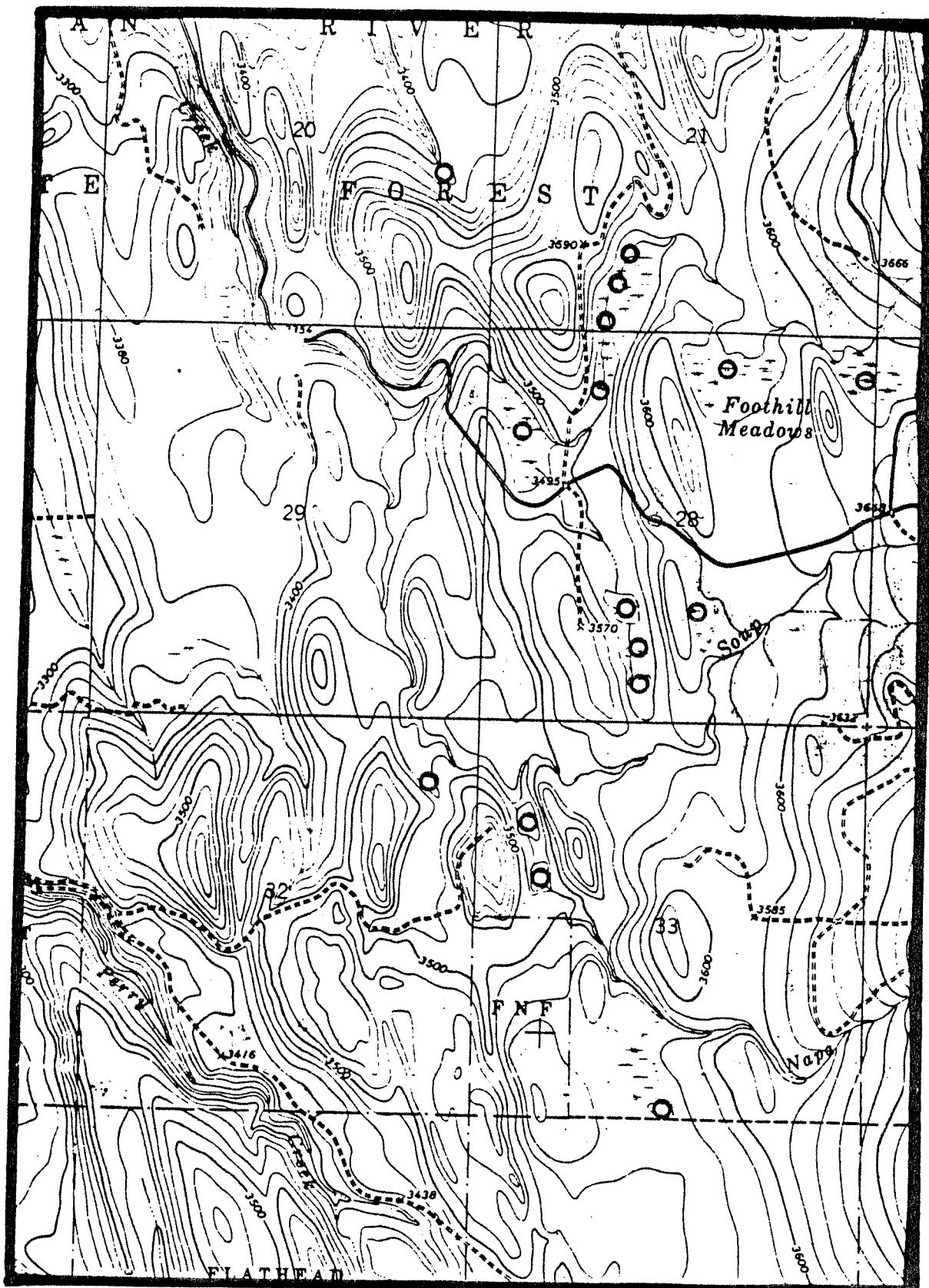
E

116°30'

153

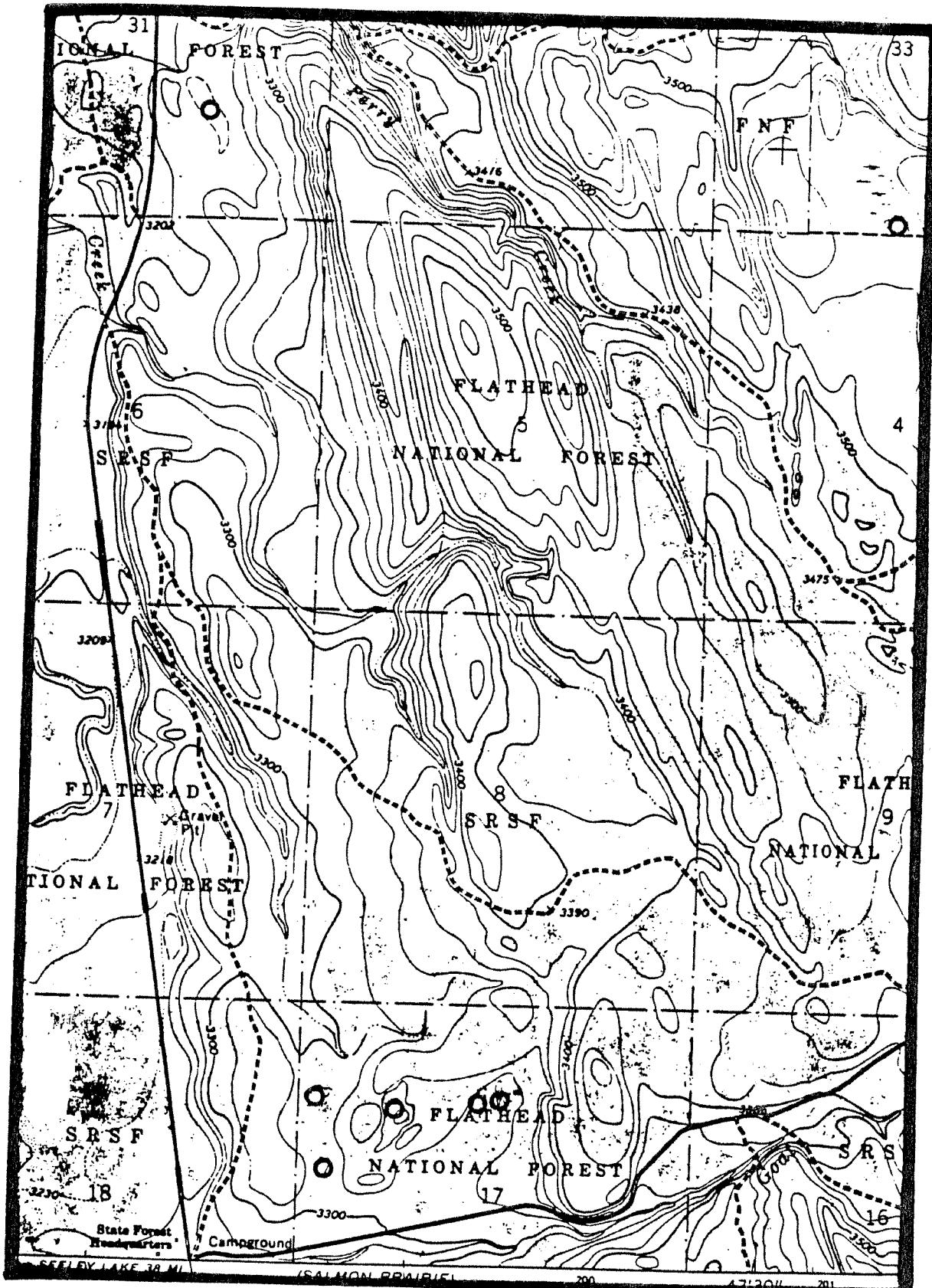


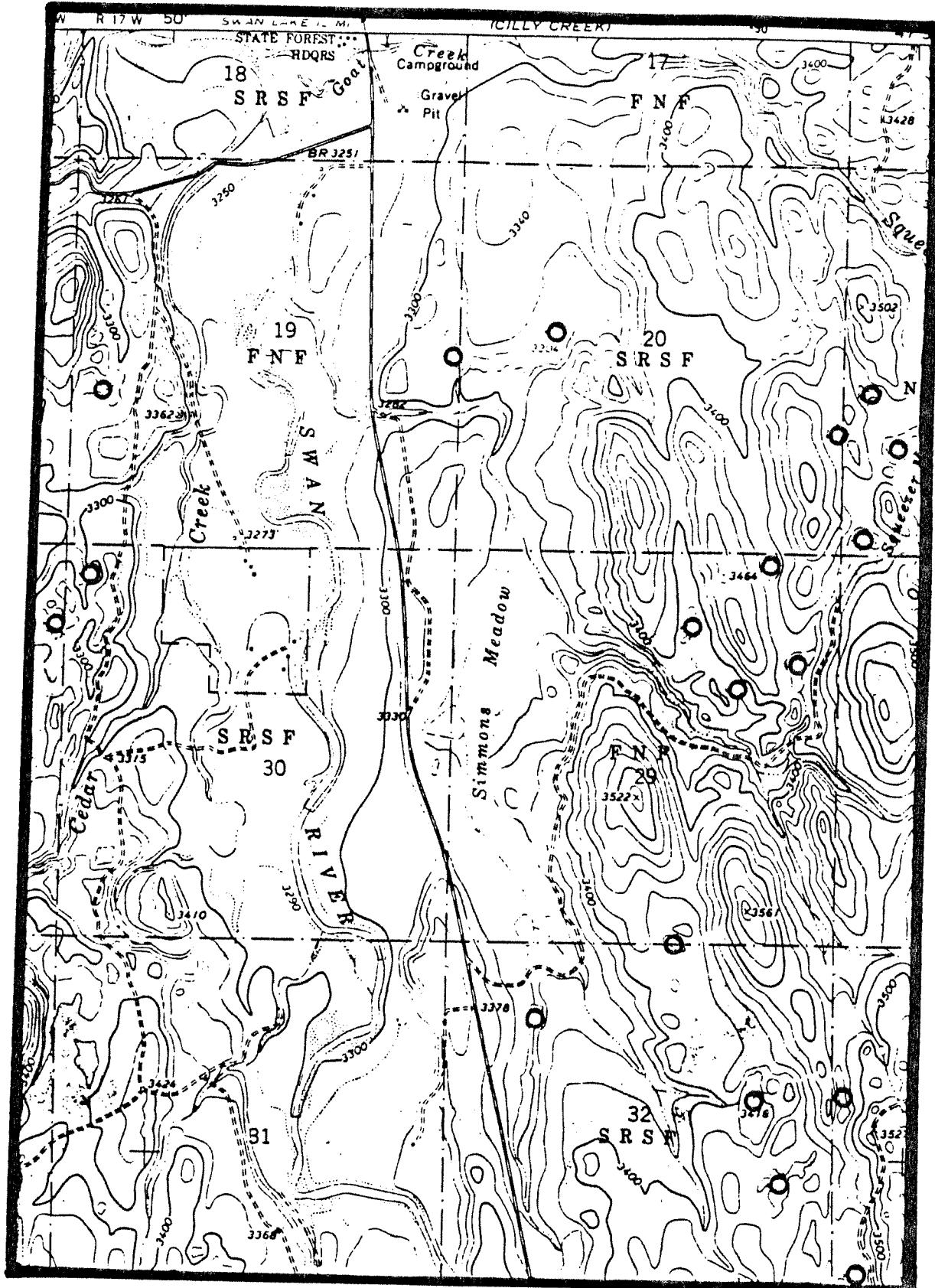




USGS Cilly Creek Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

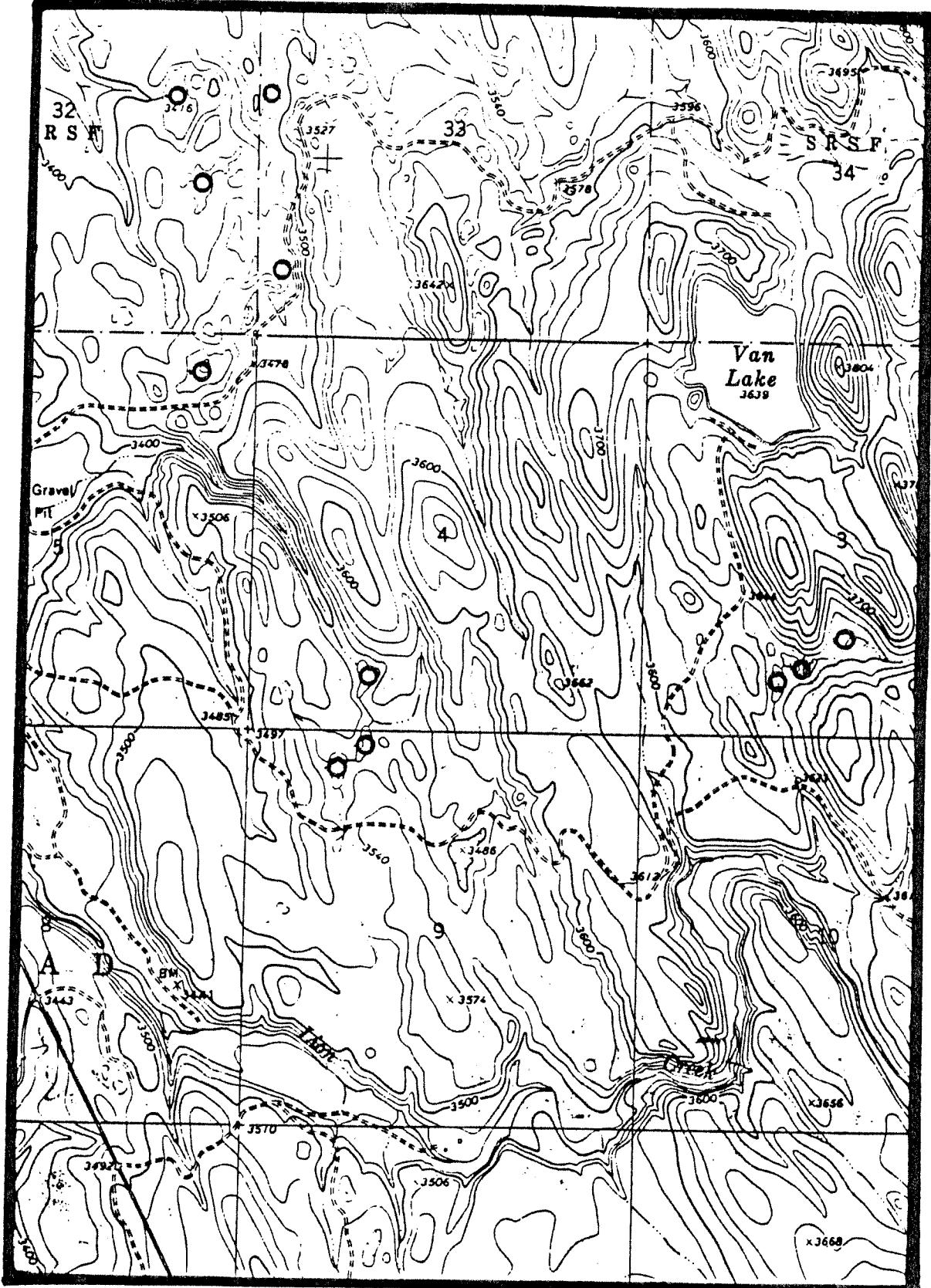
○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched





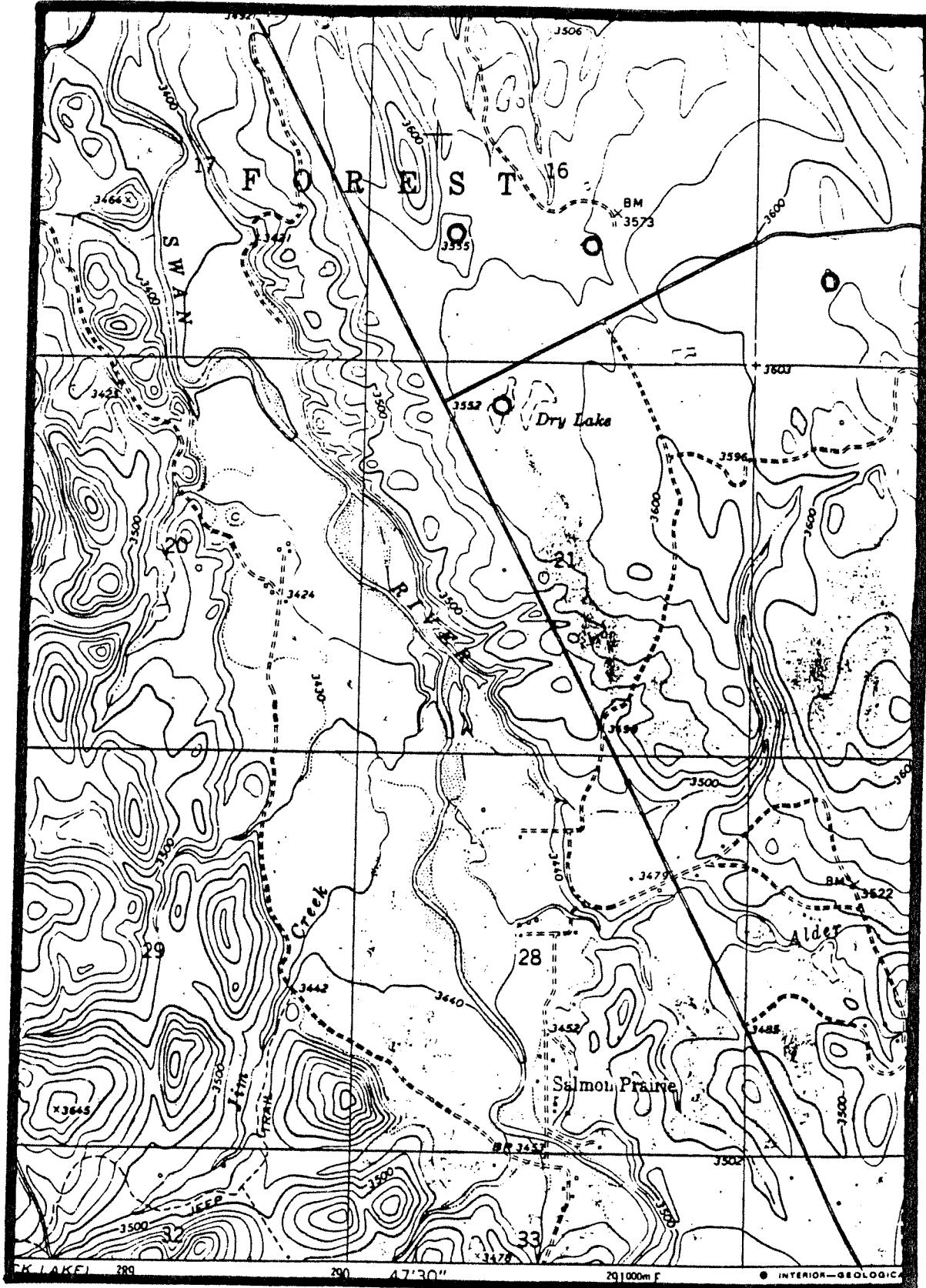
USGS Salmon Prairie Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully searched



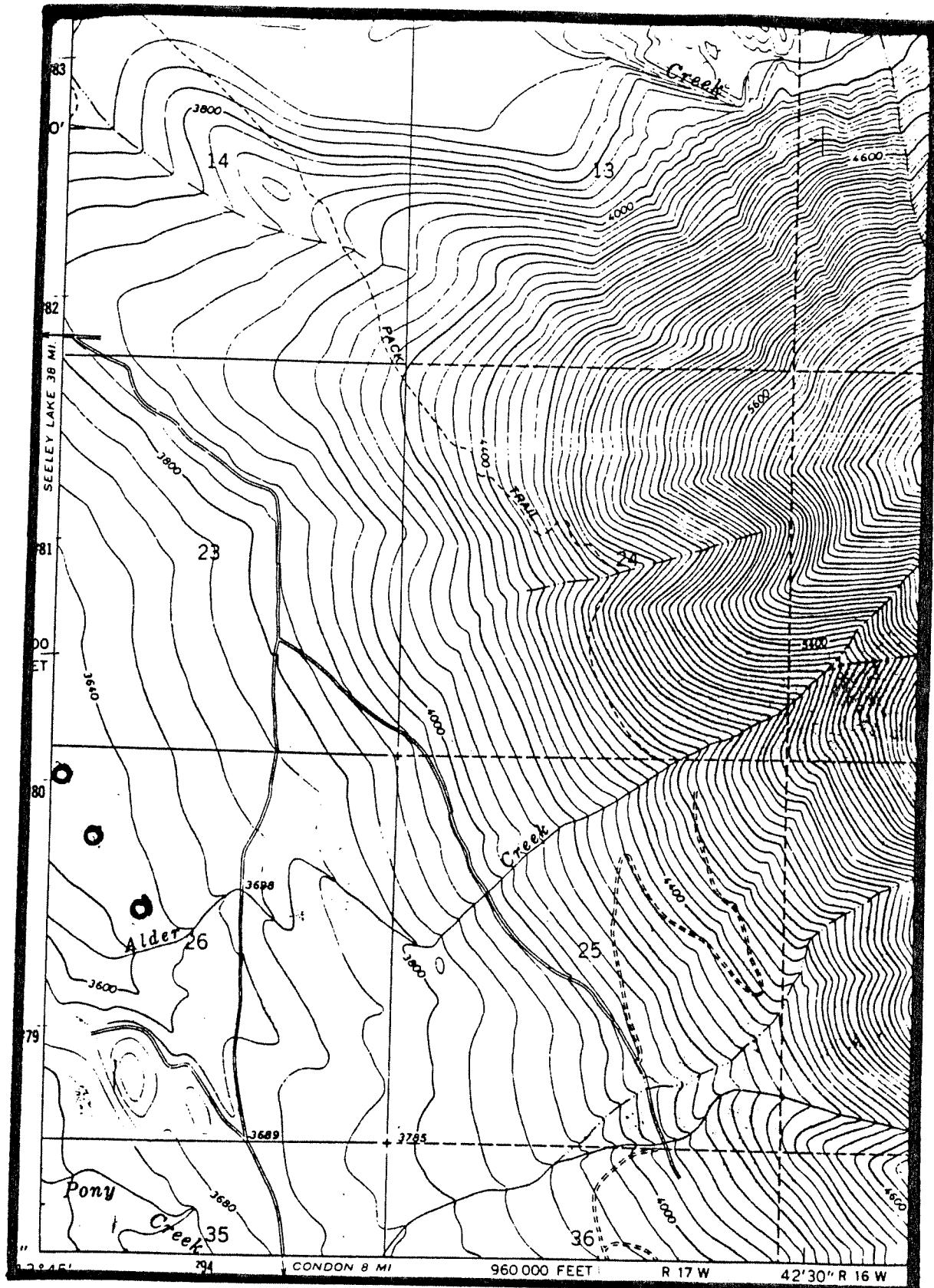
USGS Salmon Prairie Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched



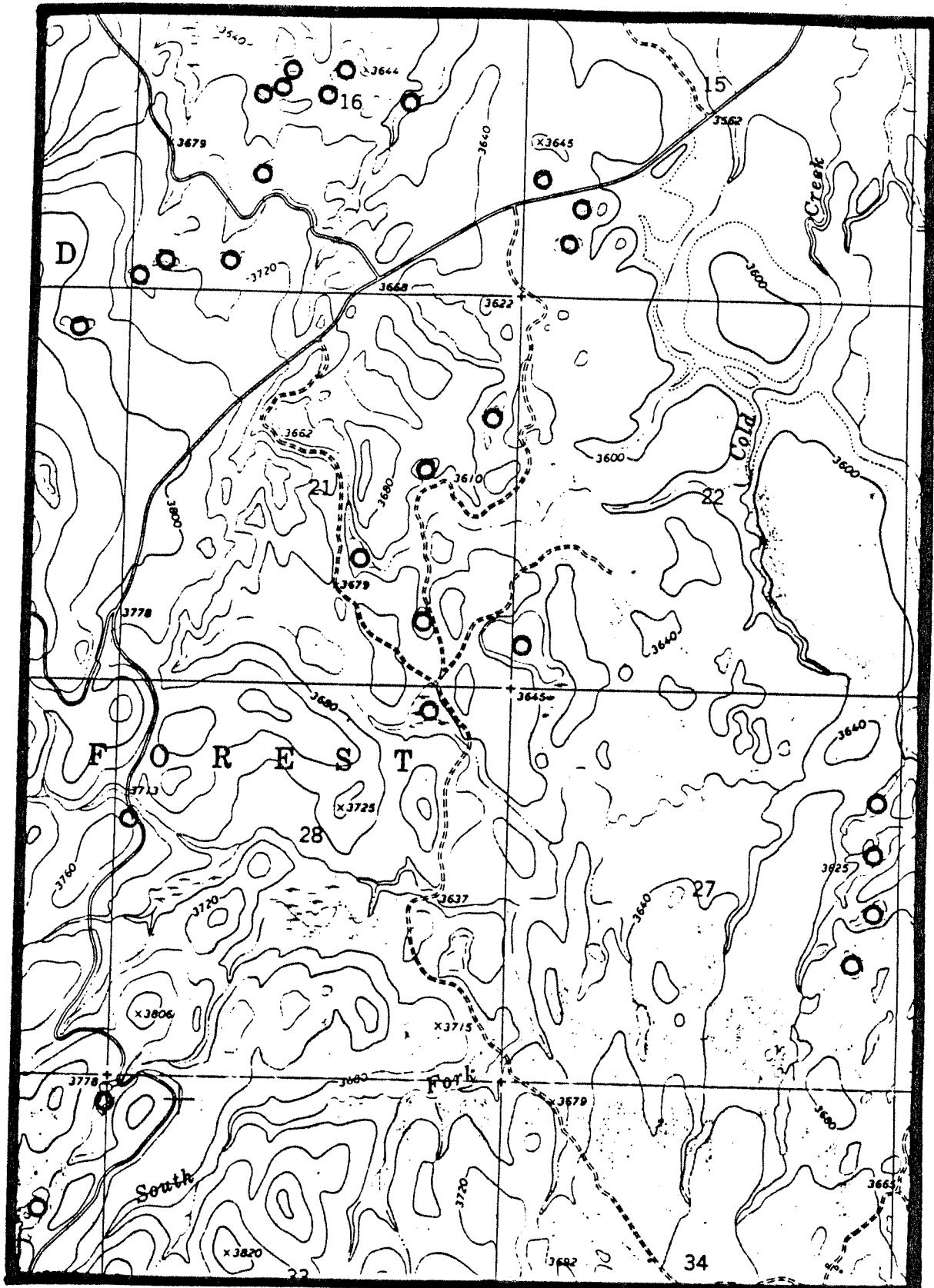
USGS Salmon Prairie Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched



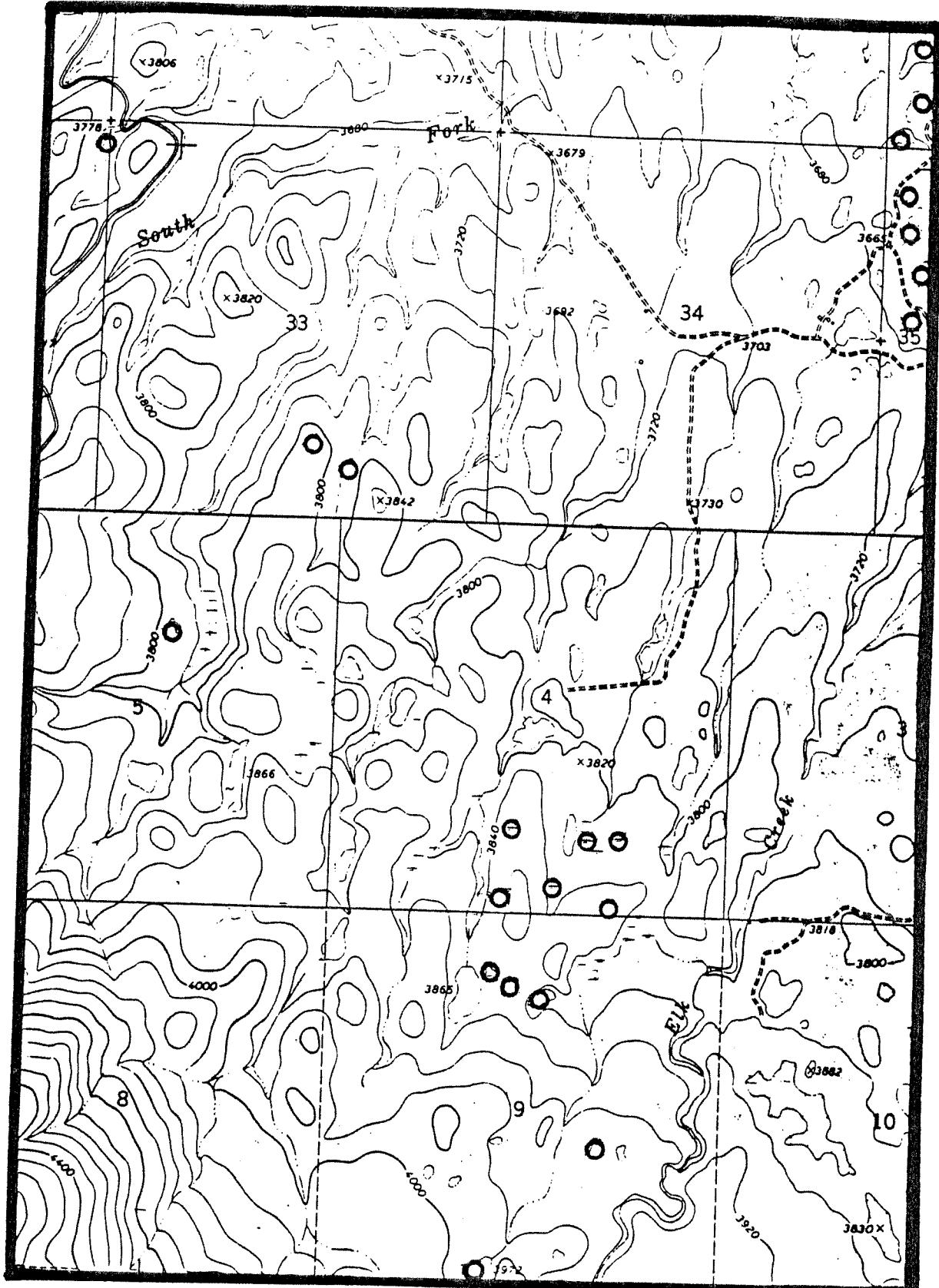
USGS Swan Peak Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

O = areas unsuccessfully  
 searched



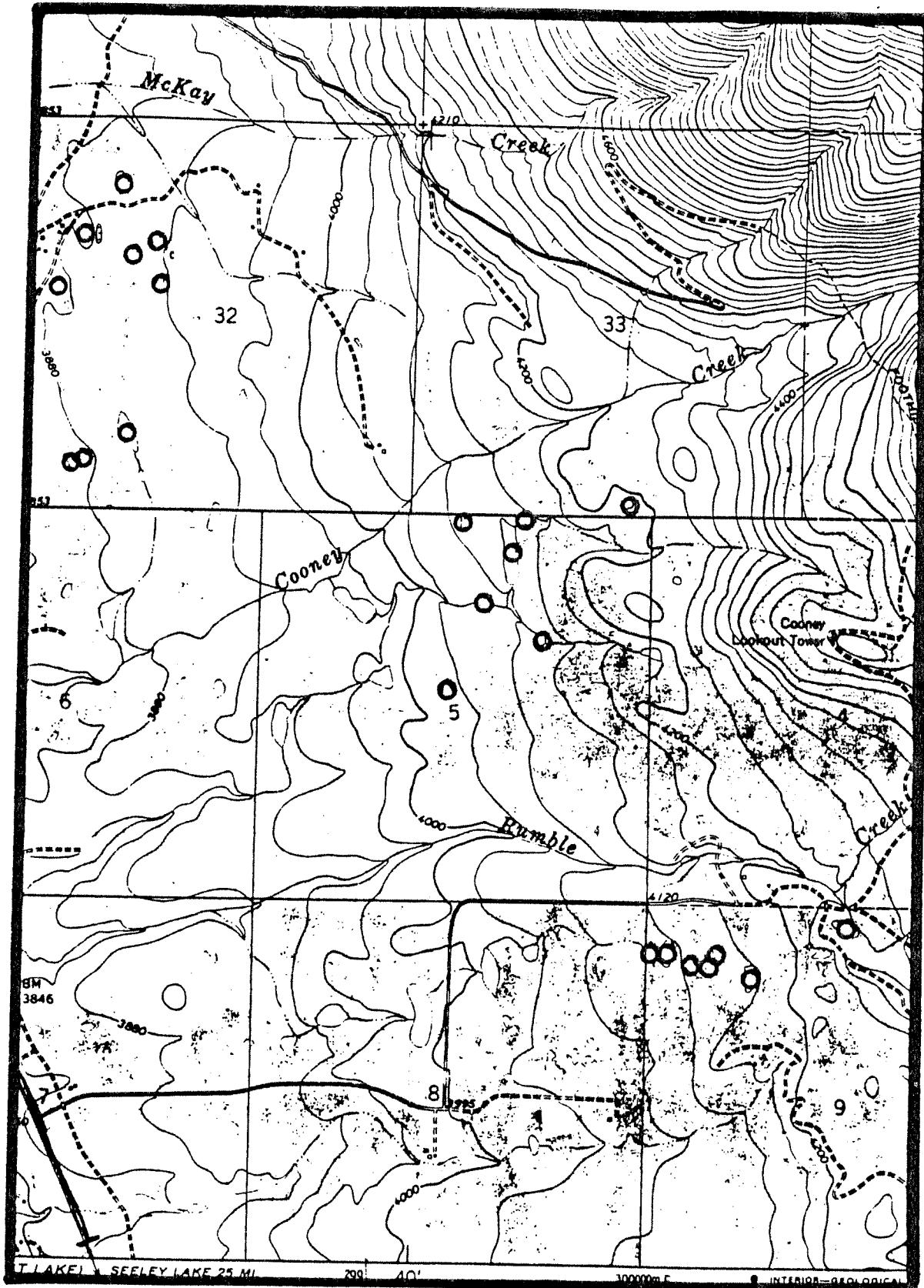
USGS Peck Lake Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

O = areas unsuccessfully searched



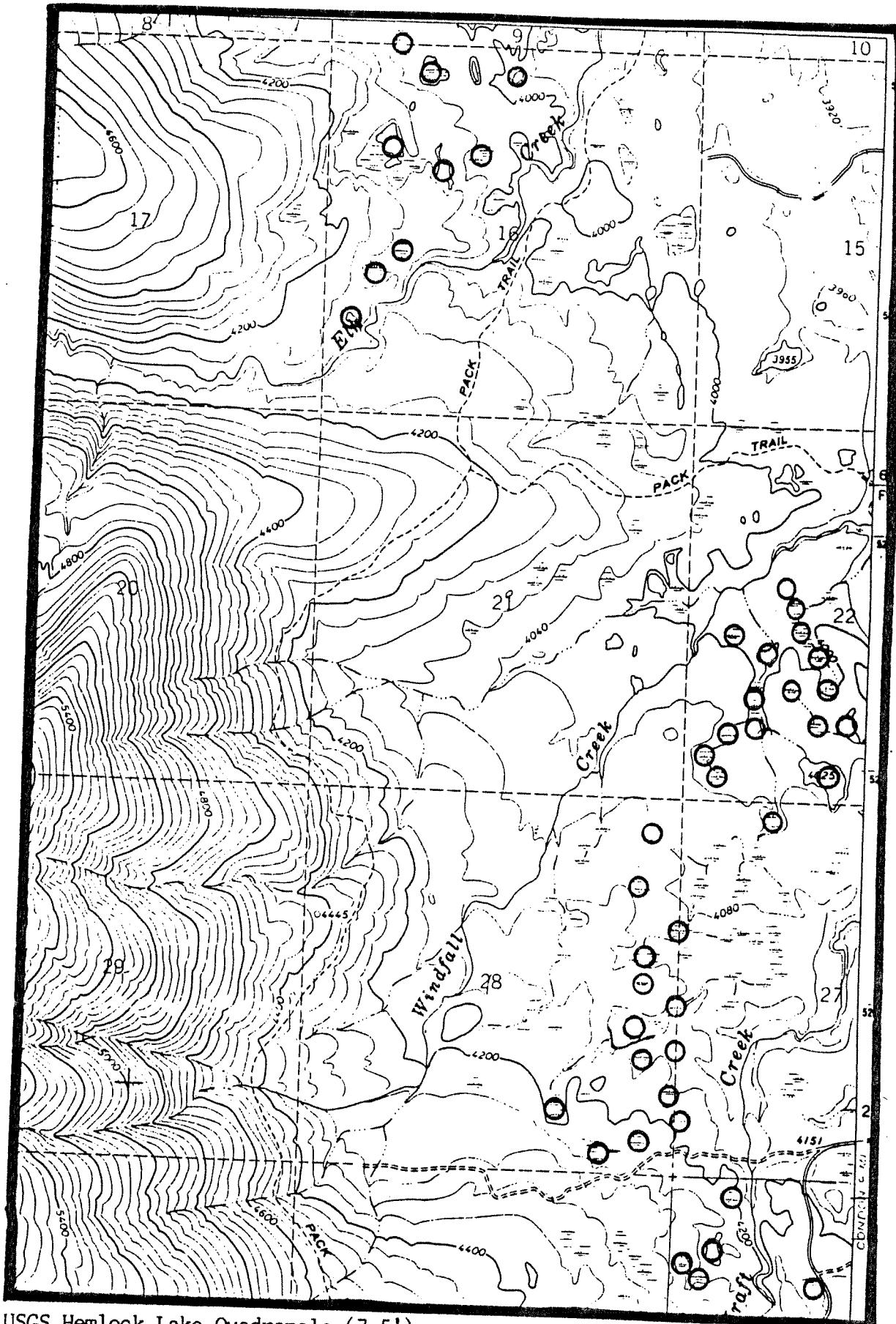
USGS Peck Lake Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched



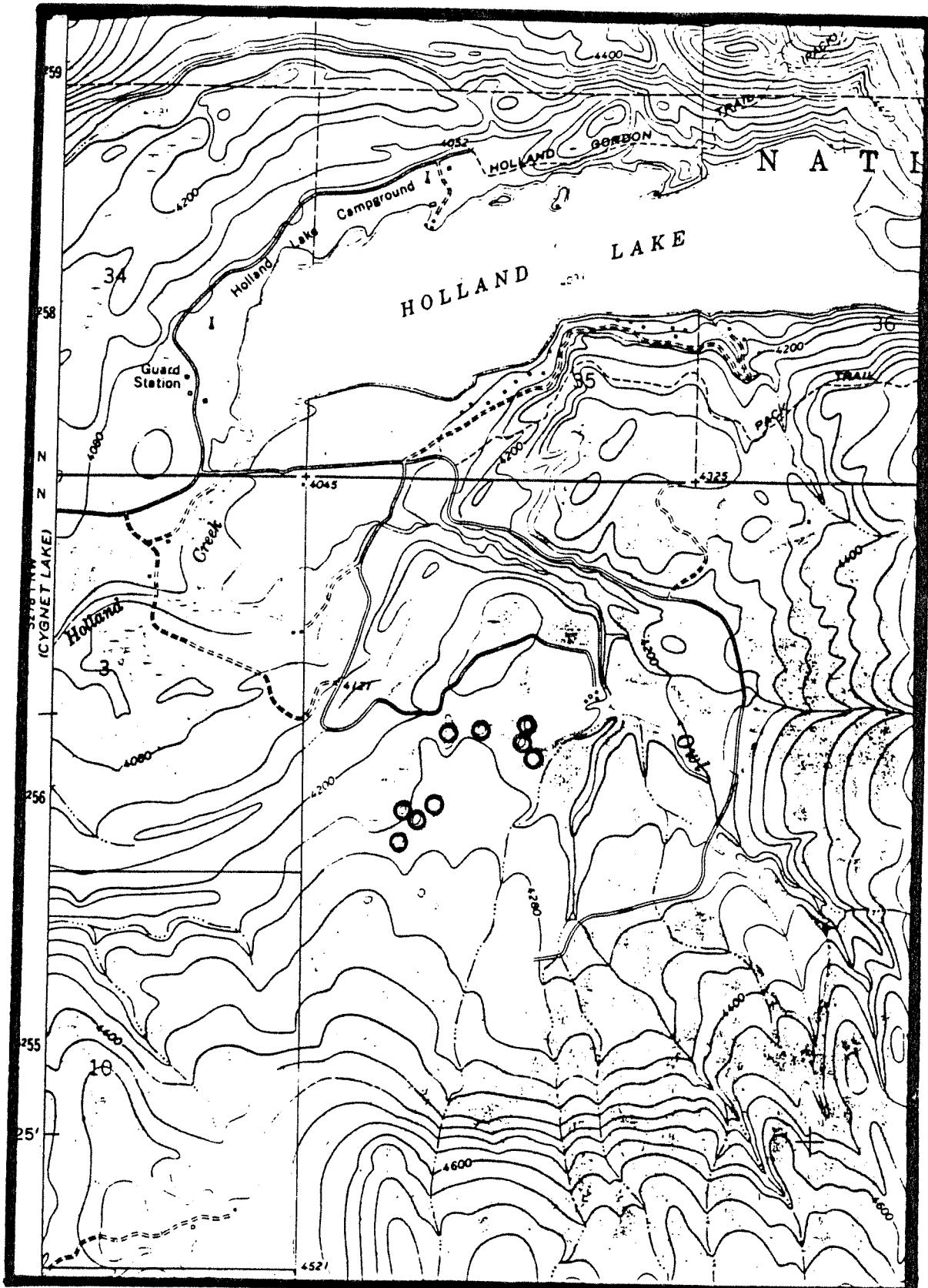
USGS Condon Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched



USGS Hemlock Lake Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

= areas unsuccessfully  
searched



USGS Holland Lake Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched



USGS Lake Inez Quadrangle (7.5')  
Howellia aquatilis

○ = areas unsuccessfully  
searched